U.S. Patent Application for

SYSTEM FOR FACILITATING PRICING, SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF FUEL TO A CUSTOMER

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Attorney Docket No. 068.0002

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TITLE OF THE INVENTION

SYSTEM FOR FACILITATING PRICING, SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF FUEL TO A CUSTOMER

COMPUTER SOFTWARE ADDENDUM

Attached hereto is a compact disc containing computer software and data including executable programs, scripts, and database management system tables that are used to implement the systems and methods provided by the present invention. More particularly, the attached compact disc contains software and data used to implement at least two distinct applications comprising the systems and methods provided by the present invention; such two distinct applications include a broad-based, general use energy management system (referred to as the Energy Management System "EMS"), and a limited user/function restricted application (referred to as the Producer Control Center "PCC") intended for use by fuel producers needing access to centrally stored and managed fuel deal data. Such material is protected by the Copyright Laws of the United States (17 U.S.C. § 101, et seq.) and may not be copied without the express, written authorization of the copyright holder (Highland Corporation). Copyright © 2001, Highland Energy Corporation. All Rights Reserved.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to systems and methods used to facilitate pricing, sale, and distribution of fuel to a customer. More particularly, the present invention is directed to automated systems and methods that are used to price fuels such as natural gas, oil, gas, other petroleum based fuels, etc., to

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facilitate commodity sales of such fuels, to distribute such fuels to customers, and to track and report sales and distribution related data.

Description of the Related Art

Fuel sales and distribution systems and techniques are well known. Everyday millions of fuel sale contracts are completed in the U.S. and abroad. Fuels produced by a range of producers are transported over many modes of transportation (e.g., gas pipelines, etc.) to ultimately arrive at an intended destination. The steps involved in pricing fuel, selling a reserve, storing reserves, and ultimately transporting purchased fuel involve many parties including producers, agents, brokers, other middlemen and, ultimately, end customers. All of these parties have their own unique ways of doing business, reporting sale and purchase data, and collecting and paying against agreed upon contracts.

Unfortunately, many of the steps and processes carried out to facilitate fuel sales and distribution are archaic, inefficient, and, often, paper-based. Such inefficient ways of doing business cause many parties to engage large teams of personnel to manage the intricate details often involved in fuel sale and distribution. Fuel deal pricing provides a good example of the inefficiencies involved in moving large volumes of natural gas and other fuels.

Typically, pricing fuel deals in the natural gas arena involves manual processes related to gathering fuel index rates, manually computing sales prices across a multitude of fuel sales deals, laboriously factoring in transportation and other tangential costs, and managing for fuel overages and short falls often associated with transportation anomalies, etc. These processes typically involve the efforts of large teams of personnel within

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organizations who are required to constantly monitor sales deals, set pricing limits for sales people, and track and record fuel deal progress.

While many systems have been developed to facilitate sale and distribution of fuel and other products, commodities, and services in general, no systems developed to date can effectively management the volume of transactions among a wide array of parties to efficiently and effectively get fuel from one place to another. Moreover, existing systems have heretofore not been able to facilitate pricing practices that factor in past fuel deal data across a multitude of prior fuel deals to better drive profit margins in the commodities and brokerage fields.

Accordingly, there exists a serious need to provide systems and methods that enable centralized location and management of fuel deal data, provide for application of predetermined pricing techniques based on such fuel deal data, facilitate broad-based reporting based on such centrally stored fuel deal data to drive better business practices for parties to fuel deals, and increase productivity and make more efficient fuel sale and distribution practices. The present invention squarely addresses such a need and provides a new and improved systems and methods for facilitating fuel sale and distribution.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention solves the problems mentioned above with regard to prior systems and methods used to facilitate sale and distribution of fuel to a customer. By squarely addressing the limitations of prior systems and methods, the present invention provides new and improved systems and methods that permit a wide array of users to broadly access a central data store to create and manage fuel deal data. Such new

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and improved systems and methods further permit the inclusion of pricing processes into existing business processes that are based on prior fuel deal data and which take into account prior prices charged across collections of prior fuel deal contracts.

Accordingly, the present invention provides new and improved systems and methods for facilitating sale and distribution of fuel to a fuel customer. Such systems and methods include and involve a server facility configured to store fuel deal data and to process such fuel deal data to automatically generate pricing data based on the fuel deal data and in accordance with a predetermined pricing technique. The system and method also include and involve a client facility that is coupled to the server facility via an electronic data network and which is configured to permit a user to enter such fuel deal data and to cause the server facility to store and process the fuel deal data to generate the pricing data. As such, fuel may be sold and distributed to a fuel customer via a fuel distribution system based on the fuel deal data and the automatically generated pricing data.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention is described in detail below with reference to the following drawing figures, of which:

FIG. 1 is a timing diagram that depicts process flows within a business process that facilitates sale and distribution of fuel to customers in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a system diagram in which client systems can access server system(s) to facilitate sale and distribution of fuel to customers in accordance with the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3A is an entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1:

FIG. 3B is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3C is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3D is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1:

FIG. 3E is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3F is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3G is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3H is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries

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used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3I is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3J is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3K is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3L is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3M is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3N is another entity relationship diagram that depicts data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 4A is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

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FIG. 4B is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 4C is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1:

FIG. 4D is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 4E is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1:

FIG. 4F is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 4G is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1:

FIG. 4H is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1:

FIG. 4I is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least

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some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 4J is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 4K is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 4L is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1:

FIG. 4M is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 4N is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 40 is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 4P is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

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FIG. 4Q is another screen shot of a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 5A is a flow chart that illustrates the operations carried out to effect a pricing technique and, in particular, one that effectuates a weighted average sales price for fuel deals in accordance with a preferred embodiment of present invention; and

FIG. 5B is the conclusion of the flowchart started in FIG. 5A.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The present invention is now described in detail with regard to the drawing figures that were briefly described above.

The systems and methods described herein are illustrative of the exemplary system implemented by way of computer software within a networked data processing environment and which is contained within multiple files housed on the compact disc that is appended to this patent document. Accordingly, the discussion that follows refers to such an exemplary system and those skilled in the art are encouraged to review such appended software in the context of fuel deal management for a complete understanding of the present invention. As noted at the beginning of this patent document, the material contained on the attached compact disc is protected by the Copyright Laws of the United States (17 U.S.C. § 101, et seq.) and may not be copied without the express, written authorization of the copyright holder (Highland Energy Corporation). Copyright © 2001, Highland Energy Corporation. All Rights Reserved.

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Referring now to FIG. 1, depicted therein is a timing diagram corresponding to the business process carried out within an organization to facilitate sale and distribution of fuel to a customer and which may be set up to utilize the systems and methods provided by the present invention. In particular, FIG. 1, illustrates a monthly or periodic business process involving several phases of operation that are carried out by the systems and methods provided by the present invention including, but not limited to: an availability phase, a bidding phase, a nominating (e.g., gas pipeline nominations, etc.) and routing phase, a third party and sanctioned sales period, a pricing period, an invoicing period, and an accounting period. Together, these periods make up what is referred to herein as a MONTH OF FLOW PROCESS The MFP is described next to further illustrate the (MFP). business operations that are handled by the systems and methods provided by the present invention.

THE MONTH OF FLOW PROCESS (MFP)

20 Availability Period

During the availability period of the month of flow process, equity contracts for sale and distribution of fuel (those that need to roll from month to month) are established for the next month. These purchase deals define the anticipated volumes by well/meter for each producer. The status for the production month needs are set to 'Availability' at this point. Then, correspondence is transferred (via fax, email and phone conversations) to the various operators/producers in order to confirm the anticipated volumes to be produced.

The anticipated production volume for an entire well/meter is then entered into the system. An entitlement and makeup

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percentage is used to indicate how much of this volume is actually available to be marketed (represents the owner interest in the production of the well/meter). New deals are setup on the system to represent the new month's purchases. The package description is utilized to assist with easy recognition of volumes, price, etc. (used for identification purposes only). There is a process built within the system to automate the propagation of new deals to the next month (first time into a new month will automatically generate entries for the new month with zero volume amounts). The actual volume stored on the system (at this point) is zero. Only the nominated volumes contain the expected volumes for the production month. These 'nominated" volumes are equal to the estimates provided by the producers and entered into the system during this part of the month of flow. The primary area of the system utilized is the 'Availability' functions (off the system's main menu.)

Bid Week Period

During the bid week of the month of flow process, buyers are found for the volumes that were made available through the availability step described above. The status of the production month of the system needs is set to 'Sales" at this point. By setting the status to 'Sales' all of the price indices will be initially populated and 'seeded' with zero values. Each of the sales is confirmed by a dealmaker and is written up on a deal log sheet. These deal log sheets reflect the pipe/field, meter/well, company, contract, volume, and pricing instructions to support the sale. Prior to completing a deal, the dealmaker will work closely with the volume control group to ensure that appropriate volumes will be available at the well/meter of sale. The dealmakers then complete the deal log sheet entries for the sale and they are transferred to

the volume control group for deal creation and entry into the system. Most of the volumes sold during this particular phase are for the equity purchase deals created during the availability period.

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Nominating and Routing

During the nominating and routing period of the month of flow process, the volumes to support the sales are routed from the producer's well/meters to the sales wells/meters (primarily to pooling points or field tanks). This process occurs throughout the entire month. When the volumes are routed to specific pool wells/meters, allowances are automatically made by the system for fuel, gathering and transport costs. These costs will net down the actual available volumes that can be applied to the sales deals. When volumes are routed to a pool/tank then these volumes reflect as 'Transport Out volumes'. The volumes then show up as "Transported In' (net fuel) on the receiving meter/well within the system. The primary area with the System utilized during this process is the "Route Volume" menu option within the Routing module (main menu selection of 'Routing' on the System.

Third Party Deals and Sanctioned Sales

During the Third Party Deals and Sanctioned Sales of the month of flow process, the dealmakers complete the third party deals. These deals are typically setup where a specific purchase deal (non equity type) is made to support a specific sales deal. These types of deals will usually have a specific price agreement and volume associated with them. Sanctioned sales represent sales from equity volumes with specific terms (prices, volumes, etc.) to specific sales meters. A sales price for a specific volume is set in advance of the production month with these types of

deals. All third party deals are excluded from Weighted Average Sales Price (WASP) calculations as discussed below with regard to FIGS. 5A and 5B (each third party purchase volume exists within its own WASP pool ('None')). All sanction sales deals are included within the WASP calculation but EACH combination sanction sales (purchase-to-sale) will utilize a 'Dedicated' WASP pool during the calculation. In this way, sanction sale costs etc. PLUS netback percentages can be applied. All equity deals combined with the 'Common' WASP pool where costs and prices are aggregated by meter/well based on volume weightings. All deals actually go through the calculation in order determine margins. However, the calculation has been setup to ensure that third party, sanctioned sale and equity pools are calculated without interfering with each other.

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Pricing

During the pricing period of the month of flow process, all monthly index based prices are entered immediately when published. These are usually entered just before the beginning of the production month. Daily prices are keyed or otherwise entered throughout the month as they are received. When deals are setup the 'Pricing' function within the System is used to actually calculate a price for the deal ('Price' tab on deal detail screen). Each evening, for example, the 'Price All Deals' function of the System is started. This particular function will re-price all deals for the entire month (Price + WASP calculations). For months in the 'Sales' phase, the nominations are re-priced and recalculated. For months in the 'invoiced' phase, the pipe/field actuals are re-priced and recalculated. In addition, to this periodic process, an option exists within the System to price production months throughout a day, for example. Below, with reference to

FIGS. 5A and 5B, the details related to fuel deal pricing are described. The ability of the present invention to incorporate a pricing technique such as one that is predetermined and implemented as a modular component of a larger software system, represents a significant point of novelty to which the present invention is directed.

Invoicing

During the invoicing period of the month of flow process, invoices for all of the sales for the previous month are produced. This represents the final step of the month within the system. All marketing individuals directly involved with the system for the month (controllers, dealmakers, etc.) are informed that the month is closing out and that invoices are now being produced. The status for the production month is changed to 'Invoiced'. A final nomination calculation is automatically done with the status updated. Accounting is then notified that the month has been completed. Invoicing reports are then run for the month and sent to the buyers by an accounting group, for example. Additional reports may be run (Sales By Pipe/Field, Purchase By Producer, Balancing Reports, Pipeline Statement Comparison Reports, etc.) by the accounting group for historical reference and reconciliation.

Accounting

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During the accounting period of the month of flow process, an accounting group creates a revenue and journal entry feed to track receivables within an automated accounting system. This feed is created directly out of the system. Pipe/Field statements begin appearing beginning as early as the 15th of the month. These statements represent volumes (by well/meter) for the previous month. Each accounting analyst is responsible for a

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specific set of pipe/fields. The volumes from these statements are entered as actuals into the system. A copy of the Pipe/Field statements are sent to the controllers for sign off. Accounting analysts then balance all of the purchase meter routing information for their respective pipe/fields. Accounting analysts then balance all of the sales meters for their respective pipe/fields. Accounting analysts then adjust any route volumes that cross pipe/fields to ensure interconnect balances are synchronized with pipe/field statements. Reconciliation and voucher reports can be run immediately after the production month is promoted to 'Accounting' phase (meaning accounting is finished with the month). These reports can then be sent to producers and/or entered into to accounting system.

AN EXEMPLARY SYSTEM

Referring now to FIG. 2, depicted therein is a diagram of an exemplary system in which client systems can access server system(s) to facilitate sale and distribution of fuel to customers in accordance with the business process (MFP) illustrated in FIG. 1. In particular, system 100 includes both server(s) 102 and client systems 104. Additionally, a database management system and corresponding data store 106 (hereinafter data store 106) is used to store fuel deal data and programs. Servers 102 are configured to be accessed via wide area network connections such as those facilitated via the Internet using open standards based protocols. Client systems 106 are configured with software contained on the appended compact disc to access servers 102 to engage in fuel deal operations such as those described with reference to the month of flow process (MFP) discussed above with regard to FIG.

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In FIG. 2, client systems 104 may be configured as desktop computing systems, wireless computing clients, etc. to access servers 102. Such access may be made possible via applications and technology such as dbOvernet TCP/IP Socket Connection Middleware. Furthermore, servers 102 execute common SEServer applications and routines utilizing dbOvernet middleware technology.

Within the processing space of servers 102, a database server system such as Microsoft's SQLServer V.7.03 (a DBMS engine) may be instantiated. Such a database management system may control data store 106 and may be configured in accordance with the present invention to maintain all fuel deal data in accordance with the present invention.

The following discussion further defines an exemplary arrangement for a client-server system implemented in accordance with the present invention:

SERVERS

MS Windows NT 4.0 (SP6) may be chosen as a Network Operating System.

The DBMS may be Microsoft's SQL-Server (V7.0x) – Service Pack 3. All data generated and processed within the context of the present invention is stored in MS SQL-Server database tables. Such data is accessed via direct SQL statements (embedded in Windows applications, stored procedures, forms, and reports). There are several database views that have been setup to access aggregated information (for performance and consistency). In addition, all of the critical calculations and time consuming procedures such as pricing calculations, routing and rollover processes, etc. are written as Transact-SQL stored procedures and are contained on the

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attached compact disc and are discussed in further detail below in the embedded description-tables found herein.

The SEServer may be a Middleware Server Application. The system database is accessed via middleware software that uses TCP/IP (SEServer/dbOvernet). All databases queried through the system come through this middleware component.

SECrystal (Crystal Reporting Engine Server Application) may be used for server side reporting functions, etc. All reports for the system utilizes a remote Crystal Reporting engine (SECrystal) server. These reports are run and saved on the server for electronic distribution. Crystal Report (V8.0) from Seagate Software is used for this function.

The SEFax (Fax Server Application) may be used for Fax distribution. This server application is responsible for sending out reports via a fax device. This software monitors a specific directory and when a fax file 'shows up' in the directory it will be faxed.

The MAPI Mail Client Software provides Email (like Microsoft Outlook or Outlook Express). The MAPI compliant email service needs to be running on the same machine as the report engine server (SECrystal). This provides the ability to email reports (Correspondence) automatically. Options should be set on this client to automatically check (send/receive) at periodic intervals.

The Adobe Acrobat Reader (Free PDF Viewer) is used to view reports, etc. The server machine that runs the SECrystal reporting server application needs to also have the PDF viewer installed. This is used in order to 'spool' to paper the print jobs.

WEB ACCESS – NETWORK CONNECTIVITY

All functions within the System are available over the Internet (with appropriate security). An individual wishing to log in to the system over the Internet will need to have appropriate application security to log in, the current application executable program (as contained on the attached compact disc) and an ISP account. System administrators will need to furnish access site addresses (e.g., IP addresses, domain names, etc.) to users to address the systems provided by the present invention.

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CLIENT SYSTEMS

Client systems may utilize a Client Operating System such as MS-Windows 95/98/Me; MS-Windows NT 4.0/2000. TCP/IP network protocol is required. Access to the server TCP/IP address (either LOCAL address or REMOTE address is required.)

The system typically includes a single .EXE file(s) (plus approximately 8 disk compression and graphics DLL's). The system application require only a single executable with a few DLL's to reside on the client machine. No other client configuration software is required. Upgrades to the client software are automatically done when a user first connects (logs in) through the Internet (on application startup). A version number check will be made if necessary and a new installation program and script are automatically downloaded.

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The Adobe Acrobat Reader (FREE PDF view) is used as a reporting system for files saved in the PDF 1.2 format. The default output for all reports on the system is the standard PDF format. This provides for email/electronic storage. In order to view reports this software (or other third party viewer with a file association to .pdf files) needs to exist on the client machine.

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The MAPI Mail Client Software is used for electronic mail communications. A MAPI compliant email service needs to be running on the client machine to be able to highlight a report and email it using the client email address list. This software is not required to run the but is required to take advantage of the system's ability to attach reports automatically within an email client.

All client applications are written using DELPHI (V5+) including Delphi 3rd party tools and procedures. Such applications and stored procedures and identified 3rd party tools are further described in the description-tables found below.

DATABASES, AND CORRESPONDING ENTITY RELATIONSHIPS

The various database tables that make up the system have been divided into nine (9) database subject areas. A subject area within this context is simply a logical aggregation of tables that support a particular business or system function. All of the database tables physically reside in the same database, but are not required to so reside. Only the documentation (as described below) has been constructed to illustrate these subject areas. It is also important to note that there are linkages (not documented here) between the various subject areas.

These database subject areas and a description include:

Companies: All company related tables (including company name, contact name, addresses functions, etc.).

Contracts: All contract related tables (including contract provisions, notes, default standard reporting, etc.).

Deals: All deal related tables (includes other costs, deal classes, correspondence, etc.).

Volume Inventory: All volume inventory tables (includes production interests, daily monthly, calculated values, etc.).

Operational: All tables that were created to support the system (software application). These tables include fax queue tables, printer definition tables, system logs, system messages, reporting tables, etc.

Pipes/Fields: All pipe/field and meter/well related tables.

Pricing: All tables within the system that are related to pricing (indices, price descriptions, baskets, etc.).

Routing: All tables within the system that define routes (leg definitions, daily leg rates, monthly leg rates, nom and actual volume routing instructions, etc.).

Security: All security related tables within the system (includes user, logins, passwords, business functions, etc.).

The above-described nine (9) logical database subject areas are next broken down into the actual tables that reside on the attached compact disc. For purposes of brevity, such database subject areas are broken down in the following tables:

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Below is an inventory of the various database tables that are utilized by the Energy Management System. This particular inventory indicates the current number of rows (through January 2001), the database (MS SQL Server) and the database subject areas (logical grouping of tables).

Ref#	Table Name	Rows	Database	Subject Area	Description/Comments
				Alva	
	Companies Subject Area				
1.0	Address	1,384	SQL Server	Companies	Contains record entries for each address for all companies and contacts within companies (multiple address types per company and/or contact).
2.0	Company	1,242	SQL Server	Companies	Contains a record entry for each company in the database. Information on this table includes company name, fax, phone and primary address reference identifier.
3.0	Contact_Group	908	SQL Server	Companies	Contains a record entry for each contact group relationship. This is the mechanism for grouping company contact individuals
4.0	Contact_GroupNames	8	SQL Server	Companies	Contains a record entry for each contact group name.
5.0	ContactFunction	997	SQL Server	Companies	Contains a record entry showing the contact to function relationships for a given company.
6.0	Contacts	3,347	SQL Server	Companies	Contains a record entry for each individual contact in the database. Includes full name, phone, fax, email, title, etc.
1	Contracts			1	
1	Subject Area				
10.0	K	1,414	SQL Server		
an hear har ar				Contracts	This table contains a record entry for each contract within the system. Bank information (ABA), Evergreen indicators, termination date, fixed pricing, etc. type data attributes are stored on these records. Each contract on the system has an associated parent 'company' (on the Company table).
	KNetBack	334	SQL Server	Contracts	This table contains the netback pricing tiers associated with a given contract. The parent table for this entity is the contract table (K). The netback pricing tiers are volume and date influenced.
12.0	-Knotes	589	SQL Server	Contracts	This table contains an optional record entry for each contract on the system. If there are no notes associated with a contract then the records are not inserted on the database. This provides the users with a free form area for keeping notes about a contract.
13.0	Kproducts .	1,049	SQL Server		This table contains a reference to the products that are available (oil, gas, liquids, etc.) for a given contract. A product has to be associated to a contract before a deal can be setup using that contract for that product.
14.0	KreportDefaults	48	SQL Server		This table contains the entire standard reporting defaults for a particular entity. These reports include invoices, remittance, vouchers, deal confirmations, etc.
15.0	KreportOverrides	-0.	SQL Server		If a particular contract has its own unique standard reports then a reference to these unique reports is stored in this table for the contract in question.

Ref#	Table Name	Rows	Database	Subject Area	Description/Comments
16.0	Kservices	1,068	SQL Server		This table contains a reference to the services that are available (marketing, end user, pass thru, etc.) for a given contract. A service has to be associated to a contract before a deal can be setup using that contract for that service.
	Deals Subject Area				
	Subject Area		l		
20.0	RdeaiClass	6	SQL Server	Deais	This table is a reference table that indicates the types of deal class options that are available. The context of each class is 0=Purchases. 1=Sales and 2=Both. The description field indicates the possible answers (but the rDealClassA table contains the actual answers that can be applied).
21.0	RdeaiClassA	23	SQL Server	Deais	This table is a reference table that indicates the possible deal classification options for each of the classifications defined in the rDealClass table.
22.0	RdeaiClassRules	448	SQL Server	Deals	This table contains record entries for every combination of deal classification answers (rDealClassA table). Each of these classification options can have its own set of calculation rules/etc associated with it.
23.0	Engine_Master	39,149	SQL Server	Deais	This table contains a record entry for each price entry effective date (header record).
24.0	Engine_MasterPrice	79,244	SQL Server	Deals	This particular table contains the individual pricing components associated to a given deal on a given effective date (parent record is on the Engine_Master table). When the user of the Energy Management System enters a price, this is the table that gets updated.
- 17 17 - 17 - 17 - 17 - 17 - 17 -	Package	65,351	SQL Server	Deais	This table contains a record for each deal that has been setup on the system. Start Date, End Date, Deal Name, Contract, Company, etc. are specified on this table.
	PackageCosts	381	SQL Server	Deais	This table contains entries for all 'other costs' associated with a given deal. Each of these 'other costs' will have unique STID's (deal or meter level) and have calculated 'Engine' records automatically generated (when a calculation runs).
	PackageCorrespondence	3,447	SQL Server	Deals	This table contains entries for all of the electronic correspondence between the parties to the deal (deal confirmations, availability reports, remittance detail, vouchers, etc.).
28.0	PriceComponents	19	SQL Server	Deals	This table contain record entries for each component that can be set aside for pricing purposes (on a deal). Examples include 'DAILY INDEX', 'MONTHLY INDEX', 'GATHERING', etc. These tags will be associated to each component of the price to allow for future queries and reporting. In addition, these tags will provide an audit trail of all pricing related information.
29.0	PriceDesc	33,877	SQL Server	Deals	This table contains a record for each deal description (or comments) within the system. These price description records (only 1 per deal) provide the users with a place to put free form text to help describe the price of the deal.
	Volume inventory				
	Subject Area	Т	i	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			<u> </u>		

Ref#	Table Name	Rows	Database	Subject Area:	Description/Comments
30.0	Engine	280,970	SQL Server	Volume Inventory	This table contains record entries for each calculated transaction that the system attaches to volume inventory items. Each transaction has a unique STID (transaction id) that are defined in the Engine_TransactionList table. Indicators on this table determine the disposition of the transaction.
31.0	Engine_TransactionList	36	SQL Server	Volume Inventory	This table contains record entries that define all of the transactions that can be calculated and stored in the Engine table. The STID field is the unique transaction identifier.
32.0	Gasinv	159,501	SQL Server	Volume Inventory	This is the primary table were all volumes (nominated and actual) are maintained. This table contains the header record entries that shows by month, company, transaction, pipe/field & meter/well the nominated volume and the estimated actual volumes. References to price types, contracts, etc. are stored on each record.
33.0	GasinvD	4,145,617	SQL Server	Volume Inventory	This table contains the detail (DAILY) nominated and estimated actual volumes for the Gasinv table.
34.0	Prodinterest	7,999	SQL Server	Volume Inventory	This table contains a record that lists the production interests that are held for a given meter/weil and contract (with date effectiveness).
35.0	ProdPkg : 	4,080	SQL Server	Volume Inventory	This table contains a record that indicates (by month) the contract and the deal ID of a deal that was generated automatically within the 'Availability' (equity purchase deal creation) area of the system.
36.0		39,296	SQL Server	Volume Inventory	This table contains records that indicate (by month and meter/well) the gross mmbtu's and the Btu factors.
37.0	ProdVol	44,187	SQL Server	Volume inventory	This table contains record entries (by month and meter/well) which show the receipt and delivery mmbtu's per day.
<u> </u>	-Operational		<u> </u>	1	
	Subject Area		•		A second of the
40	ApplicationMessages	55,882	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains a 'rolling' 7 day listing of all application messages (such as those that are displayed to the console during a calculation).
41.0	ExceptionCategories	8	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains record entries to hold all of the exception 'reasons' that will be used whenever an exception even occurs. There can be multiple types of exception categories.
42.0	ExceptionList	2,171	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains entries for the actual exception events that get logged by the system. These represent an audit trail of non-normal or error type information. This table is linked to the ExceptionCategories table because each exception event (in this table) requires a reason category.
43.0	LogTable .	4.	SQL Server	Operational	This table is used for debugging purposes only and is not used in any screens or reports.
44.0	PrinterDef	6	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains a record for each available printer (including driver and port).

Ref#	Table Name	Rows	Dotaba	Chalet	- Description/Commonity
	: anie value .		Database	Subject Area	Description/Comments:
45.0	RgasMonth	1,440	SQL Server	Operational	This is a reference table that contains a record for each month from 1/1980 thru 12/2099. In addition, this table also contains the status and status update sequence number for the particular month. This status is used in order to enable/disable certain functions within the Energy Management System throughout the month.
46.0	RGasMonthStatus	1,873	SQL Server	Operational	This represents a historical audit table that will be updated every time the monthly status for a given production month is modified (via triggers on the RgasMonth table). This provides a mechanism of identifying who & when the changes were for the status, over time.
47.0	SEMessages	1,251	SQL Server	Operational	All system messages are stored in this table.
48.0	SEAudit		SQL Server	Operational	This table contains record entries for those events that are deemed 'auditable'. Some examples include 'Login' events, Actualization balancing events, standard report submission events, etc.
49.0	SEimages	2	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains record entries that contain graphic images for the screen and reports used throughout the system.
50.0	SELocations .	3	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains record entries that define the server paths (network folder locations) where certain key correspondence items are found. For example (report location, deal correspondence, etc).
suuth timit. Hudk	JSEProcessingCodeTypes J J	15	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains the 'Type' codes to the reference table 'SEProcessingCodes'. An example is the type code of 'CONTRCTPRD' which describes a reference code for contract products.
W	SEProcessingCodes	143	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains reference codes for various fields used throughout the Energy Management System.
mile tings ka	SERptsExecutedStats	19,117	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains record entries that lists the start and end date and times for all reports that were submitted. This provides statistics on how long to execute/etc.
54.0	SERptsGroupiterns	218	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains entries of each specific report that exists within a reporting tab (group) within a specific reporting folder (category).
55.0	SERptsGroups	36	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains a list of all available reporting tabs (groups) within each reporting folder (category).
56.0	SERptsItemDetail	123	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains the list of all available reports within the system.
57.0	SERptsitemParms	657	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains record entries for each report parameter for each report defined to the system. Options exist for substituting a different label name than actual parameter field name.
58.0	SERptsQueue	5,667	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains record entries for all
		• • • •			'submitted' reports (report queue). When reports are automatically removed from the system the record is removed from this queue.
59.0	SERptsQueueDistribute	7,855	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains entries that dictate how to distribute the output of reports from the queue (fax, email, printer, etc.).
60.0	SERptsQueueNotify	276	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains entries that indicate who (and if) individuals or groups have been notified that the report has finished.
61.0	SERptsSchedule	0	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains records that define specific schedules for the running of scheduled reports.

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Ref#	Table Name.	Rows	Database	Subject	Description/Comments.
62.0	SERptsScheduledReports	0	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains record entries that define which reports to run as part of specific schedules.
63.0	SERptsScheduledGroups	0	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains 'groups' for scheduling. This provides the ability to assign multiple individuals to a specific group and have the group belong to the schedule.
64.0	SERptsScheduledUserGroup s	0	SQL Server	Operational	This is the actual table that contains the members within a schedule group. Each entry in this table defines the group.
65.0	SERptsTablesUsed	896	SQL Server	Operational	This table contains documentation on what tables, views or stored procedures are used within each report.
	Pipes & Fields				
	Subject Area	1			
80.0	Meter	4,335	601.0		
	weter	4,335	SQL Server	Pipes and Fields	This table contains a record entry for each well/meter that has been setup on the system. The pipe/field, name, county and state are stored here.
81.0	MeterNotes	935	SQL Server	Pipes and Fields	This table contains a record for notes pertaining to meters/wells.
82.0	PipeField	372	SQL Server	Pipes and Fields	This table contains a record entry for each pip/field defined on the system. The company and the pipe/field description are stored here.
83.0	MeterRates	3,980	SQL Server	Pipes and Fields	This table contains the entire pressure base. Blu factors by effective date for specific meters/wells.
84.0 H and 44.1	MeterAllocations	551	SQL Server	Pipes and Fields	This table contains entries for the allocation information on the meter/well. This includes accounting cross-reference codes (id and deck).
	Pricing Subject Area	,		1	The grant will be a second of
teols, truin	GCIndex	142,268	SQL Server	Pricing	This table contains record entries by Day for daily index prices AND/OR a single entry for monthly index prices (1st day of month for monthly indices).
. Incl wiles	IndexRef	228	SQL Server	Pricing	This represents the master table of all defined price indices within the Energy Management System. One record entry per index exists within this table.
92.0	IndexBaskets	14	SQL Server	Pricing	This table contains a record entry for each index basket established on the system. These index baskets can be associated to sales or purchase deals just as normal indexes are associated to them. Simple averages are calculated with all index items within an index basket.
93.0	IndexBasketLink	36	SQL Server	Pricing	This table contains the actual indices that are currently associated with an index basket. An unlimited number of indices can exist in a basket. A simple average of all the prices within the basket is used.
		• • •			
	Routing Subject Area			•	Section 1
101.0	LegRef	4,226	COL C		
	Legi/CI	4,220	SQL Server	Routing	This table contains record for each unique transportation leg (meter-to-meter) on the Energy Management System.

Ref#	Table Name	Rows	Database	Subject -	Description/Comments
102.0	Leg	57,830	SQL Server	Routing	This table contains a record for each active leg within a given month. Nomination and actual rates that the leg-utilizes during the month are posted on each record. These rates are used with the actual routing instructions (LegDetail table).
103.0	LegD	0	SQL Server	Routing	This table contains OPTIONAL entries for any daily leg rates that need to be utilized within a given month. Daily rates are checked PRIOR to the monthly rates (on the Leg table) when setting up the actual routing instructions (LegDetail table).
104.0	LegDetail	1,716,695	SQL Server	Routing	This table contains the detail routing instructions for all volumes purchased all the way through the sales points for that particular volume. Nomination AND actual routing instructions are stored for each meter/well that had volume activity during the month. All volumes sold can be tracked back to originating purchase points.
105.0	WASPResovedRouting	34,304	SQL Server	Routing	This table contains record entries that show the pool level calculated totals for all receipt and delivery points within the system. 'Common', 'Dedicated' and 'None' pools are aggregated and the total numbers stored here. Only 'Common' pool volumes and dollars represent the totals from more than one purchase point (shows weighted average pricing based on volumes purchased and/or transported).
1111	·				Control Carlo Carl
20 m	Security Subject Area			•	
110.0	GCUser	27	SQL Server	Security	This table contains a single record entry per unique user (employee) on the system. The character based (up to 12 character) login ID AND an internal user id (integer) are unique keys to this table.
111.0	GCButton	58	SQL Server	Security	This table contains records that represent the system functions that have specific security rules associated with them on the system. For example a system function of 'DEALS' has been setup in order to define security relationships between users (GCUser table) and this function.
112.0	GCSecurity	1,548	SQL Server	Security	This table stores the relationships between users on the system (GCUser table) and the system function that they have access too (GCButton table). A specific access privilege is stored for each of these relationships (like READ ONLY, READ/UPDATE, READ/UPDATE/DELETE or SUPER).

Referring now to FIGS. 3A-3N, depicted therein are entity relationship diagrams that illustrate data relationships among tables and corresponding table entries used to implement the systems and methods that carry out the business process illustrated in FIG. 1. The database tables used logically categorized above into the above-identified nine (9) subject areas are maintained within data store 106 (FIG. 1), and are included among the files present on the attached compact disc, and are further defined in detail in FIGS. 3A-3N. Those skilled in the art will readily understand the data relationships among relational database tables as shown in FIGS. 3A-3N. Accordingly, for purposes of brevity, further comments about FIGS. 3A-3N have been omitted.

In addition to the tables described and specified in the tables listed above, the following table illustrates an inventory of the various database views that utilized by the systems and methods provided by the present invention.

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VIEW DESCRIPTIONS

Below is an inventory of the various database views that are utilized by the Energy Management System:

Ref#	View Name	Description/Comments 4000000
1.0	V_SearchDB	Provides a view to search the database stored procedures and triggers for specific text items.
	2	Used for assessing the impact of system changes.
2.0	VAccountingRevenueFeed	Database view (3 select UNION) used for creating OGSYS journal and revenue receivable data.
3.0 √	VCompany	Display of company information (name, address, etc.)
4.0	Vcontact_Accounting	Display the accounting contact for a given company.
5.0	Vcontact_Admin	Display the administrative contact for a given company.
6.0	Vcontact_Control	Display the control contact for a given company.

Ref#	View Name	Description/Comments:	
7.0	Vcontact_Production	Display the production contact for a given company. This is the contact used for Availability estimates/etc.	
8.0	Vcontact_voiconfirm	Display the contact responsible for confirming volumes within a given company. This is the contact used for volume confirmations in the 'Availability' phase.	
9.0	VcontactFunction	Display a list of all contacts for a given company along with their respective functions (accounting, volume confirmations, etc.)	
10.0		Display name and addresses for contacts.	
11.0	VETID_Dates	Display the engine start, effective and end dates for a given engine transaction id (based on package). This view is used VERY LITTLE because of performance issues.	
16.0	VgasinvD_NomChg	Display list of daily volumes where the nomination volumes are different between two successive days.	
	VKTermination	Displays specific contract termination information.	
	VlegDetail_MeterTotals	Display routing information summarized by meter.	
19.0	on	Display routing information in a format that is used for the pipe/field companson report. Used for reconciling fuel, gathering, transport, pvr, etc to pipe/field statements.	
20.0	als	Display routing information that shows total routing costs/etc for given purchase points (hop 0's).	
21.0	VlegDetail_Summary	Displays routing information (summarized) for reporting purposes (purchase meters/wells only).	
22.0		Displays routing information (summarized) for reporting purposes (sales meters/wells only).	
23.0	VMeterAllocations	This view is used to list the current meter/well allocations (based on effective date) for each given meter/well. These allocations are the accounting deck and purchaser id information, which can be different from month to month.	
24.0		This view is used to list the current meter/well rates (standard pressure base, pipe/field pressure base, Btu factor, etc.) for each given meter/well. These rates can be different from month to month.	
25.0	VOurContact_Accting	Display the current HEC contact for accounting information.	
26.0	VOurContact_Prod	Display the current HEC contact for production information.	
27.0	VPackage_info	Display detail list of information concerning a package (includes contacts, names, phones, etc.).	
28.0	VPrevGasMonthStuff	Displays current month volume totals versus previous month volume totals.	
29.0	VprodConfirmLetters	Display contact information for use with correspondence on production volumes. Specifically used in the confirmation process in the 'Availability' production month phase.	
30.0	Vprodinterest	Display a list of contracts and meters to confirm the production interests. This is used primarily in the 'Availability' production month phase.	
31.0	VRequestProduction	Display list of production interest volume and meter information. This is used primarily in the 'Availability' production month phase and is used when sending out estimate reports to producers.	

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Once all software and data as described above has been properly installed on one or more server systems 102 and within one or more coupled (networked) client systems 104 as illustrated in FIG. 1, use and operation of the systems and methods provided by the present invention may be commenced. Such operations may be in relation to the general use application (Energy Management System - EMS) or the limited use/user/function application (Producer Control Console - PCC) provided on the attached compact disc. In either case, the present invention facilitates a client-server application environment that includes, among other things, a user interface that is pleasing to users and which permits easy and ready access to system functions and operations. Such a user interface may be a graphical user interface or GUI that is configured to permit a user to engage in window-operations to bring about database operations that affect fuel deal data and the like in accordance with the present invention. Such a GUI is illustrated by way of screen shots (images of computer monitor screens) that are used to permit generation of, manipulation of, reporting of, and all other system operations relating to fuel deals and corresponding fuel deal data.

For example, reference is now made to FIGS. 4A-4Q which illustrate a data processing application running within a client system to facilitate at least some of the operations carried out to effect the business process illustrated in FIG. 1. FIG. 1, for example, represents an opening main menu screen through which a user may select "PERSONAL" operations related to setting up a personal profile to affect user-preferred presentation of data (e.g., name, screen colors, etc.). Additionally, a user may select "PRICE-INDEX" to affect fuel pricing and index related data. A user may select "COMPANY" to control lists of producers, and

other related company entities. A user may select other options corresponding to the steps involved and described with regard to the MONTH OF FLOW PROCESS illustrated and described with reference to FIG. 1.

The other screen shots shown in FIGS. 4B-4Q further illustrate specific features of the GUI that has been designed to facilitate the implementation of the systems and methods provided by the present invention. For the purpose brevity, further detailed comments related to such screen shots has been omitted.

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SYSTEM IMPLEMENTATION AND FUNCTIONALITY

As noted above, the present invention utilizes stored procedures in the form of database management system procedures and functions which are executed server-side and client-side to facilitate the present invention's systems and methods. Listed in the following tables, is a detailed break-down of all the stored procedures, tools, and modules used to facilitate such systems and methods. The actual source code and instructions contained with in such procedures, functions, and modules is contained on the attached compact disc.

STORED PROCEDURES

Below is an inventory of the various database-stored procedures (procedures and functions) that are utilized by the systems and methods provided by the present invention. Each of the stored procedures and functions are written in the Transact-SQL dialect. All of the stored procedures are prefixed with "usp_" which stands for "User Stored Procedure." This provides an ability to differentiate those procedures bundled with the DBMS versus those created for the systems and methods provided by the present invention:

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STORED PROCEDURES

Below is an inventory of the various database-stored procedures (procedures and functions) that are utilized by the Energy Management System. Each of these stored procedures and functions are written in the Transact-SQL dialect. All of the stored procedures are prefixed with "usp_" which stands for "User Stored Procedure". This provides an ability to differentiate those bundled with the DBMS versus those specifically created for the EMS application.

Ref#	Stored Procedure Name	Description/Comments Processing
1.0	Usp_DailyCleanup	This procedure is run everyday and is responsible for any cleanup activities (like rolling aged messages off the ApplicationMessages table).
2.0	Usp_fGetCalcindex	Retneves the weighted average price for a given volume item. This routine is invoked during the WASP calculation in order to obtain the price for the meter/well and post it to the Engine database table.
3.0	Usp_fGetIndex	Retrieves the daily or monthly price index for a given day. Used during the pricing calculation routine.
4.0	Usp_fGetIndexBasket	Retrieves and calculates the index amounts for the price lines whenever an index basket price variable has been entered. This particular function will return the average price (simple average) of all indices within the basket for a given month/day.
5.0	Usp_fGetNetbackPercentage	This function will return the actual netback percentage to be used for a given production month and contract. When it calculates the netback it looks at volumes and tier instructions that have been setup on the contract. The number it returns is the netback percentage to utilize. In addition, this routine brings back the specific percentage to use for the product being calculated (gas, liquids, oil, etc.).
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Ref#	Stored Procedure Name	Description/Comments
6.0	Usp_fGetProdinterestID	This routine brings back the production interest information for a particular
		ownership interest.
7.0	Usp_fGetProdPkg	This procedure brings back the 'deal id' (if one already exists) when posting
		volumes through the 'Availability' screens. If a deal does not already exist (in the
8.0	Hon (CottA(ACDInductor	current production month) then a new deal is created and that ID is sent back.
0.0	Usp_fGetWASPIndicator	This function accepts a deal id (package ID) as it's input. It then reads the
		DealClass table and the rDealClass table(s) to determine if this particular deal should be considered WASPable based on its classification scheme. The return
		values are either 'None', 'Common' or 'Dedicated'.
9.0	Usp_fGetWaspType	This procedure will send back the WASP type field (GAS, OIL or LIQUIDS) when
3.0	Cop_locatedop1ypc	passed a specific product ID. This procedure is used during the calculation in
		order to determine which set of netback rules off a contract to use.
10.0	Usp_flsLastDay	This procedure accepts a date and sends back the last date in a production
	, _	month.
11.0	Usp_fLastDay	This procedure accepts a date and sends back the last date in a production
		month.
12.0	Usp_fPipeContactInfo	This procedure, when passed a pipe/field id, will send back the specific contact
		information requested (like accounting contact, volume contact, etc.).
13.0	Usp_GasDayToGasMonth	This function will return the production month to use for a given production day.
14.0	Usp_GetProductVolumeRound	This routine will return the rounding precision necessary when calculating
	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	volume information for specify products (Oil calculates to 2 decimal places, Gas
15.5	11	to zero, etc.).
15.0	Usp_LinePrice	This is the actual procedure that will calculate the Engine records for a given
16.0	lles	deal (volume related STID 8 or 9 type records).
10.0	Usp_message	This routine handles all of the 'progress' messages that are issued during the
		calculation, rollover, actualization, and etc. type events on the system. This
		routine will optionally post this information to the ApplicationMessages table for historical reference (audit).
17.0	Usp_pActualize_BaiPurchases	This is the main driver routine for Step 2 of 4 of the actualization process.
	Usp_pActualize_BalPurchasesCheck	This routine will check to see if all of the meters/wells on a given pipe/field have
		been actualized. If not, then it sends back a bad return code. All meters/wells
	Accounts	are required to be 'checked' (actualized) prior to balancing of purchase routing
	Actions to the second s	points
19.0	Usp_oActualize_BalPurchasesClear	This routine is the actual routine that will adjust all purchase meter imbalances.
-	and the state of t	These imbalances are adjusted forward THROUGH the sales point based on
00.0		nomination routing instructions (used as a map).
	Usp_pActualize_BalSales	This is the main driver routine for Step 3 of 4 of the actualization process.
21.0	Usp_oActualize_BalSalesCheck	This routine will check to see if all of the purchase meters/wells routing balances
		(from step 2 of 4) are balanced. If any meter/well on the pipe/field is out of
	Total	balance then this routine sends back a bad return code. All meters/wells on the
22 D	Usp oActualize BalSalesClear	pipe/field are required to be 'balanced' prior to balancing of the sales points. This procedure is the final procedure invoked by the usp_pActualize_BalSales
		main driver procedure. It is responsible for posting imbalance amounts to the
	and the second s	internal clearing purchase or sales deals.
23.0	Usp_pActualize_BalSalesOver	This procedure attempts to reconcile any outstanding balances that result in
		OVER supplying of volume to a particular sale. Nomination information is used
		by this routine as a 'road map' on how to allocate this volume.
24.0	Usp_pActualize_BalSalesUnder	This procedure attempts to reconcile any outstanding balances that result in
		UNDER supplying of volume to a particular sale. Nomination information is used
05.5		by this routine as a 'road map' on how to allocate this volume.
25.0	Usp_pFillIndex	This procedure will initialize the records within the 'GCIndex' table with daily
	*	entries (for daily indices) and monthly entries (for monthly indices). The monthly
26.0	Hen of Weder Chair	record entries are only on the first day of the month.
20.U	Usp_pFillIndexSingle	This procedure will populate the 'GCIndex' table with a price index entry for a
27.0	Usp oGostovi Fill	SINGLE index.
44 .U	Usp_pGasinvD_Fill	This routine initially populates the daily volumes on the GashvD table. These
28.0	Usp_pGasinvD_NomEOM	are initially populated with zeros (anytime a meter/well is added to a deal). This routine is used in the 'Availability' area of the EMS system and is used to
	OSP_DG8SIIIVD_INDINECINI	take a given volume amount and propagate that volume amount to all days in
	6	the month.
29.0	Usp_LogAuditInfo .	This routine is used to post record to the audit table within the system.
30.0	Usp_pPackageRevision	This routine is used to increment the revision number field on the deal. Certain
		types of changes to a deal will automatically increment the revision number on a
L		deal and this update is done through this routine.

Ref#:	Stored Procedure Name	Description/Comments
31.0	Usp_pPostClassificationRules	This procedure is executed (usually by triggers on the rDealClass and
	_	rDealClassA tables). It can be executed stand-alone. This procedure will
		ensure that a record is created in the rDeaiClassRules table for every
		combination of deal classification codes (dcA values on the rDealClassA table).
32.0	Usp_ProdPush	This routine is used in the 'Availability' phase of EMS and is used to initially
		populate a particular month with ownership interest information, by meter/well.
33.0	Usp_pPushMeter	This routine is used in the 'Availability' phase of EMS and is used to populate a
		single meter/well ownership interest to its respective deal (package) and volume
24.0		inventory item (Gasinv/GasinvD).
34.0	Usp_pRouteBuildLegHistory	This routine creates the 'Leg' records for a given meter/weil. When a new 'route'
		(LegRef) is defined on the system then this routine will get invoked to initially
35.0	How - Down Could and Notice All	seed the 'Leg' table with entries in order to allow routing.
33.0	Usp_pRouteBuildLegHistoryAll	This routine gets invoked when a production month is initially opened to the
		'Sales' phase. All ACTIVE meters and legs will have their respective 'Leg' table
36.0	Usp_pRouteCopyLegHistoryActuals	records populated for that production month by this routine.
00.0	Osh_produceCopyLegi listoryActuals	This routine gets invoked when the status of a production month changes from
		'Sales' to 'Invoiced'. All nomination routine instructions (in the 'LegDetail' table) are then copied by this routine. This provides the mechanism to have actuals
		different than noms while preserving the nom instructions.
37.0	Usp_pRoutePostChange	This procedure gets invoked whenever a change to a specific route is requested
		(i.e. modifications of volumes between hops).
38.0	Usp_pRoutePostDeaiInfo	This procedure gets invoked to 'seed' the 'LegDetail' table with routing
	- -	information. This is invoked when new meters/wells are added to deals.
39.0	Usp_pRoutePostDealInfoVols	This procedure gets invoked to populate the specific volumes on each of the
		'LegDetail' entries (daily) for deal inventory items.
40.0	Usp_pRoutePostDelete	This procedure gets invoked whenever a deletion is requested on the routing
		(LegDetail) information.
41.0	Usp_pRoutePostLegRates	This procedure gets invoked in order to post the rates (fuel, pvr, transport,
,		gathering, etc) to each of the 'LegDetail' records in the database. Daily rates
	Name a company of the	(LegD table) overrides monthly rates (Leg table) and this procedure ensures that
	t states	priority. If a rate gets changed for a leg this routine gets invoked to update all
42.0	lles effected	existing routes (LegDetail) records.
72.0	_Usp_pRoutePostSale	This procedure gets invoked in order to post volume (route it) to a sales item (in
43.0	Usp_pRoutePostTransport	the LegOetail table).
	Pap_produceFostriansport	This procedure gets invoked in order to post volume (route it) to a transportation point (in the LegDetail table).
44.0	Usp_pRouteRemoveLegDetails	This routine will remove any/all 'LegDetail' (routing instructions) when a
	en vinder	meter/weil for a specific deal is removed.
45.0	Usp_pSERPT_GetAdditionalReportInfo	This routine is used by all of the 'standard' reporting procedures to obtain
		specific report fields needed when running a standard report.
46.0	Usp_pSERPT_PostReportToCorrespondence	This routine will post a 'PackageCorrespondence' table record to a particular
	The state of the s	deal that is affected by the 'standard' report being run. This routine is called by
	N. Point	all standard report routines.
47.0	Usp_pSERPT_PostReportToDistribution	This routine will post a report distribution request to the SERptsQueueDistribute
		table. This is either a request to 'PRINTER', 'EMAIL' or 'FAX'.
48.0	Usp_pSERPT_PostReportToQueue	This routine is used by all of the standard report routines and will post an actual
40.0		report request (queue item) to the SERptsQueue table.
49.0 50.0	Usp_pSERPT_RunReportAvailConfirms	This routine is responsible for running the 'Availability' confirm reports.
	Usp_pSERPT_RunReportAvailEstimates	This routine is responsible for running the 'Availability' estimate reports.
51.0	Usp_pSERPT_RunReportDealConfirm	This routine is responsible for running the deal confirmation reports (from the
52.0	Hen nCEDIT DunGeneriment	deal detail screen on EMS).
53.0	Usp_pSERPT_RunReportInvoice Usp_pSERPT_RunReportRemittance	This routine is responsible for running all standard invoice reports.
54.0	Usp_pSERPT_RunReportVoucher	This routine is responsible for running all standard remittance reports.
55.0	Usp_pSERPT_SetAParameterBoolean	This routine is responsible for running all standard voucher reports.
-0.5	- AND DETAT I DEPAT AND	This routine is used by the standard reporting routines and converts Boolean
56.0	Usp_pSERPT_SetAParameterDate	parameters for posting on the report queue (SERptsQueue) table. This routine is used by the standard reporting routines and converts date and
		date/time parameters for posting on the report queue (SERptsQueue) table.
57.0	Usp_pSERPT_SetAParameterDecimal	This routine is used by the standard reporting routines and converts decimal
		(number) parameters for posting on the report queue (SERptsQueue) table.
58.0	Usp_pSERPT_SetAParameterInteger	This routine is used by the standard reporting routines and converts integer
		number parameters for posting on the report queue (SERptsQueue) table.
59.0	Usp_pSERPT_SetAParameterString	This routine is used by the standard reporting routines and converts string
	· — • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	parameters for posting on the report queue (SERptsQueue) table.

Ref#	Stored Procedure Name	Description/Comments
60.0	Usp_pSERPT_WhichReport	This routine is used by the standard reporting routines and is responsible for
		determining WHICH report to use. The default reports are in KreportDefaults table. However, any given contract can overnde the default (KreportOverndes table).
61.0	Usp_PSPrice	This is the main pricing routine for the volume inventory items (regular purchases and sales).
62.0	Usp_PSPriceAll	This is the main procedure for calculating the prices for a given month on a set of deals (volume inventory pricing, STID 8 & 9). Parameters to this stored procedure dictate the type of price to calculation (Nom or Pipe/Field Actual and Sales versus Purchase, etc.).
63.0	Usp_PSPriceAnyNewInvoicesNeeded	This routine is responsible for assigning new invoice and remittance numbers to the volume inventory table (Gasinv). If new meters/wells (volume entries) get entered during the actualization process then this routine will ensure they are assigned unique numbers.
64.0	Usp_PSPriceAssignInvoiceNo	This routine assigns invoice numbers to all sales deals when the production month is promoted to the 'Invoiced' phase.
65.0	Usp_PSPriceAuto	This procedure run everyday and checks for any production month either in the 'Sales' or the 'Invoiced' phase. If any production months are within these phases then this procedure will invoke the calculation routine (usp_psPriceAutoMonth) for them.
66.0	Usp_PSPriceAutoMonth	This is the main driver routine for the calculation of an entire month.
67.0	Usp_PSPriceComponentsCheck	This procedure will automatically insert system generated price components (like WASP or Netback Percentage) to the Engine_Master table. It is invoked by the usp_PSPricel procedure when calculating prices on a deat for a given month.
68.0	Usp_PSPriceCost	This is the routine that calculates the 'Other Cost' entries and posts calculated results in the Engine table.
69.0	CUsp_PSPriceCostAll	This is the main driver routine for looping through all of the 'Other Costs' in a given month and invoking the usp_PSPriceCost routine for each one.
	Usp_PSPriceCreateActualEntries	This procedure copies the pricing entries setup on each deal (Engine_MasterPrice) from nom to actuals.
27. Could	Usp_PSPriceMarkActualAdjustments	This procedure gets invoked by the calculation routine to mark any volume inventory item (Gasinv) whenever a difference is detected between nominations and actuals.
	_Usp_PSPricePopulateEngine	This procedure will populate the Engine table FROM the Engine_Master table. For daily index price entries this procedure will automatically propagate the daily index price to all days of the month where there is a volume (at least until a new pricing entry is found). Only volume entries are populated here (STID 8 & 9).
mer, mag, 40	Usp_PSPriceTransportAll	This routine calculates all of the transport costs for a given production month. These transport costs (and volumes) are posted in the Gasinv (pricetype=3) table and deals are posted (if needed). These deals are tagged with the specific transport contract.
74.0	Usp_PSPriceWASPCalc	Determines and resolves all wasp 'Common' and 'Dedicated' pools. Dedicated pools are sanctioned sales. This is the main driver procedure for the wasp portion of the calculation. Third party (pool = 'None') are also processed within this procedure but not for the intent of obtaining a price for them, totals used
75.0	Usp_PSPriceWASPCalcResolveDriver	primarily for profit margin reporting. This is the main driver component for driving the WASP calculation.
76.0	Usp_PSPriceWASPCalcResolveN	Traces back sales totals from all sales meters back to their originating purchase points. The table updated here is the WASPResolvedRouting table. The 'LegDetail' table is used extensively in this calculation. This is a highly ITERATIVE process.
77.0	Usp_PSPriceWASPCalcResolveSalesN	This procedure creates the entries in the WASPResolvedRouting table and posts original sales volumes and amounts. This is done just prior to the routine that resolves these sales totals back to the purchase points.
78.0	Usp_PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN	Sums all WASPable sales by sales meter into the WASPSalesMeterTotals table.
79.0	Usp_PSPriceWASPClearMonth	This routine runs when a production month is promoted to 'Completed' phase. Any volume inventory items (Gasinv and/or GasinvD) or routing items (LegDetail) that contain zeros are removed so that only relevant information is stored in the database for historical purposes.
80.0	Usp_PSPriceWaspDivieOutProceedsN	This procedure is the main procedure that will distribute the proceeds from those deals that have been designated to have their respective proceeds distributed via the 'Financial Overrides' setup on the deal.
81.0	Usp_ProdVolSet	This routine is used in the 'Availability' phase to setup the ownership interest on a particular pipe/field and meter. ProdSum and ProdVol tables for the current production month are populated with this procedure.

Ref#	Stored Procedure Name	Description/Comments -
82.0	Usp_ProdVoiSetAll	This routine is used in the 'Availability' phase to setup the ownership interest on all pipe/fields and meters. This routine invokes the usp_ProdVolSet routine for each meter/well in the loop.
83.0	Usp_PSRollover	This routine gets invoked when a production month goes from 'Availability' to 'Sales' and is responsible for copying deal information month-to-month.
84.0	Usp_PSRolloverPopActuals3	This routine gets invoked by the usp_PSRollover routine and is responsible for populating noms with previous 3 months actuals numbers (primarily used for Oil).
85.0	Usp_PSRolloverPopNoms	This routine gets invoked by the usp_PSRollover routine and is responsible for populating noms with previous months nom numbers.
86.0	Usp_pStatusChanged	This routine gets invoked anytime the production month status is changed (Initial,Availability,Sales,Invoiced,Accounting,Completed). Other routines are invoked depending on the from and to status for the production month.
87.0	Usp_w.*	Any stored procedure that begins with Usp_w_ has been setup as a one time only procedure that is used to correct any database items/etc. These procedures can be permanently deleted and have no impact on existing functions within EMS.

Application Software

TECHNICAL SKILL SET REQUIRED

Support and maintenance of the Energy Management System requires the following technical skill set.

Ref # + Skill Set	Used For
1.0 SQL-Server (Transact SQL)	All data is stored in MS SQL-Server database tables. This data is accessed via direct SQL statements (embedded in windows applications, stored procedures and reports). There are several database views that have been setup to access aggregated information (for performance and consistency). In addition all of the critical calculations and time consuming procedures (like the main EMS calculation, routing and rollover process) are written as Transact-SQL stored procedures (and documented in this manual).
2.0 Delphi (V5 +) (includes Delphi 3 rd party tools)	All client applications are written using this particular RAD tool. In addition to knowing the standard components that come with this tool, any of the 3 rd party tools (documented in this manual) are used extensively. See the 3 rd party tools listed in the 'Tools Utilized' section for more details.
3.0 Crystal Reports (V8.0)	All reporting within EMS is done utilizing this tool from Seagate software.

CLIENT: SERVER APPLICATIONS W/TOOLS UTILIZED

This particular section contains the high level documentation relative to the Energy Management System software application. Each item documented is uniquely numbered to aid in reviews and/or future modifications.

Ref#	Item	Response	Comments
1.0	Client Application	Energy Management System	The Energy Management System is written in Delphi 5 (service pack 3 applied). Third party controls and components were used in the development. See other areas of this matrix for 3 rd party tools utilized.
2.0	Client Application	Producer Control Center	The Producer Control Center is written in Delphi 5 (service pack 3 applied). Third party controls and components were used in the development. See other areas of this matrix for 3 rd party tools utilized. This application provides a restricted view of information specific to the company/contact that is running the application. The data viewed is the same data that is maintained in the EMS system.
3.0	Server Application	Software Experts, Inc. SECrystal (V8.00)	All reporting done within EMS utilizes Crystal reports. This server application runs and stores all output reports for the system. Besides storing an electronic copy of the report, this server can distribute to a printer, fax folder OR an email address if instructed by the EMS application.
4.0	Server Application	Software Experts, Inc. SEFax (V2.00) (outbound faxing)	Some output reports (from SECrystal) are designated to be faxed. This software is responsible for faxing all of the reports that were designated by EMS to be faxed.

Ref#	Item-	Response	Comments:
5.0	Server Application	Software Experts, Inc. SEServer (V2.00g) (database request server)	All database requests for the Energy Management System AND the Producer Control Center go through this database server component. This server application typically runs on the same machine as the actual database.
6.0	3 ^{ra} Party Tool/Library	Adobe Acrobat Reader (V4.0 +)	This free tool is used to view reports from EMS. The default for all reports is to print them to a PDF format. This output format is 'overrideable' by the user when the report is submitted. Other formats like Excel, Word, Text, etc. are also supported.
7.0	3 rd Party Tool/Library	Seagate Software Crystal Reports (V8.00)	All reports are written using the Crystal reporting tool from Seagate Software). In addition, the report server (SECrystal) utilizes the main Crystal reporting FREE runtime libraries to run these reports for all EMS client requests.
8.0	3 rd Party Tool/Library	Dalco Technologies DbOvernet (V200)	Delphi VCL components that provide internet (TCP/IP) access. The SEServer application utilizes this middleware.
9.0	3 rd Party Tool/Library	TurboPower Software Asynch Pro (V3.04)	The SEFax fax server application utilizes this 3 rd party Delphi VCL component list for sending and/receiving faxes. The SECrystal reporting server application uses this library to write out 'fax ready' files.
10.0	3 rd Party Tool/Library	TurboPower Software Orpheus (V3.08)	Many of the online screens for all client and server applications utilize the Orpheus controls for screen grid lists, combo boxes, etc. The server applications were written with this tool set also.
11.0	3 rd Party Toot/Library	TurboPower Software SysToois (V3.02)	Many of the online screens for all client and server applications utilize the SysTools components for string manipulations, spawning tasks, etc.
inter of the state	3 [™] Party Tool/Library	Woil2Woil Software InfoPower 2000.17	Many of the online screens for all client and server applications utilize these controls for screen grid lists, combo boxes, etc. The server applications were written with this tool set also.
1	3 rd Party Tool/Library	Inner Media.Software Dynazip (V4.00)	These are Delphi software components that are for compression/decompression of files to and from the server. This is used by both the client and server applications.
	3 rd Party Tool/Library	Public Domain TEmail (V2.10)	This is a Delphi software component and is used by the client and server applications. It is responsible for the email interface.
r constant c	3 rd Party Tool/Library	TMS Software TwebUpdate (V1.00)	This is a Delphi software component that provides for 'over the internet' automatic software upgrades. The client applications each utilize this component.
16.0	3 rd Party Tool/Library	Skyline Software, Inc. ImageLib Suite (V5.00)	These are Delphi software components that provide for graphic images displayed within the application. In addition, this software provides scanner input capabilities.

CLIENT APPLICATIONS, MODULE LIST/DESCRIPTIONS

This particular section contains the high level documentation relative to each software application module within the Energy Management System. Each item documented is uniquely numbered to aid in reviews and/or future modifications. The application reference listed below will either indicate EMS (Energy Management System) and/or PCC (Producer Control Center). This shows the level of interoperability between these two client applications. All of these modules are written in Delphi (Object Pascal, (Visual)).

Ref#	Module Name	Module Type	Application	Description/Comments
1.0	DBAddress	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the Address ('Company and Contact Addresses') table.
2.0	DBCommonDatabase	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module is responsible for setting all of the common properties for all other data modules within the system. Prior to invoking a query, all other database modules will invoke methods within this module to set communication ports, maximum number of records, etc. This module also stores the actual user id and contains methods for accessing this field.

Ref#	Module Name	Module Type	Application	Description/Comments
3.0	DBCommonFileOperations	Data Module	EMS	This module nancles all of the 'flat file' operations
Ţ			PCC	(compressing/decompressing/etc.) that is involved with the
1				applications. Any temporary files that need to be created
4.0	DBCompany	Data Module	1 5140	are also controlled by this data module.
۳ ٽ ا	Journally	Para MODUIS	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the Company ('Company Information')
	1		. 55	table.
5.0	DBContactFunction	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
			PCC	components for the ContactFunction ("Roles within their
6.0	I DBC			respective companies that contacts play") table.
6.0	DBContacts	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
			PCC	components for the Contacts ('Individual contacts within
7.0	DBContactGroup	Data Module	EMS	companies') table. This module contains all of the database communication
			PCC	components for the ContactGroup (Links contacts to
	<u> </u>			groups they may be affiliated with) table.
8.0	DBContact_GroupNames	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
				components for the Contact_GroupNames (table contains
9.0	DBEngine	Data Mogule	EMS	a record for each group within the system) table.
			-101G	This module contains all of the database communication components for the Engine (contains transaction records
				for each volume inventory transaction item associated with
10.5	805			the deal) table.
10.0	DBEngine_Master	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
-				components for the Engine_Master (User enterable pricing
11.0	DBEngine_MasterPrice	Data Module	EMS	area 'header' record) table. This module contains ail of the database communication
- 1				components for the Engine_MasterPrice (User enterable
	ri e			pricing area 'detail' records (price tags)) table.
12.0	DBEngine_TransactionList	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
nug.	F 5	I	1	components for the Engine_TransactionList (transaction
13.0	DBExceptionCategories	Data Module	ENE	descriptions) table.
		בפום ואוטטטופ	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the ExceptionCategories ('Reasons for
	THE STATE OF THE S		1.55	Exceptions') table.
14.0	DBExceptionList	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
qua-	COLOR STATE OF THE		PCC	components for the ExceptionList ('Actual Exception
15.0	DBGasiny	Data Module	ENC	Events) table.
1.0.0	aaniv	Data WOODIR	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the Gasinv (Volume Inventory 'header')
- init				table.
16.0	DBGasinvD	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
111	uuri Vanate		ļ	components for the GasinvD (Volume inventory Daily
17.0	DBGCButton	Data Market	E140	'detail') table.
		Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the GCButton ('Business Functions')
			. 55	security table.
18.0	DBGCIndex	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
		1	PCC	components for the GCIndex (Daily & Monthly Price
19.0	DECCS	- Details		Indices) table.
13.0	DBGCSecurity	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
			PCC	components for the GCSecurity (Security Authorizations) for the applications.
20.0	DBGCUser	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
			PCC	components for the GCUser (User Profiles) table within the
24.5				applications.
21.0	DBImages ,	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
				components for the SEimages (company logos, etc.) table within the application.
21.0	DBIndexBasketLink	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
			PCC	components for the IndexBasketLink (Links actual indices
30.		,		to a particular basket) table within the application.
22.0	DBIndexBaskets	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
		1	PCC	components for the IndexBaskets (Grouping of indices to be used in a 'simple' averaging calculation) table within the
				be used in a simple averaging calculation) table within the application.
				Abuston.

Ref#	Module Name	Module Type	Application	Description/Comments
23.0	DBIndexRef	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the IndexRef (Each price index within the system contains a record entry here) table within the application.
24.0	DBK	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the K (Contracts table within the application).
25.0	DBKNetBack	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the KNetBack (Contracts Netback Percentage Tiers) table within the application.
26.0	DBKNotes	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the KNotes (Contract Notes) table within the application.
27.0	DBKProducts	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the KProducts (products that are available within contracts) table within the application.
28.0	DBKReportDefauits	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the KReportDefaults (standard report defaults) table within the application.
29.0	DBKRepoπOverrides	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the KReportOverrides (standard report overrides for a contract) table within the application.
30.0	DBKServices	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the KServices (services that are available within contracts) table within the application.
31.0	DBLeg	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the Leg (available routes and rates for the production month) table within the application.
32.0	DBLegD	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the LegD (available DAILY routes and rates for the production) table within the application.
t Regist Ren !	DBLegOetail	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the LegDetail (specific routing instructions for all volumes purchased and sold) table within the application.
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	DBLegRef	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the LegRef (master list of routes and rates) table within the application.
35.0	DBLocations	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for SELocations (locations) table within the application.
). Heggi . :	N	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SEMessages (system messages) table within the application.
37.0	DBMeter	Data Module	EMS .	This module contains all of the database communication components for the Meter/Well table within the application.
38.0	DBMeterAllocations	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the MeterAllocations (ownership interests in volume from a meter/well) table within the application.
39.0	DBMeterNotes	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the MeterNotes table within the application.
40.0	DBMeterRates	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the MeterRates (pressure base, Btu factor, etc. from a meter/well) table within the application.
41.0	DBMiscQueries	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the miscellaneous queries that were created to enable views of various tables within the application.
42.0	DBPackage	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the Package (Deals) table within the application.
43.0	DBPackageCorrespondence	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication components for the PackageCorrespondence (electronic copies of documents associated with deals) table within the application.

Ref#	Module Name	Module Type	Application	Description/Comments
44.0	DBPackageCosts	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
				components for the PackageCosts ('Ofher Costs'
				associated with deals) table within the application.
45.0	DBPipeField	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
		,		components for the PipeField (Pipe/Field information) table
46.0	DBPriceComponents	Data Module	ENC.	within the application. This module contains all of the database communication
70.0	Dorncecomponents	Data Module	EMS	components for the PriceComponents (tags to associate to
				each portion of a price) table within the application.
47.0	DBPriceDesc	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
				components for the PriceDesc (Deal free form price
				description) table within the application.
48.0	DBPrinterDef	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
	·			components for the PrinterDef (printer definitions) table
49.0	DBB	Data Module		within the application.
, 49.U.	DBProcessingCodes	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
		•	PCC	components for the SEProcessingCodes (reference code
50.0	DBProcessingCodeTyes	Data Module	EMS	description) table within the application. This module contains all of the database communication
	,		2.110	components for the SEProcessingCodeTypes (type codes
				that classify sets of reference codes) table within the
				application.
51.0	DBProducerMessage	Data Module	PCC	This module contains all of the database communication
ļ				components for the ProducerMessage (dynamic messages
52.0	DBProdinterest	Data Module	EMS	posted to producers) table within the application. This module contains all of the database communication
52.5	DOFTOdificiest	Data Module	EMS	components for the Prodinterest (Availability royalty
		1		interests) table within the application.
53.0	DBProdPKG	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
	•			components for the ProdPKG (Availability deal ID to
				ProdVol cross reference) table within the application.
34.0	DBProdSum	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
				components for the ProdSum (Availability summary totals by meter/well) table within the application.
55.0	DBProdVoi	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
7747				components for the ProdVol (Availability detail owner
	·			interest totals by meter/well) table within the application.
56.0	DBrDealClass	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
572	¥			components for the rDealClass (All of the available deal
57.0 ==	BrDeaiClassA	Data Module	EMS	classifications) table within the application. This module contains all of the database communication
			LIVIG	components for the rDealClassA (all possible answers
				available to the deal class rules (rDealClass table)) table
				within the application.
58.0	DBrDeatClassRules	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
				components for the rDealClassRules (all rules associated
				with every combination of deal classification) table within the application.
59.0	DBrGasMonth	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
			PCC	components for the rGasMonth (an entry exists here for
				every possible month within the system, with status
		Barrie		information) table within the application.
60.0	DBRptsControl	Data Module	EMS	This module represents the main driver module for
61.0	DRDateEvacutadState	Data Module	PCC	submitting reports.
01.0	DBRptsExecutedStats	Data MODULE	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsExecutedStats (Execution
			, 55	statistics for reports) table within the application.
62.0	DBRptsGroupitems	Data Module	EMS	This module contains all of the database communication
			PCC	components for the SERptsGroupitems (List of reports
		• • • •		available within each tab/folder) table within the
63.0	DBB-ta-C-sure	Data Modula		application.
63.0	DBRptsGroups	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsGroups (List of all tabs within
			100	each reporting folder) table within the application.
			L	caes reporting roller, table training the application.

Ref#	Module Name	Module Type	Application	Description/Comments:
64.0	DBRptsitemDetail	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsitemDetail (List of specific reports available throughout all folders and tabs) table within the application.
65.0	DBRptsitemParms	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsItemParms (List of all report parameters available to each specific report) table within the application.
66.0	DBRptsQueue	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsQueue (actual report submission queue) table within the application.
67.0	DBRptsQueueDistribute	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsQueueDistribute (report distribution instructions area) table within the application.
68.0	DBRptsQueueNotify	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsQueueNotify (report notification instructions area) table within the application.
69.0	DBRptsSchedule	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsSchedule (report schedule definition area) table within the application.
70.0	DBRptsScheduledReports	Data Module	PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsScheduledReports (reports belonging to schedule definition area) table within the application.
71.0	DBRptsScheduleGroups	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsScheduleGroups (report schedule groups definition area) table within the application.
	DBRptsScheduleUserGroups	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsScheduleUserGroups (user list belonging to a specific schedule group definition area) table within the application.
73.0	DBRptsTablesUsed	Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for the SERptsTablesUsed (tables, views and stored procedures used by each report area) table within the application.
74.0		Data Module	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the database communication components for accessing and invoking all stored procedures and functions on the application. Each of these procedures are setup as methods within this class and this particular class acts as a common wrapper for invoking these OB procedures.
ŀ	RTCrystalDriverParseMemo	Business Rules	EMS PCC	This module contains all of the string parsing routines used to store reporting parameters, formulas and selection criteria.
76.0	RTDBAddress	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application addresses (Address table) are within this particular module.
77.0	RTDBCompany	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application companies (Company table) are within this particular module.
78.0	RTDBContactFunction	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application contact function (ContactFunction table) are within this particular module.
79.0	RTDBContacts	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application contacts (contacts table) are within this particular module.
80.0	RTDBContact_Group	Business Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application contact group relationships (ContactGroup table) are within this particular module.
81.0	RTDBContact_GroupNames	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application contact group names (Contact_GroupNames table) are within this particular module.
82.0	RTDBEngine	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application engine pricing transaction (Engine table) are within this particular module.

Ref#	Module Name	Module Type	Application	Description/Comments
83.0	RTDBEngine_Master	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				engine pricing entry (Engine_Master table) are within this particular module.
84.0	RTDBEngine_MasterPrice	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				engine pricing components (w/price tags) entry
				(Engine MasterPrice table) are within this particular
				module.
85.0	RTDBEngine_TransactionList	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				engine transaction master list (Engine_TransactionList
-				table) are within this particular module.
86.0	RTDBExceptionCategories	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			PCC	exception categories (ExceptionCategories table) are
07.0				within this particular module.
87.0	RTDBExceptionList	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			PCC	exception list (ExceptionList table) are within this particular
88.0	STORE			module.
00.U	RTDBGasinv	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				volume inventory transaction header (Gasinv table) are
89.0	RTDBGasinvD	Business		within this particular module.
03.0	RIDBGasinvD	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				volume inventory transaction detail daily (GasinvD table)
90.0	RTDBGCButton	Business Rules		are within this particular module.
	W. DBCCBullon	pasiness raies	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			PCC	business functions (GCButton table) are within this
91.0	RTDBGCIndex	Business Rules	EMS	particular module.
	Applicated to the state of the	Duamicas (Vuies	PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application
	A THE SECOND SEC		1.00	price indices (GCIndex table) are within this particular module.
92.0	RTDBGCSecurity	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
	Company Compan		PCC	security authorizations (GCSecurity table) are within this
	L Named Control of the Control of th			particular module.
93.0	BTDBGCUser	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
94.0	raceur		PCC	users (GCUser table) are within this particular module.
94.U	RTDBImages	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
j	5 CONT. E CONT. CO		! •	graphic images (SEImages table) are within this particular
95.0	RTDBIndexBasketLink	Business Rules	5140	module.
		Dusiness Kules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application
	3		PCC	index price basket link (IndexBasketLink table) are within this particular module.
96.0	RTD8IndexBaskets	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
	V 614		PCC	index price baskets (IndexBaskets table) are within this
i i	N/ Marie			particular module.
97.0	RTDBIndexRef	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
	Chipadiga Transparence S		PCC	price index master list (IndexRef table) are within this
1000				particular module.
98.0	RTDBK	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
99.0	DEDUKA			contracts (K table) are within this particular module.
99.0	RTDBKNetBack	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				contract netback pricing tiers (KNetBack table) are within
00.0	RTDBKNotes	Business Dules		this particular module.
00.0	KIDBKINGLES	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
1				contract free form note area (KNotes table) are within this particular module.
01.0	RTDBKProducts	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			LING	contract products area (KProducts table) are within this
				particular module.
02.0	RTDBKReportDefaults	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				contract standard report defaults area (KReportDefaults
]	table) are within this particular module.
03.0	RTDBKReportOverndes	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			Ī	contract standard report overrides area (KReportOverrides
14.0				table) are within this particular module.
04.0	RTDBKServices	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			1	contract services area (KServices table) are within this
		<u> </u>		particular module.

Ref#		Module Type	Application	- Description/Comments:
105.0	RTDBLeg	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				leg (monthly) area (Leg table) are within this particular module.
106.0	RTDBLegD	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
1		,		leg (daily) area (LegD table) are within this particular module.
107.0	RTDBLegDetail	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			Lino	leg detail (main routing) area (LegDetail table) are within
				this particular module.
108.0	RTDBLegRef	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
	•			leg master list area (LegRef table) are within this particular module.
109.0	RTDBLocations	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			PCC	locations (SELocations table) are within this particular module.
110.0	RTDBMessages	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
	·		PCC ·	messages (SEMessages table) are within this particular module.
111.0	RTDBMeter	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
446.5				meters (Meter table) are within this particular module.
112.0	RTDBMeterAllocations	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
		1		meter ownership allocations (MeterAllocations table) are
113.0	RTDBMeterNotes			within this particular module.
1 13.0	AT DEMETERNOTES	Business Rules	EMS .	All business rules and edits associated with the application
•				meter comment areas (MeterNotes table) are within this
114.0	RTDBMeterRates	Business Rules	FLIC	particular module.
32		business rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
- 12 m				meter rate areas (MeterRates table) are within this particular module.
115.0	RTDBPackage	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
fo.	RTDBPackageCorrespondence	Business Rules		deals (Package table) are within this particular module.
50 49	=	בשוווכשל גלשוופש	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				deal correspondence (PackageCorrespondence table) are within this particular module.
117.0	RTDBPackageCosts	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
¥				deal 'Other Costs' (PackageCosts table) are within this
1100				particular module.
110.0	RTDBPipeField	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
Í				pipes/fields (PipeField table) are within this particular
119.0	RTDBPriceComponents	Business Rules	EMS	module.
-	1	Dualitiess Willes	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application price components (PriceComponents table) are within this
	out of the state o			particular module.
120.0	RTDBPriceDesc	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
7				deal pricing free form text area (PriceDesc table) are within
121.0	OTODO			this particular module.
121.0	RTDBPrinterDef	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				printer definitions (PrinterDef table) are within this
122.0	RTDBProcessingCodes	Business Rules	SMC	particular module.
	··· roccosing-outes	Duanicas Ruies	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			F-0-0	processing codes (SEProcessingCodes table) are within this particular module.
123.0	RTDBProcessingCodeTypes	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
	· ·			processing code types (SEProcessingCodeTypes table)
40:				are within this particular module.
124.0	RTDBProdinterest	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
	* * * * *	,		'Availability' royalty interests (Prodinterest table) are within
125.0	PTDPDdove			this particular module.
120.0	RTDBProdPKG	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			ļ	'Availability' deal to ProdVol cross-reference (ProdPKG
126.0	RTDBProdSum	Business Rules	EMC	table) are within this particular module.
		Cameas Kules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application 'Availability' monthly meter summary (ProdSum table) are
				within this particular module.
127.0	RTDBProdVoi	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				'Availability' monthly ownership volume (ProdVol table) are
				within this particular module.

Ref#	Module Name	Module Type	Application-	Description/Comments: 44444 (1944)
128.0	RTDBrDeaiClass	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				deal classification options (rDealClass-table) are within this
				particular module.
129.0	RTDBrDeaiClassA	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				deal classification answers (rDealClassA table) are within
				this particular module.
130.0	RTDBrDeaiClassRules	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
				deal classification wasp rules (rDealClassRules table) are
404.0	<u> </u>			within this particular module.
131.0	RTDBrGasMonth	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			PCC	production month (rGasMonth table) are within this
132.0	STDBD-1-5			particular module.
132.0	RTDBRptsExecutedStats	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			PCC	execution statistics for reporting (SERptsExecutedStats
133.0	RTDBRptsGroupitems	Business Rules	F140	table) are within this particular module.
.00.0	1 CIDBAPISGIOUPITEITS	Dusiness Rules	EMS PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			PCC	tab items for reporting (SERptsGroupitems table) are within this particular module.
134.0	RTDBRptsGroups	Business Rules	EMS	
			PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application tabs for reporting (SERptsGroups table) are within this
			. 33	particular module.
135.0	RTDBRptsitemDetail	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
	•		PCC	report files used for reporting (SERptsItemDetail table) are
100				within this particular module.
136.0	RTDBRptsitemParms	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
0_			PCC	report file parameters used for reporting
129.0	DTDDD			(SERpts/temParms table) are within this particular module.
138.0	RTDBRptsQueue	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
Ran			PCC	report submission queue used for reporting (SERptsQueue
139.0	RTDBRptsQueueDistribute	Business Rules	EMS	table) are within this particular module.
3.3	# 11	Dusiness Itules	PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application report queue distribution options used for reporting
			1.00	(SERptsQueueDistribute table) are within this particular
34	·			module.
140.0	RTDBRptsQueueNotify	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
4			PCC	report queue submission notifications used for reporting
g				(SERptsQueueNotify table) are within this particular
141 0	BTOOR			module.
141.0	RTDBRptsSchedule	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
27	<u>.</u>		PCC	report schedules used for reporting (SERptsSchedule
142.0	RTDBRptsScheduledReports	Business Rules	EMS	table) are within this particular module.
			PCC	All business rules and edits associated with the application report schedule actual reports used for reporting
4			. 00	(SERptsScheduledReports table) are within this particular
				module.
143.0	RTDBRptsScheduleGroups	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
			PCC	report schedule groups used for reporting
				(SERptsScheduleGroups table) are within this particular
144.0	250			module.
144.0	RTDBRptsScheduleUserGroups	Business Rules	EMS	All business rules and edits associated with the application
1			PCC	report schedule users (in groups) used for reporting
				(SERptsScheduleUserGroups table) are within this
145.0	RTDBRptsTablesUsed	Business Rules	EMS	particular module. All business rules and edits associated with the application
			PCC	report tables used for reporting (SERptsTablesUsed table)
	_		. 55	are within this particular module.
146.0	RTMessageStackClient	Business Rules	EMS	This particular module is responsible for maintaining the
ĺ	• •	1	PCC	current list of messages that will be displayed to the user.
				This module will provide for the storing of up to 50
		. 1		messages (in memory tables) in between enter button or
				mouse clicks. This provides for any/all error messages
	·	-		concerning a specific event to be displayed at once versus
147.0	FmAbout	Form	- FVC	one at a time.
70	i iiotoout	. 0	EMS PCC	This form provides descriptive information about the application (version number, copyright notice, email and
			P-00	website support links, etc).
				TOURS SUPPORT TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

Ref#	Module Name	Module Type	Application -	Description/Comments.
148.0	FmActualizePurchases	Form	EMS	This form provides the method for performing (Step 2 of 4)
				of the actualization process within EMS.
149.0	FmActualizeSales	Form	EMS	This form provides the method for performing (Step 3 of 4) of the actualization process within EMS.
150.0	FrtAddressDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides for the updating of addresses for contacts and companies. The table that gets updated behind the scenes is the Address table.
151.0	FmAddressList	Form	EMS	This form provides a list of all available addresses that have already been setup for a company. Options on this form include an ability to change, add or delete address lines from the list.
152.0	Fm8usinessFunctionsDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides for the updating of the business functions that are available within the Energy Management System AND the Producer Control Center. The table that gets updated (behind the scenes) is the 'GCButton' table.
153.0	FmBusinessFunctionsList	Form	EMS	This form provides a list of all available business functions that are currently within the Energy Management System AND the Producer Control Center. Options exist here to add, change and delete business functions. Each of these business functions represent areas within the application for setting system security.
154.0	FmCommon	Form	EMS PCC	This form provides for all of the common properties used by all forms. This form can be accessed via the main menus by selecting system properties. All of the color schemes, graphic images, etc. that are used by the system are included on this form. At runtime, all other forms within the system will invoke public methods within this form to set their respective screen fields.
155.0	FmCompanyDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides the mechanism for updating detail information pertaining to a specific company. This includes identification of a primary company address.
156.0	FmCompanyList	Form	EMS	This form provides a gnd list of all companies that are currently stored on EMS. Options on this form include extensive lookup and tab options.
157.0	_FmContactDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides the form for updating detail information about a contact at a particular company. This includes group memberships, functions, etc.
	FmContactFunctionDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides the mechanism for associating a contact within a company to a specific job function at that company (i.e. Accounting, production, etc.).
	FmContactGroupDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides the mechanism for creating or updating contact groups on the system.
	EmContactGroupList	Form	EMS	This form lists all available contact groups on the system. Options on this form include the ability to add, change or delete a contact group.
,	FmContactList	Form	EMS	This for lists all contacts within all companies. Options on this form include an ability to add, change or delete a specific contact (with appropriate security). In addition, there are extensive data lookup capabilities.
162.0	fmContactSecurityAuth	Form	EMS	This form provides for the entry of external company security authorization rules (i.e. Enabling access to Producer Control Center, etc.).
163.0	FmContractDetail	Form	EMS	This form represents the detail form for entering contract specific information (netback pricing information, contract name, terms, provisions, etc.).
164.0	FmContractList	Form	EMS	This form provides a grid list of all existing contracts on the system. Options exist on this form to add, change or delete a contract. This form also includes extensive lookup and company letter tab's for searching all contracts.
165.0	FmDailyPrices	Form	PCC	This form shows the graphs of the revenue detail information on the Producer Control Center.
166.0	FmDealClassificationUpdates	Form	EMS	This form provides the mechanism for changing any calculation rules associated with a given combination of deal classification codes. The WASP inclusion indicator is stored on this table.
167.0	fmDealCorrespondenceDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides an entry form for attaching electronic correspondence to a deal.

Ref#		Module Type	Application	Description/Comments.
168.0	FmDeaiCostsEntryDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides for the entry of 'Other Costs' associated with a particular deal.
169.0	FmDeaiDetaii	Form	EMS	This is the main detail form that shows all of the information relative to a deat.
170.0	FmDealEntryNew	Form	EMS	This form represents a popup box that is displayed when a new deal has been requested. This box prompts the user for the type of deal (purchase or sale) and what product and service it is applicable toward.
171.0	FmDeatList	Form	EMS	This form provides a listing of all 'Purchase' or 'Sales' deals within a given month on a grid. Options exist on this screen to add, change or delete a deal.
172.0	FmDealPrice	Form	EMS PCC	This is the form that is used whenever a user wants to calculate the prices for a given volume within a given month. The only options on this form are to 'Price All' and only for those production months and volumes that are applicable (based on monthly status).
173.0	FmDeaiPriceEntryDetail	Form	EMS	This is the main form for entering deal price information within the Energy Management System. The primary underlying tables that get updated include Engine_Master and Engine MasterPrice.
174.0	FmException	Form	EMS PCC	This form is invoked whenever a system exception occurs within the system. In order to complete the exception a particular user must have a 'Super ID' for the function and he/she must provide an exception reason with a description.
175.0	FmExceptionCategonesDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides for a detail update screen to update reason code information for a given type of exception.
7 2	ImExceptionCategoriesList	Form	EMS	This form provides a listing grid of all reason code exceptions for a given type of exception.
	FmGraphicViewer	Form	EMS	This form provides an ability to view graphic images and/or scan in graphic images from a scanner. These images can be attached to a deal.
9	mGroupMemberDetail	Form	EMS	This form represents the detail form for associating a contact as a member of a specific group.
	FmimagesDetail	Form	EMS	This form represents the detail form used for posting updates to the application graphic images (logo's, etc.).
180.0	FmlmagesList	Form	EMS	This form provides a list of all graphic images (logos) that are currently stored in the system.
	FmIndexBasketDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides a detail update screen to update index price basket information.
	FmIndexBasketLinkDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides a detail update form to allow for the updating of index links to particular baskets.
ľ	FmIndex8asketList	Form	EMS	This form provides a listing gnd of all index baskets on the system.
184.0	FmLegDailyDetail	Form	EMS .	This form provides the detail rate information associated with a daily leg rate (which overrides the monthly rate when setup on EMS).
185.0	FmLegDailyList	Form	EMS	This form provides a listing of all daily rates that may be setup for a particular leg.
186.0	FmLegDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides the detail rate information associated with the a given leg, on a given production month within the system. Both nomination and actual rate information is available.
187.0	FmLegHistory	Form	EMS	This form provides a historical list of all monthly leg rates that have been established for a given leg.
188.0	FmLegList	Form	EMS	This form provides a list of all legs on the system. Options exist from this screen to select and change (modify) the specific rate information about a leg.
	FmLegMonthlyView	Form	EMS	This form represents a 'view' form that provides a read- only view of all volumes transported in, out, sold and/or on balance for a specific meter.
190.0	FmLegPurchaseLinkMonthlyView	Form	EMS	This form represents a 'view' form that provides a read- only view of all the purchase deals (volumes) that have been attributed to a selected sale.
191.0	FmLegPurchaseLinkView	Form	EMS	This form represents a 'view' form that provides a read- only view of all purchases linked to a specific sale on a given day.

Ref#		Module Type-	Application -	
192.0	FmLegPurchasePointView	Form	EMS	This form represents a 'view' form that provides a read- only view of the originating (hop 0) information for any given volume that is displayed on the routing screen(s).
193.0	FmLegRoute	Form	EMS	This is the main routing screen. Options exist on this screen to select pipe/fields, days, noms or actuals, etc. With appropriate security a person can transport and/or sell volume through this panel.
194.0	FmLegSale	Form	EMS	This form is used as a confirm form for posting volume balances to a sale.
195.0	FmLegSalesView	Form	EMS	This form represents a 'view' form that provides a read- only view of all sales that exist on a given pipe/field for either a single day or an entire month.
196.0	FmLegTransport	Form	EMS	This form is used as a confirm form for transporting volumes to other meters (pools). Options also exist on this form to selectively override transport, gathering, pvr or fuel rates associated with the transport.
197.0	FmLegChange .	Form	EMS	This form is used whenever a request is made to change the instructions (either volume or rates) on an existing transport OR sale route item.
198.0	fmLegDelete	Form	EMS	This form is used whenever a routed volume (either transported to a pool or posted to a sale) has been requested to be deleted.
199.0	FmLocationsDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides a detail update form to allow for the updating of location information. These location entries are used throughout the system (versus hardcoding locations within the software).
200.0	InLocationsList	Form	EMS .	This form provides a list form to allow for showing the location information. These location entries are used throughout the system (versus hardcoding locations within the software).
201.0	finLogin	Form	EMS PCC	This is the common login form used by the application(s). It provides the mechanism for authenticating users or company contacts upon entry into the system.
202.0	finLoginChange	Form .	EMS	This form provides the users of the system with the ability to change their login passwords.
203.0	inLookup	Form	EMS PCC	This form provides a standard lookup dialog that allows for queries to be run for nearly all other list forms within the system. Most list screens provide a lookup button (binoculars) that will invoke this form.
204.0	inMessageBox	Form	EMS PCC	This form displays all system messages used within the system. This particular form gets utilized by nearly all other form on the system. The messages displayed by this form include all ERROR, CONFIRMATIONAL, INFORMATIONAL and IN-PROCESS oriented messages.
205.0	fmMeterAllocationsDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides for an entry screen for entering allocation companies and accounting cross reference deck codes for a given meter/well and effective date.
206.0	FmMeterDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides for a detail update form on meter/well information within the system.
207.0	fmMeterList	Form	EMS	This form provides for a list form of all meters/wells within the system.
.08.0	fmMeterRatesDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides for an entry screen for entering rates (pressure base, Btu factor, pipe/field pressure base, etc.) for a given meter/well on a specific effective date.
.09.0	FmMeterRevenue	Form	PCC	This form provides a meter/well form that shows graphic representation of calculated volumes and prices.
10.0	FmMeterTotalsView	Form	EMS	This form provides a 'view' which is a read-only view of all the meter totals (actualized versus not actualized) for an entire month). A specific deal OR all deals within a month can be viewed through this form.
11.0	FmMonthlyStatusDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides a screen for updating the detail production month status information. This is where users will go to change the status for each production month (depending on security level of the user).

Ref#	1	Module Type-	Application ·	Description/Comments:
212.0	FmMonthlyStatusList	Form	EMS	This form provides a gnd list of all monthly status information (by status). Options exist here to invoke the detail update screen to update monthly status information (with appropriate security).
213.0	fmNetBackTierDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides the detail form for updating the netback pricing tiers for a given contract. These tiers are referenced (for all WASP classified deals) during the pricing function.
214.0	FmOGISFeeds	Form	EMS	This form provides an entry form for specifying the parameters used to create the OGIS journal entry and revenue receivable accounting feeds. The actual text files are created from this form.
215.0	FmPickACompany	Form	EMS PCC	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of companies to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
216.0	FmPickAContact	Form	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of contacts to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
217.0	FmPickAContract	Form	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of contracts to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
218.0	FmPickADeal	Form	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of deals to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
219.0	_FmPickADeatMeter	Form	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of deal meters to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
220.0	FmPickALeg	Form	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of leg (monthly routes) to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
	FmPickALegRef	Form	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of LegRef (master routes) to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
222.0	EmPickALegSale	Form	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of sales points available for routing to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
223.0	FmPickAMeter	Form	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of meters/wells to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
	-FmPickAPipetine	Form	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of pipe/fields to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
225.0	fmPickAReport	Form	EMS	This form provides a common mechanism for displaying a list of reports to a user and having one of them selected and carried back to the requesting form.
226.0	FmPipeDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides the detail update form for updating pipe/field information on the system.
227.0	fmPipelineActuals	Form	EMS	This is the main form used for enter actual volumes for meters/wells on the system. The form includes a calculator function for propagating the volumes across all days for the highlighted meter/well.
228.0	fmPipeList	Form	EMS	This form provides the list form to show all pipe/fields currently defined within the system. Options exist on this form to add, update or delete a pipe/field.
29.0	FmPriceComponentsDetail	Form.	EMS	This form provides the screen for updating the detail 'price tags' that have been setup on the system. These price tags allow us to identify the various portions of a sale or purchase price.
.30.0	FmPriceComponentsList	Form	EMS	This form provides a grid list of all price components (tags) that have been setup on the system.

Ref#		Module Type	Application	Description/Comments:
231.0	fmPriceIndexUpdates	Form	EMS	This form provides a list of all prices for the daily Index Prices. When entering this form the default date is set to the current date. When prices are being entered on 'Mondays' there is a 'copy to previous weekend' button which will allow for all prices to be propagated back to the previous weekend. Monthly index prices are entered on day 1 only for a given month.
232.0	FmPriceIndicesDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides a screen for updating the price index information on the database (IndexRef table). This includes display order, name, etc.
233.0	fmPriceIndicesList	Form	EMS	This form provides an 'updateable' grid list that shows all price indices on the system. Options exist here to invoke the add/update function (fmPriceIndicesDetail).
234.0	fmPricesByIndexList	Form	EMS PCC	This form provides a graphic and tabular view of index prices for a given month.
235.0	FmPrinterDetail	Form	EMS ·	This form provides a detail entry form for updating the printer information stored on the system.
236.0	fmPrinterList	Form	EMS	This form provides a list form that shows all printers currently defined on the system.
237.0	FmProcessingCodesDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides the detail form for updating a given set of reference (processing codes).
238.0	FmProcessingCodesList .	Form	EMS	This form provides the list form for showing all of the processing codes. Options exist on this form to add, update or delete a given code.
239.0	FmProcessingCodesPick	Form	EMS	This form provides an ability to 'pick' a particular reference code and send it back to the form that invoked the screen.
f	FmProcessingCodeTypesDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides the detail form for updating a given set of processing code types (types of reference codes).
F rands.	fmProcessingCodeTypesList	Form	EMS	This form provides the list form for showing all of the processing code types. Options exist on this form to add, update or delete a given type.
er e	FmProaVolCofirms	Form	EMS	This form provides the mechanism for recognizing volumes that were returned by producers. In addition, options exist on this form to send out producer confirmations.
243.0	FmProdVolHist	Form .	EMS	This form provides a history list of royalty and makeup percentage interests, by owner, for a given meter/well.
tault wheek	FmProdVolList	Form	EMS	This form provides the mechanism for entenng initial volumes (expected availability) from producers. Option exist on this form to send out producer availability estimate reports.
tout office	FmReportDefaultsDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides a detail screen for setting up the default reports that will be used by entity, product and service on the system. These reports include invoices, vouchers, remittance, etc.
246.0	FmReportDefauitsList	Form	EMS .	This form provides a list screen for showing all of the default reports that are setup by entity, product and service on the system. These reports include invoices, vouchers, remittance, etc.
247.0	FmReportOverridesDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides a detail screen for setting up the override reports that will be used by entity, product and service on the system ASSOCIATE TO A SPECIFIC CONTRACT. These reports include invoices, vouchers, remittance, etc.
248.0	FmReportsList	Form	EMS PCC	This is the primary form used for displaying a reporting folder. Within this folder are all of the reporting 'tabs' that are available. Within each tab are all of the specific reports that can be run. A submission, and view button are available here.
249.0	FmReportsParaemeters	Form	EMS PCC	This is the form that is used when entering the various parameters when a report is submitted. Defaults are automatically supplied and the parameters are listed in a grid list format.
250.0	fmReportsView	Form	EMS PCC	This is the main view form for viewing all of the submitted reports. Options exist to view the reports specifically submitted by a user OR to view the reports that were submitted by the scheduler.

Ref #=	Module-Name: "	Module Type	- Application	Description/Comments
251.0	fmSecurityAuthDetail	Form	EMS	This form represents the form for establishing and updating security authorizations between users and business functions within the Energy Management System. Options exist here to allow for users to have NO ACCESS, READ ONLY, READ/UPDATE, READ/UPDATE/DELETE or SUPER access to a particular area of application.
252.0	fmSecurityAuthList	Form	EMS	This form provides a listing of all security authorizations that are set for each user on the Energy Management System. Options exist on this form to add, update and delete specific security authorizations for any given user of the system.
253.0	FmsRptsInvoice	Form	EMS	This is the primary form used for submitting standard invoice reports.
254.0	FmsRptsRemittance	Form	EMS	This is the primary form used for submitting standard remittance reports.
255.0	fmsRptsVoucher	Form	EMS	This is the primary form used for submitting standard voucher reports.
256.0	FmTransactionDetail	Form	EMS	This form provides for the entry of 'Other Cost' transactions within EMS. Once these transactions are setup in the system, then they can be attached to deals and calculations will be done against them.
257.0	FmTransactionList	Form	EMS	This form provides a list of all the 'Other Cost' transactions that have been setup on the system.
258.0	fmUserProfilesDetail	Form	EMS	This form represents the creation and update form for all users on the Energy Management System. This form provides an administrator with the ability to change name, password, title, default printer, etc. for all users on the system.
259.0	fmUserProfilesList	Form	EMS	This form provides a listing of all users that are capable of using the Energy Management System. Options exist on this form to add, update or delete a specific user.
260.0		Form	EMS	This form represents the main menu for the Energy Management System. All menu options, speed buttons, etc are stored on this form. This particular form is also responsible for invoking the methods to establish a connection and set the form screen attributes (based on user preferences).
261.0	frmProducerControlCenterMain	Form	PCC	This form represents the main menu for the Producer Control Center. All menu options, speed buttons, etc are stored on this form. This particular form is also responsible for invoking the methods to establish a connection and set the form screen attributes (based on user preferences).

23S

APPLICATION (CLIEN-SIDE) SOFTWARE

The table that follows the high-level contains documentation related to the systems and methods provided by the present invention and, in particular, those sub-functions and applications that run client-side in the context of the present invention. In the table that follows, the terms EMS and PCC are used to differentiate (as described above), between a full use application system and a limited use/user/function application system that are provided by the present invention. The actual source code for such application software is contained among the files found on the attached compact disc.

PRICING AND PRICING TECHNIQUES

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So far in the aforementioned detailed discussion the present invention, it has been assumed that the particular pricing techniques may be employed to price one or more fuel deals automatically. The present invention certainly permits fuel deals to be priced based on a variety of factors germane to the energy field. Additionally, the systems and methods provided by the present invention permit fuel deals to be priced automatically, in batch or otherwise, based on pricing techniques which are modularized and which are carried out automatically based on prior or other collections of fuel deals and other fuel deal data. Accordingly, teams of sales personnel can have deals priced based on company specifications to meet margin requirements, etc.

25

20

One such technique implemented as a modularized process capable of pricing one or more fuel deals in accordance with the present invention is referred to as the WASP technique which stands for the Weighted Average Selling Price technique.

30

WASP permits one or more fuel deals (usually a collection) to be priced to meet organization pricing targets (and margin requirements) based on computed average sales prices across collections of fuel deals. The WASP technique and its supporting computer software are contained herein for purposes of example to illustrate the novelty of having a system that can incorporate a substitutable pricing technique (algorithm) into a business process like or similar to the one depicted in and discussed in regard to FIG. 1.

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The WASP Calculation

This particular section contains information on the calculation that occurs to price deals. In the context of the present invention, it is envisioned that there are three situations that can trigger a pricing calculation:

15

 The price calculation can be submitted at any time by individuals with appropriate security using the System online pricing screen (see FIGS. 4A-4Q).
 Only those production months in a 'Sales' (nomination recalculated) or 'Invoiced' (actual recalculated) status can be submitted through this screen;

20

2.

'Sales' to 'Invoiced' a final nomination is performed.
In addition, when the status of a production month
goes from 'Invoiced' to 'Accounting' a final actuals
calculation is performed. These production month
status 'promotions' occur through the EMS online

When the status for a production month goes from

screens (by individuals with an appropriate level of

25

3. Each evening, for example, all production months that are in either the 'Sales' or 'Invoice' status will

30

security); and

10

15

20

25

30

have a calculation cycle run for them. This calculation begins at approximately 8:00 CST, for example. This ensures that all variables (price index entries, volumes, routing instructions, etc.) that could influence the price of a given set of deals are recalculated and presented as current, the first thing in the morning.

The entire calculation process is comprised entirely of MS SQL-Server Transact-SQL stored procedures. The 'flow' of the calculation can be described with reference to the following six (6) stages:

Stage 1. <u>Sales Deal Calculations</u>

Calculate all sales deals first (all pools and deal classifications). This is done because knowing the sales prices (by pool) is required for the following purchase deal calculations.

Stage 2 <u>WASP Deal Preparation</u>

This particular stage simply prepares the WASPResolvedRouting table with initial sales pool total dollars and volumes. This is the primary table that is used when repeatedly (such as via iteration) tracing all volumes from the sales point back to originating purchase points.

Stage 3 <u>Purchase Deal 'None' Pool (3rd Party)</u> <u>Calculations</u>

All third party purchase deals (belonging to the 'None' (pool) are calculated first. The reason for this is because of the potential that some of these deals having Financial Overrides that are to be distributed to either a 'Common' WASP pool OR to a specific deal. By doing these calculations first, the profit gain or

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loss (for the financial overrides) can be determined and posted to the appropriate place in the WASPResolvedRouting table.

Stage 4 <u>Purchase Deal 'Dedicated' Pool</u> (Sanctioned Sales) Calculations

All sanctioned sales purchase deals are now calculated. The price for these purchases is driven based on a weighted average basis of the sales meters. Sanctioned sale purchase exist in their own pool ('Dedicated') so that no other purchases volumes (and sales of those volumes) will impact the price calculated. Netback percentages are applied.

Stage 5 <u>Purchase Deal 'Common' Pool (Equity)</u> Calculations

All equity deals are then calculated. The price for these purchases is driven based on a weighted average basis of the sales meters. All purchases that are classified as 'equity' will share in pricing and costing (weighted). The pricing is based on the 'common' body. Any given purchase deal classified as equity could potentially impact the price that other purchase deals (in the 'common' pool) calculates. Netback percentages are applied.

Stage 6 <u>Transportation Costs</u>

This stage of the calculation aggregates all of the transport volumes throughout the month to special transport deals and volume inventory items.

Each of the aforementioned stages of the calculation are invoked from a stored procedure called usp_PSPriceAutoMonth. FIGS. 5A and 5B illustrate the process flows corresponding to these 'stages' and the flow of the stored

10

15

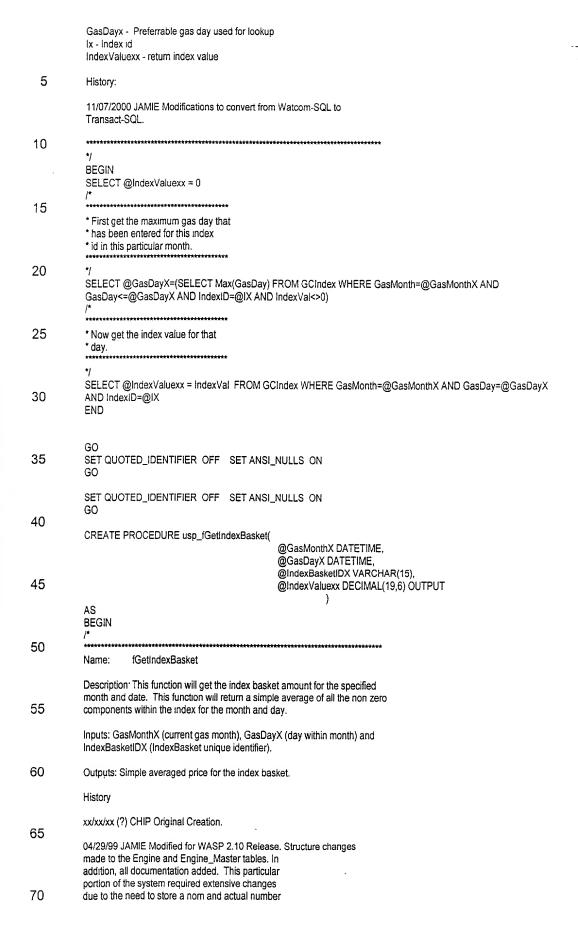
20

procedures (discussed above) invoked during the calculation. The ordering of these procedures can be tied back to the stages just described above. Actual WASP calculation routines are listed below to aid the reader to completely understand the nature using a predetermined pricing technique in accordance with the present invention.

Weighted Average Sales Price Calculation Routines

The following software routines implement a weighted average sales pricing technique that may be incorporated within a computing environment such as within a server-side processing system to facilitate fuel deal pricing in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. Accordingly, in the context of the instant invention, the following routines provide a predetermined pricing technique for pricing fuel deals based on past, present, or future deals, or combinations thereof. The following routines are found among the files contained on the attached compact disc, and also have been commented to assist those of ordinary skill in the art understand the details related to actual implementation.

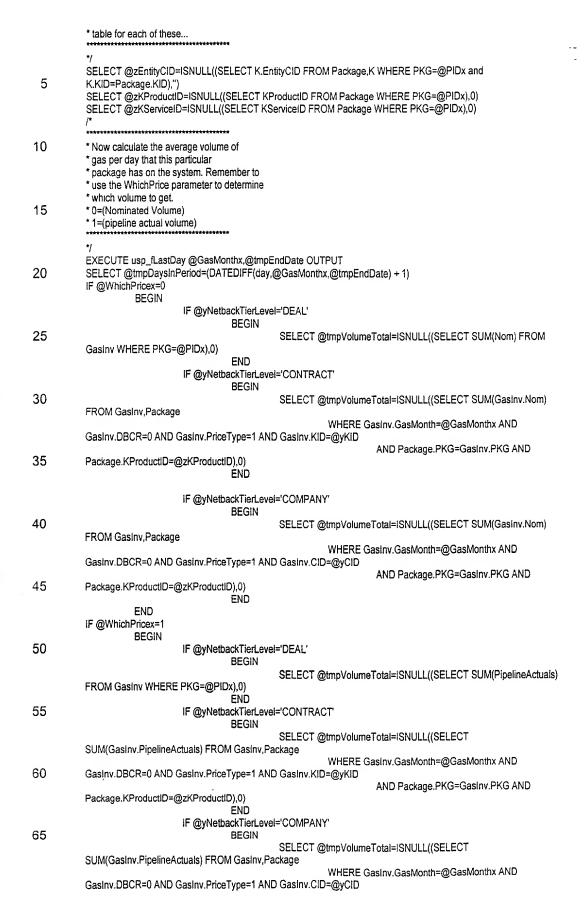
```
25
            /* Microsoft SQL Server - Scripting
                                                                  */
            /* Server: IS101
                                                                              */
            /* Database: EMS
            /* Creation Date 02/13/2001 4:08:41 PM
30
            CREATE PROCEDURE usp_fGetIndex(
                                                        @GasMonthX DATETIME,
                                                        @GasDayX DATETIME,
                                                        @IX VARCHAR(15),
35
                                                        @IndexValuexx DECIMAL(19,6) OUTPUT
            AS
40
            Name: usp_fGetIndex
            Description: Get the most recent index value for a specified price index.
45
            GasMonthx - Gas month for lookup
```



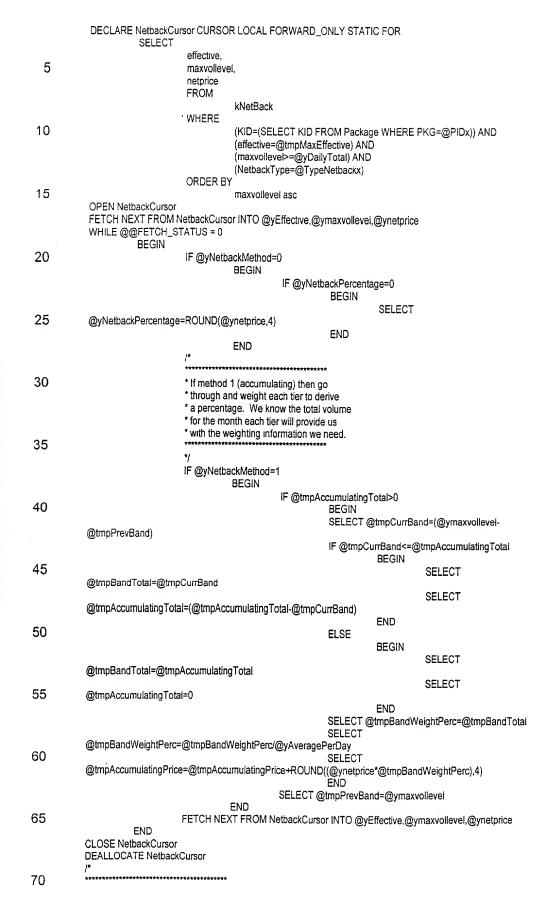
```
and because all price components are now stored
            off the Engine_MasterPrice table (STID's 8 and 9).
            11/08/2000 JAMIE Converted to transact-sql.
 5
                 */
10
            * Declare all exceptions, cursors
            * and local variables that will be
            * utilized by this procedure.
15
           DECLARE IndexBasketLink_Cursor CURSOR LOCAL FORWARD_ONLY STATIC FOR
                      SELECT indexID FROM IndexBasketLink WHERE IndexBasketID=@IndexBasketIDX
           DECLARE @yTotalPrice DECIMAL(19,6)
DECLARE @yTotalIndices INTEGER
20
           DECLARE @yTotalPriceInterim DECIMAL(19,6)
           DECLARE @yindexiD VARCHAR(12)
            * Initialize all fields here...
25
           SELECT @yTotalPrice=0
           SELECT @yTotalIndices=0
SELECT @IndexValuexx=0
30
           * Loop through all of the indices within
            * the index basket. Obtain the price
           * information.
35
           OPEN IndexBasketLink_Cursor
           FETCH NEXT FROM IndexBasketLink_Cursor INTO @yIndexID
           WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
40
                      BEGIN
                                EXECUTE usp_fGetIndex @GasMonthX,@GasDayX,@yIndexID,@yTotalPriceInterim OUTPUT
                                IF @yTotalPriceInterim<>0
                                           BEGIN
                                           SELECT @yTotalPrice=@yTotalPrice+@yTotalPriceInterim
45
                                           SELECT @yTotalIndices=@yTotalIndices+1
                                FETCH NEXT FROM IndexBasketLink_Cursor INTO @yIndexID
                      END
           CLOSE IndexBasketLink_Cursor
50
           DEALLOCATE IndexBasketLink_Cursor
                **********
           * Take the simple average of the totals
           * here...
55
           IF (@yTotalPrice<>0) AND (@yTotalIndices<>0)
                      BEGIN
                                SELECT @IndexValuexx=(@yTotalPrice/@yTotalIndices)
60
                      END
           END
65
           GO
           SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
70
```

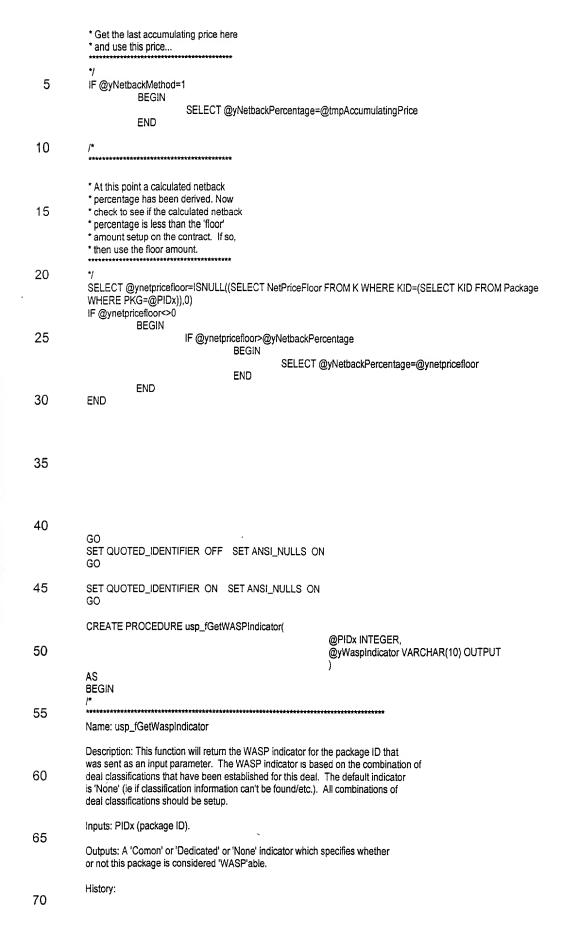
	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO				
5	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_fGetNetbackPercentage(
10	@yNetbackPercentage DECIMAL(19,8) OUTPUT				
	AS BEGIN				
15	Name: usp_fGetNetbackPercentage				
20	Description: This function will return the netback percentage that should be applied to a particular deal, for a particular month. This netback percentage is based on the percentage setup at the contract level for the deal in question. These percentages at the contract level (KNetback table) are tiered. There are two methods of deriving the percentage.				
25	Method 0 (All or nothing) - With this method the average daily volume for the month will be used to find the appropriate tier (also based on effective date). The netback percentage to use will be the FIRST tier setup on the contract whose average daily volume does not exceed the total for the gas month on this package. All gas volume for the month will use this same percentage (all or nothing).				
30	Method 1 (Accumulating) - With this method the resulting end percentage that will be used is based on volumes within each tier (they are weighted based on their respective volumes. The netback percentage that is calculated is based on the wieghted average of all percentages, across all tiers using volumes that were applied.				
35	This particular function will work with Nomination (WhichPricex = 0) and Actual (WhichPricex = 1) volumes. In addition, this procedure can return both 'GAS' and/or 'OIL' (and or any other) netback (via the TypeNetbackx parameter).				
40	was sent as an input parameter. The WASP indicator is based on the combination of deal classifications that have been established for this deal. The default indicator is 'N' (ie if classification information can't be found/etc.). All combinations of deal classifications should be setup.				
45	Inputs:				
50	PIDx (package iD) GasMonthx (Gas Month) TypeNetbackx (type of netback percentage) WhichPricex (0=Nominations, 1=Actuals)				
	Outputs:				
55	A single percentage to be applied to the price, representing the netback.				
33	History:				
	05/13/99 JAMIE Original Creation.				
60	07/22/99 JAMIE Modified to check for a floor amount and return that amount if it is greater than the calculated amount.				
65	09/02/1999 JAMIE Modified to sum volumes either across DEAL, CONTRACT or COMPANY when determining the correct tier.				
	08/21/2000 JAMIE Modifications to only sum volumes within the same product (across entities and services).				
70	11/08/2000 JAMIE Converted to Transact-SQL				

```
5
            * Declare all exceptions, cursors
            * and local variables that will be
            * utilized by this procedure.
10
            DECLARE @zRound INTEGER
            DECLARE @zEntityCID VARCHAR(12)
            DECLARE @zKProductID INTEGER
            DECLARE @zKServiceID INTEGER
15
            DECLARE @tmpEndDate DATETIME
            DECLARE @tmpMaxEffective DATETIME
            DECLARE @tmpDaysInPenod INTEGER
            DECLARE @tmpVoiumeTotal DECIMAL(19,2)
20
            DECLARE @tmpAccumulatingTotal DECIMAL(19,2)
            DECLARE @tmpPrevBand DECIMAL(19,2)
            DECLARE @tmpCurrBand DECIMAL(19,2)
            DECLARE @tmpBandTotal DECIMAL(19,2)
            DECLARE @tmpBandWeightPerc DECIMAL(19,8)
25
            DECLARE @tmpAccumulatingPrice DECIMAL(19,8)
            DECLARE @yNetbackMethod INTEGER
            DECLARE @yNetbackTierLevel VARCHAR(10)
            DECLARE @yAveragePerDay DECIMAL(19,2)
30
            DECLARE @yDailyTotal DECIMAL(19,2)
            DECLARE @yeffective DATETIME
            DECLARE @ymaxvollevel DECIMAL(19,2)
           DECLARE @ynetprice DECIMAL(19,8)
DECLARE @ynetpricefloor DECIMAL(19,8)
35
            DECLARE @yKID INTEGER
            DECLARE @yCID VARCHAR(12)
               ********
            * Get netback method information off the
40
            * contract. The default will be all or
            * nothing (most common). However, this
            * should always be found on the contract.
           * 0 = All or Nothing
45
           *1 = Accumulating
           * Also, this area of the code sets the
            * default for the netback to zero.
50
           * In addition, go and get the default
            * netback tier level off the contract
            * in order to know at what level to
           * summarize the volumes when
           * performing the calculation. The
55
            default is 'DEAL' if it can't be found
            * or if one is not specified.
           SELECT @yNetbackPercentage=0
60
           SELECT @yNetbackMethod=ISNULL((SELECT tier FROM K WHERE KID=(SELECT KID FROM package WHERE
           PKG=@PIDx)),0)
           SELECT @yNetbackTierLevel=ISNULL((SELECT NetbackTierLevel FROM K WHERE KID=(SELECT KID FROM
           package WHERE PKG=@PIDx)),'COMPANY')
           SELECT @yKID=ISNULL((SELECT KID FROM package WHERE PKG=@PIDx),0)
65
           SELECT @yCID=ISNULL((SELECT CID FROM package WHERE PKG=@PIDx),")
           * Get the entity, product and service
            * information off the deal table. There
70
           * has to be a value on the deal (package)
```



```
Package.KProductID=@zKProductID),0)
                        END
  5
             IF (@tmpVolumeTotal=0) OR (@tmpDaysInPeriod<1)
                        BEGIN
                                    SELECT @yAveragePerDay=0
                        END
             ELSE
 10
                        BEGIN
                                   EXECUTE usp_GetProductVolumeRound @PIDx,@zRound OUTPUT
                                   SELECT @yAveragePerDay=ROUND(@tmpVolumeTotal/@tmpDaysInPeriod,@zRound)
                        END
 15
             * Determine which effective date of rules
             * should be used. This will be the max
             * effective date where the effective date
             * is either in or prior to the end of the
 20
             * current gas month. Only the set of rules
             * associated with the most recent effective
             * date will be used. If a date cannot be
             * found then this function will return
             * a zero percentage (ie. one isn't on
25
             * the system that precedes the gas
             * month).
             SELECT @tmpMaxEffective=(SELECT MAX(effective) FROM knetback WHERE KID=(SELECT KID FROM package
30
             WHERE PKG=@PIDx)
                                              AND (effective<=@tmpEndDate) AND NetBackType=@TypeNetbackx)
             IF @tmpMaxEffective IS NULL
                       BEGIN
                                   SELECT @tmpMaxEffective='01-01-1900'
35
                       END
             * If method 0 (all or nothing) then go
             * and get the single tier percentage.
40
             * The tier record will loop through and
             * take the first tier record where the
             * volume is greater than or equal then
             * the average volume per day.
            * This is the all or nothing netback
45
             * pricing tier logic.
            IF @yNetbackMethod=0
                       BEGIN
50
                                   SELECT @yDailyTotal=@yAveragePerDay
                       END
            ELSE
                       BEGIN
                                   SELECT @yDailyTotal=0
55
                       END
            * Initialize any fields that may be
            * needed during the loop process.
60
            SELECT @tmpAccumulatingTotal=@yAveragePerDay
            SELECT @tmpPrevBand=0
            SELECT @tmpAccumulatingPrice=0
65
            * Now loop through all of the netback
            * price records attached to the contract.
70
```





```
08/03/1999 JAMIE Modification to use the deal classification indicators
            off of the package table versus the dealclass table.
 5
10
            * Declare all exceptions, cursors
            * and local variables that will be
            * utilized by this procedure.
            DECLARE @yDeaiContextID INTEGER DECLARE @yDeaiTypeID INTEGER
15
            DECLARE @yDealVolumeVolID INTEGER
DECLARE @yDealPricePeriodiD INTEGER
            DECLARE @yDealInterruptibleID INTEGER
20
            * Populate the various deal classification
            * identifiers based on the information
            * stored on the package table.
25
            SELECT
                       @yDealContextID = PackageDBCR,
                       @yDealTypeiD = DealTypedclD,
30
                       @yDealVolumeVolID = VolumeVolatilitydcID,
                       @yDealPricePeriodID = PricePerioddcID,
                       @yDealInterruptibleID = InterruptibledcID
                       FROM
                                  Package
35
                       WHERE
                                  PKG=@PIDx
            .
*************
            * Now go and get the WASP indicator for
40
            * this particular deal.
            SELECT @yWaspIndicator=ISNULL((SELECT IncludeInWasp FROM rDealClassRules
                                                        WHERE
                                                                   DealContext=@yDealContextID AND DealTypedcID=@yDealTypeID AND
45
                                                                    VolumeVolatilitydciD=@yDealVolumeVoliD AND
                                                                    PricePerioddclD=@yDealPricePeriodlD AND
                                                                   InterruptibledcID=@yDealInterruptibleID),'None')
50
            END
           GO
           SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
55
           SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
           GO
60
           CREATE PROCEDURE usp_fGetWaspType(
                                                                    @PIDx INTEGER.
                                                                    @yWaspType VARCHAR(12) OUTPUT
            AS
65
            BEGIN
                    *************
           Name: usp_fGetWaspType
70
            Description: This function will return the WASP type field to use for the
```

05/12/1999 JAMIE Original Creation.

```
5
             inputs:
             PIDx (package iD).
             Outputs:
 10
             yWaspType - 'OIL','LIQUIDS', OR 'GAS'.
             History:
 15
             12/03/2000 JAMIE Original Creation.
             */
 20
             * Declare all exceptions, cursors
             * and local variables that will be
             * utilized by this procedure.
25
             DECLARE @yDeaiProduct VARCHAR(50)
             DECLARE @yDealProductID INTEGER
30
            * Initialize the return value to be GAS
            SELECT @yWaspType='GAS'
35
            * Get the contrat ID off the deal
            * (package) table.
40
            SELECT @yDeaiProductiD = ISNULL((SELECT KProductID FROM package where PKG=@PIDx),0)
            * If a contract ID was found then
            * based on the value then convert
            * the netback type.
45
            IF @yDeaiProductID <> 0
                       BEGIN
50
            SELECT @yDealProduct = ISNULL((SELECT shortdescription FROM SEProcessingCodes WHERE processingcodeid= @yDealProductID), 'Gas')
                                  IF @yDealProduct = 'Gas'
                                             BEGIN
                                                        SELECT @yWaspType='GAS'
55
                                             END
                                  IF @yDealProduct = 'Oil'
                                             BEGIN
                                                       SELECT @yWaspType='OIL'
                                             END
60
                                  IF @yDealProduct = 'Liquids'
                                            BEGIN
                                                       SELECT @yWaspType='LIQUIDS'
                                             END
                       END
```

specific package (deal) that is being looked at. This type is based on the

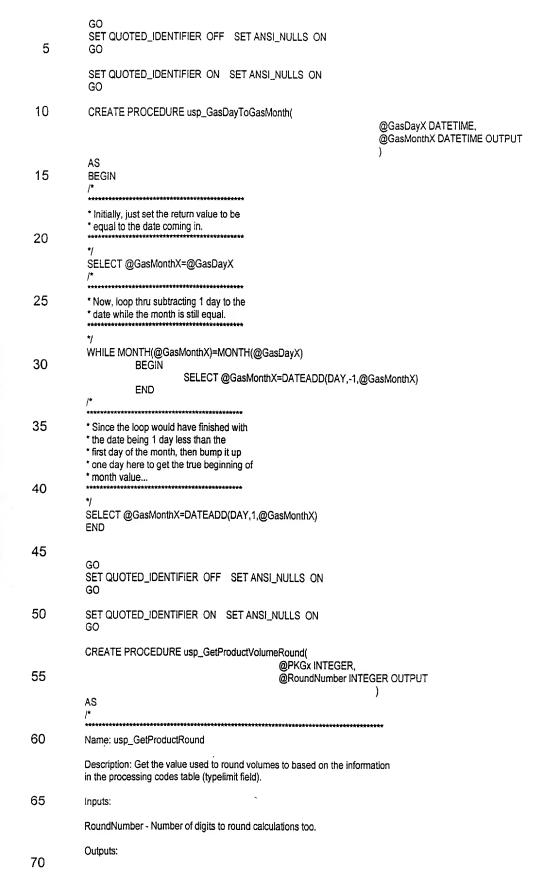
product id setup for the deal.

70

65

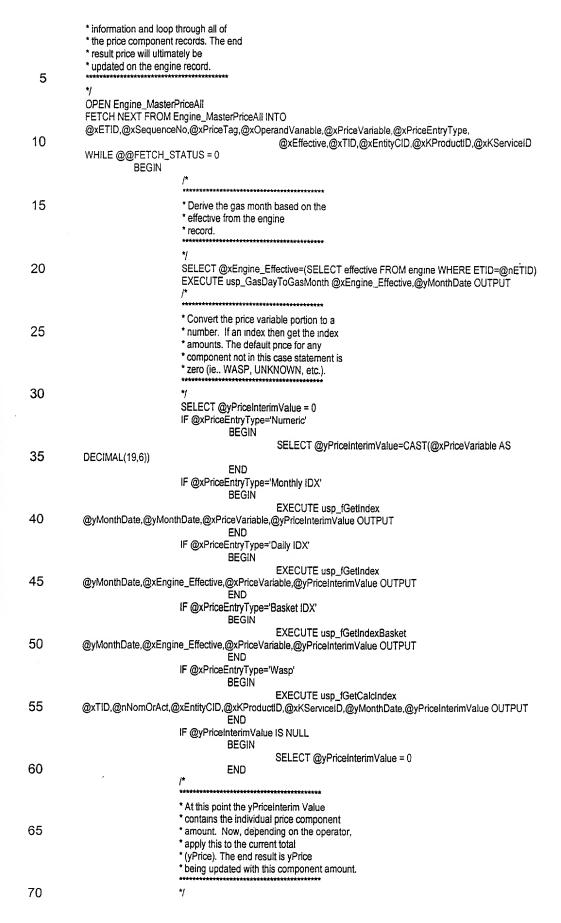
END

```
SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
            GO
 5
            SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON SET ANSI_NULLS ON
            CREATE PROCEDURE usp_flsLastDay(
                                                                  @DT DATETIME
10
            AS
            BEGIN
            DECLARE @LDx DATETIME
            DECLARE @a INTEGER
15
           EXECUTE usp_fLastDay @DT,@LDx OUTPUT
            IF @LDx=@DT
                      BEGIN
                                 SELECT @a=1
                      END
20
           ELSE
                      BEGIN
                                 SELECT @a=0
                      END
            RETURN(@a)
25
            END
           SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
30
           GO
           SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON SET ANSI_NULLS ON
           GO
35
           CREATE PROCEDURE usp_flastday(
                                                      @lastdate DATETIME,
                                                      @ldx DATETIME OUTPUT
           AS
40
           BEGIN
           * Initially, just set the return value to be
            * equal to the date coming in.
45
           SELECT @ldx=@lastdate
50
           * Now, loop thru adding 1 day to the date
           * while the month is still equal.
           WHILE MONTH(@ldx)=MONTH(@lastdate)
55
                      BEĞİN
                                 SELECT @ldx=DATEADD(DAY,1,@ldx)
                      END
           * Since the loop would have finished with * the date being 1 day greater than the
60
           * last day of the month, then back it off
* one day here to get the true end of
           * month value...
65
           SELECT @ldx=DATEADD(DAY,-1,@ldx);
           END
70
```



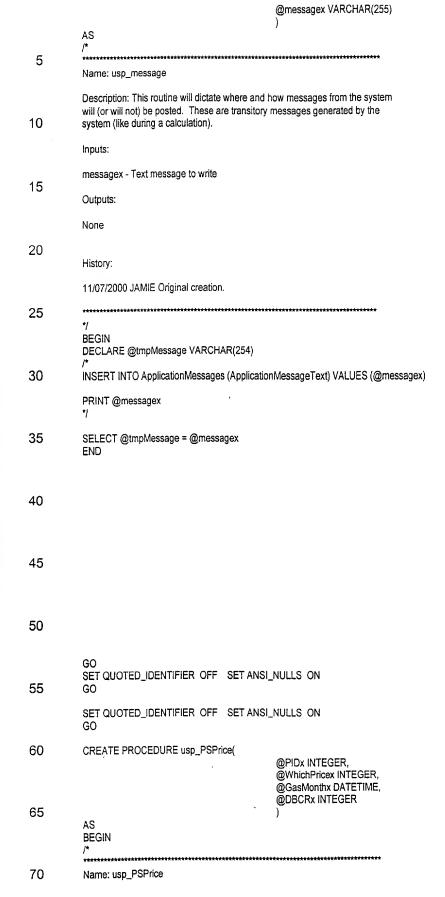
	None				
	History:				
5	11/23/2000 JAMIE Onginal creation.				
10	*/ BEGIN DECLARE @zRoundNumber INTEGER SELECT @zRoundNumber = ISNULL((SELECT SP.TypeLimit FROM SEProcessingCodes AS SP, Package WHERE SP.ProcessingCodeID = Package.KProductID AND Package.PKG=@PKGx),0); SELECT @RoundNumber = @zRoundNumber				
15	END .				
20	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO				
25	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO				
00	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_LinePrice(
30	AS BEGIN /*				
35	Name: usp_LinePrice				
40	Description: This procedure will calculate the line price for a specific Engine record. The input parameter nETID represents a unique key to a specific Engine record. In addition, the nNomOrAct parameter specifies whether or not to post the price line information to the nomination area or the actual area of the engine record. The volgroup field on the engine record contains the unique package (deal) id. This is used in the link to get the actual price components for the package.				
45	Inputs:				
	nETID = Engine Key nNomOrAct = (0=Nomination,1=Actualization)				
50	Outputs:				
	Either an updated PriceOrRateNom or PriceOrRateAct field on the Engine record. The precise field updated depends on the input parameter sent to this process (nNomOrAct).				
55	History:				
	xx/xx/xx (?) CHIP Original Creation.				
60 65	04/29/99 JAMIE Modified for WASP 2.10 Release. Structure changes made to the Engine and Engine_Master tables. In addition, all documentation added. This particular portion of the system required extensive changes due to the need to store a nom and actual number and because all price components are now stored off the Engine_MasterPrice table (STID's 8 and 9).				
•	06/22/2000 JAMIE Modified to pull in the entity, product and service in order to get the correct price off the wasp table (values are passed to the wasp routine).				
70	11/10/2000 JAMIE Converted to Transact-SQL				

```
5
             * Declare all exceptions, cursors
             * and local variables that will be
             * utilized by this procedure.
10
             DECLARE @xEngine_Effective DATETIME
            DECLARE @xETID INTEGER
            DECLARE @xSequenceNo INTEGER
DECLARE @xPriceTag VARCHAR(20)
            DECLARE @xOperandVariable VARCHAR(1)
DECLARE @xPriceVariable VARCHAR(15)
15
            DECLARE @xPriceEntryType VARCHAR(12)
            DECLARE @xEffective DATETIME
            DECLARE @xTID INTEGER
            DECLARE @xEntityCID VARCHAR(12)
DECLARE @xKProductID INTEGER
20
            DECLARE @xKServiceID INTEGER
            DECLARE @yPrice DECIMAL(19,6)
            DECLARE @yPriceInterimValue DECIMAL(19,6)
25
            DECLARE @yMonthDate DATETIME
            DECLARE @zTemp DECIMAL(19,6)
            DECLARE Engine_MasterPriceAll CURSOR LOCAL FORWARD_ONLY STATIC FOR
                                             SELECT DISTINCT
30
                                                         emp.ETID.
                                                         emp.SequenceNo,
                                                        emp.PriceTag,
                                                         emp.OperandVariable.
                                                         emp.PriceVariable,
35
                                                        pc.PriceEntryType,
                                                        em.Effective,
                                                        e.TID.
                                                        k.entitycid,
                                                        package.KProductID,
40
                                                        package.KServiceID
                                                        FROM
                                                                   engine_masterprice AS emp,
                                                                   engine AS e,
                                                                   engine_master AS em,
45
                                                                   pricecomponents AS pc,
                                                                   gasinv,
                                                                   k,
                                                                   package
                                                        WHERE
50
                                                                   (e.ETID=@nETID) AND
                                                                   (em.ETID=e.EM_ETID) AND
                                                                   (emp.ETID=em.ETID) AND
                                                                   (gasinv.tid=e.tid) AND
                                                                   (k.kid=gasinv.kid) AND
55
                                                                   (package.pkg=gasinv.pkg) AND
                                                                   (pc.PriceTag=emp.PriceTag) AND
                                                                   (emp.NomOrActual=@nNomOrAct)
                                                        ORDER BY
                                                                   emp.ETID,
60
                                                                   emp.SequenceNo
            * Initialize all fields here...
65
            SELECT @yPrice=0
            SELECT @yPriceInterimValue=0
                  *****
70
            * Open the cursor to get the pricing
```



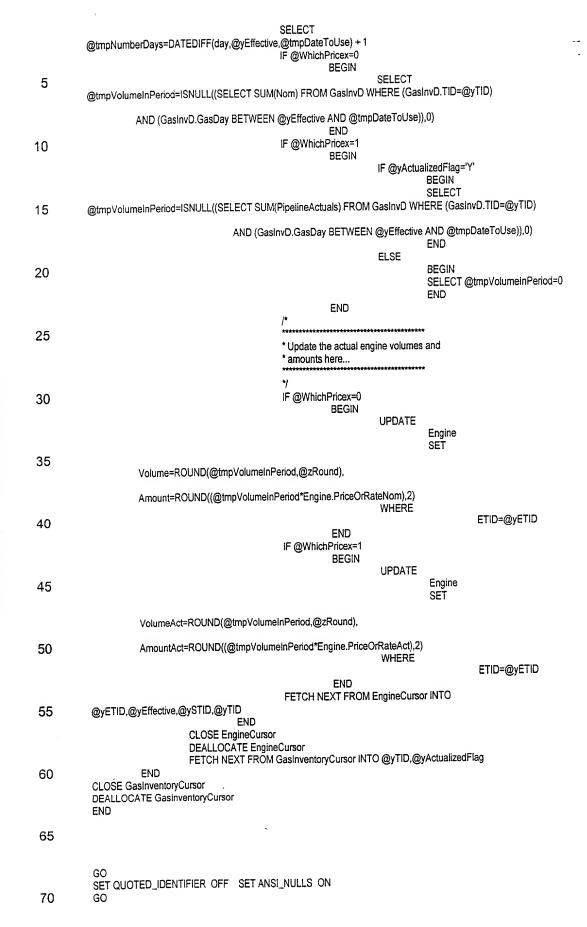
CREATE PROCEDURE usp_message(

IF @xOperandVariable='+'

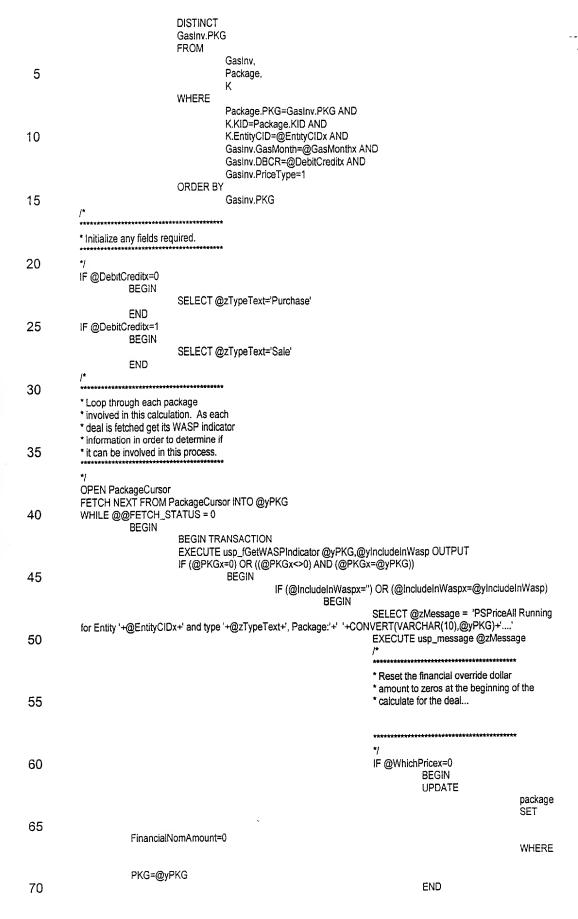


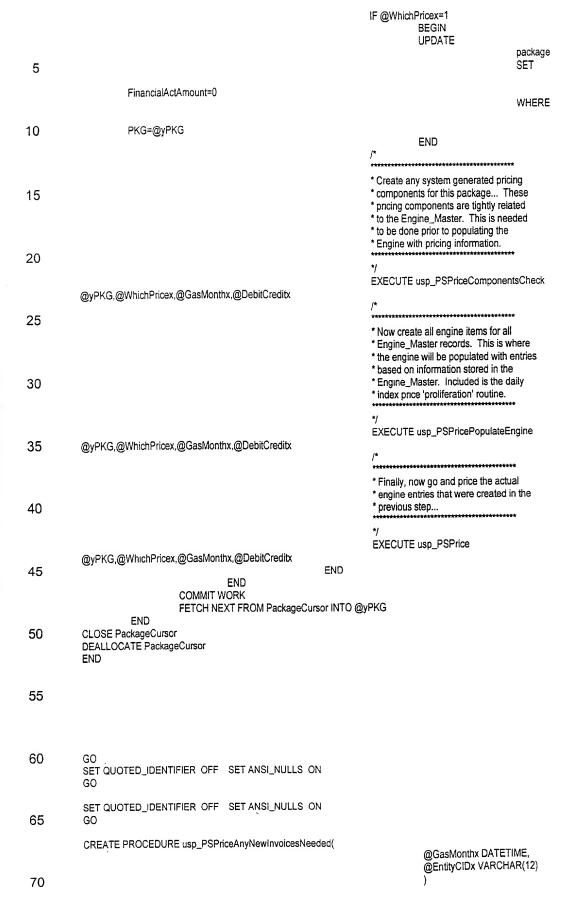
```
Description: Price all of the gas inventory items.
            History:
 5
            xx/xx/xx (?) CHIP Original Creation.
            05/03/99 JAMIE Modified for WASP 2.10 Release. Structure changes
            made to the Engine and Engine_Master tables. In
10
            addition, all documentation added. In addition modifications were made to drive the
            pricing off package identifier versus Gas Inventory Transaction Identifier (TID). Since
            all pricing is done at a package level.
            Only those entries within the gas inventory with pricetype=1
15
            will be processed by this procedure. These entries represent
            only the purchase and sale items AND SHOULD HAVE Engine_Master
            records associated with them.
            07/12/2000 JAMIE Modified to check for the actualizedflag on the
            gasiny record. If the flag is set to a 'Y' then set the price accordingly. If
20
            the flag is set to something other than a 'Y' (ie., 'N' or null) then the
            price will automatically get a zero. The price or rate number for actuals
            will still calculate AND it is possible that some meters within a deal will
            calculate (if the flag is set) while other meters on the same deal will not
            (if the flag is not set). The engine record is where all calculated results
25
            are stored and will contain zeros for the entries that have not been
            setup to be actualized.
30
            * Declare all variables and cursors
             * that are needed by this process.
35
            DECLARE @tmpEndDate DATETIME
            DECLARE @tmpNextEffectiveDate DATETIME
            DECLARE @tmpNumberDays INTEGER
40
            DECLARE @tmpVolumeInPeriod DECIMAL(19,2)
            DECLARE @tmpDateToUse DATETIME
            DECLARE @yTID INTEGER
            DECLARE @yActualizedFlag VARCHAR(1)
            DECLARE @ySTID INTEGER
45
            DECLARE @yEffective DATETIME
            DECLARE @yETID INTEGER
            DECLARE @zRound INTEGER
50
             DECLARE GasinventoryCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
                        SELECT
                                    DISTINCT
                                   TID,
                                   ActualizedFlag
55
                                   FROM
                                               Gasinv
                                   WHERE
                                               (PKG=@PIDx) AND
                                               (PriceType=1) AND
                                               (DBCR=@DBCRx)
60
             * At this point the calculation needs to
             * happen. Iterate through each of the
             * inventory items attached to this particular
65
             * package... Only STID's of 8 or 9 are
             * priced here... (STID=8 is DBCR=0 is a
             * purchase),(STID=9 is DBCR=1 is a sale).
70
             * Within each inventory item go through
```

	* each effective date/STID and use the * pricing rules to determine whether the * pricing accumulates or is all or * nothing.			
5	*/			
	EXECUTE usp_GetProductVolumeRound @PID: OPEN GasInventoryCursor	x,@zRound	OUTPUT	
40	FETCH NEXT FROM GasinventoryCursor INTO	@yTID,@yA	ActualizedFla	g
10	WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN	0118008		TIO FORWARD, ONE V FOR
	DECLARE EngineCurso SELECT	r CURSOR I	LOCALSTA	TIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
15		DISTINCT e.ETID,		
		e.Effective, e.STID,		
		e.TID		
20			Engine AS	
		WHERE	Engine_Mas	ster AS em
				e.EM_ETID) AND √oiGroup) AND
25			(e.TID=@yT	
		ORDER BY	e.ETID	
	OPEN EngineCursor FETCH NEXT FROM Er	ngineCursor	INTO @vET	iD,@yEffective,@ySTID,@yTID
30	WHILE @@FETCH_ST/ BEGIN		.	
		/ *	******	***********
				he engine with the
35			price from th the following	e engine_master function.
		*/	*****	*******
40		ÉXECUTE :	usp_LinePrio	e @yETID,@WhichPricex
40		******		
				total to be applied This represents
45			f the volume ate and the	between the
70		* month OR	the next prid	ce effective
		* tmpNumber		ins the number of
50		* toward wit	hin the calcu	
		***************************************	*******	******
		EXECUTE (usp_fLastDa	y @GasMonthx,@tmpEndDate OUTPUT ctiveDate=(SELECT MIN(effective)-1 FROM
55	engine AS e WHERE (e.TID=@yTID) AND (e.ST	ID=@ySTID) AND (e.Eff	ective>@yEffective))
		ir @unpive	xtEffectiveDa BEGIN	
	@tmpNextEffectiveDate=@tmpEndDate			SELECT
60	,	IF @tmpNe	END xtEffectiveDa	ate<@tmpEndDate
			BEGIN	SELECT
05	@tmpDateToUse=@tmpNextEffectiveDate		END	OLLLO I
65		ELSE	END	
			BEGIN	SELECT @tmpDateToUse=@tmpEndDate
			END	



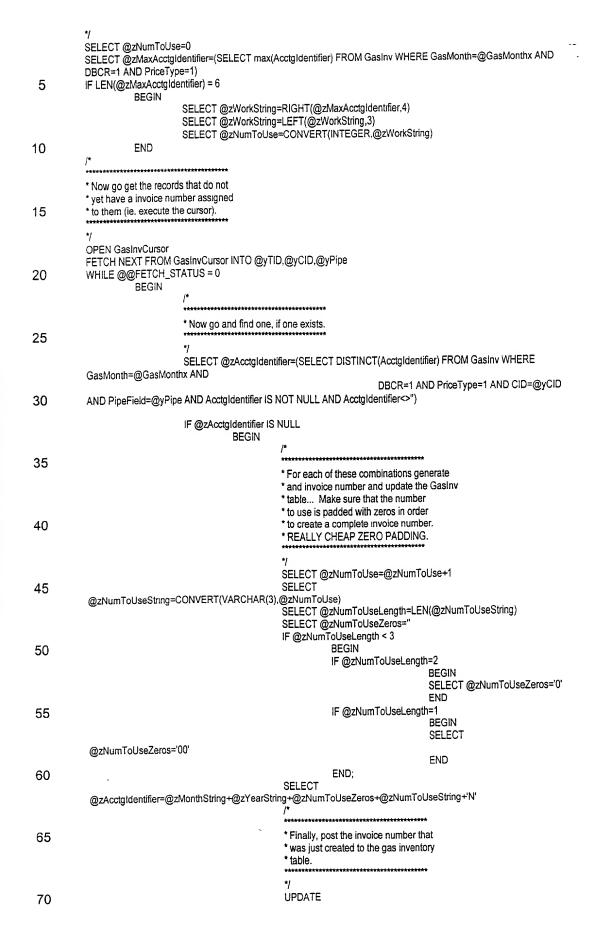
	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS OF GO	N .				
5	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceAll(@GasMonthx DATETIME, @DebitCreditx INTEGER, @Which INTEGER,				
10		@PKGx INTEGER, @EntityCIDx VARCHAR(12), @IncludeInWASPx VARCHAR(10)				
15	AS BEGIN /* Name: usp_PSPriceAll	*************				
20	Description: Loop thruough all packages (deals) involved within a given or sale) and invoke the pnce procedures.	month (purchase				
25	Inputs: GasMonthx (Gas Month to price),					
30	DebitCreditx (0=Debit (Purchases) - 1=Credit (Sales)), WhichPricex (0=Nominations, 1=Actualizations PKGx (0=all otherwise specific package ID) EntityCIDx (owning company entity id) IncludeInWASPx (" for all, otherwise check for 'Common','D	edicated', or 'None')				
35	History: 05/13/99 JAMIE This entire process was rewritten with V2.10 of the Gas Control System. Package driven now instead of individual inventory item driven.					
40	07/22/99 JAMIE Include 3rd party deals within the calcualtion process. They WILL NOT BE included within the WASP calculations and will be treated the same as "Dedicated" (sanctioned sales) deals. This will ensure they are not affecting any other pricing component.					
45	05/24/2000 JAMIE Modified to include the changes to calcu- entity ID (passed to this calculation). This ensures that WA are all within their respective companies The deal cursor will now only select those items where the entity ID for the of matches the one passed to this routine.	SP calculations/etc r (PackageCursor)				
50	07/26/2000 JAMIE Modified to include the includeInWaspx this particular procedure. This will allow certain types of de be priced independently of other types (ie do 3rd party firs to divie the proceeds either to a pool OR to another deal).	als to				
55	**************************************	***************				
60	* Declare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process. */					
65	DECLARE @zTypeText VARCHAR(10) DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(255)					
	DECLARE @yPKG INTEGER DECLARE @yIncludeInWasp VARCHAR(10)					
70	DECLARE PackageCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FOR SELECT	RWARD_ONLY FOR				





	AS BEGIN /*	
5	Name: usp_PSPriceAnyNewInvoice	sNeeded
-	Description:	
10	This routine gets executed once a g in an 'Invoiced' status. It will automa number where one previously did no number as an existing).	atically go out and assign and invoice
45	Inputs:	
15	GasMonthx - Gas month being calco	ulated
	History:	
20	12/15/1999 JAMIE Original creation	n
25	12/21/1999 JAMIE Modify to put the field of the invoice number to eliminate	monthly aphabetic code as the first ate OGSYS clipping of a leading zero.
25		create the invoices within the given owning need to be unique within the entire system.
30	*/ */ *	*************
35	* Declare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process. */	
40	DECLARE @yTID INTEGER DECLARE @yCID VARCHAR(12) DECLARE @yPipe VARCHAR(12) DECLARE @zAcctgldentifier VARC DECLARE @zYear INTEGER	
45	DECLARE @zYearString VARCHAI DECLARE @zMonth INTEGER DECLARE @zMonthString VARCHA DECLARE @zNumToUse INTEGER DECLARE @zNumToUseLength IN DECLARE @zNumToUseString VA DECLARE @zNumToUseZeros VA DECLARE @zMaxAcctgldentifier VA	AR(1) R ITEGER RCHAR(3) RCHAR(3)
50	DECLARE @zWorkString VARCHA	
	DECLARE GasInvCursor CURSOR SELECT GasInv.TID	LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
55	Gasinv. Fib Gasinv. Pip Gasinv. Pip FROM	o, eField
60	WHERE	Gasinv, Package, K
65		GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND GasInv.PriceType=1 AND GasInv.DBCR=1 AND (Acctgldentifler IS NULL OR Acctgldentifler=") AND Package.PKG=GasInv.PKG AND K.KID=Package.KID AND
	ORDER BY	
70		Gasinv.CID,

GasInv.PipeField * Determine the prefix to use for the 5 * creation of the invoice numbers. If more * than 10 years then these numbers begin * to be reused. * This routine is CHEAP but it should 10 SELECT @zyear=YEAR(@GasMonthx) SELECT @zyearString=RIGHT(CONVERT(VARCHAR(4),@zyear),1) SELECT @zMonth=MONTH(@GasMonthx) 15 IF @zMonth=1 **BEGIN** SELECT @zMonthString='A' END 20 IF @zMonth=2 **BEGIN** SELECT @zMonthString='B' END IF @zMonth=3 25 **BEGIN** SELECT @zMonthString='C' END IF @zMonth=4 **BEGIN** 30 SELECT @zMonthString='D' END IF @zMonth=5 **BEGIN** SELECT @zMonthString='E' 35 END IF @zMonth=6 **BEGIN** SELECT @zMonthString='F' **END** IF @zMonth=7 40 **BEGIN** SELECT @zMonthString='G' **END** IF @zMonth=8 45 **BEGIN** SELECT @zMonthString='H' END IF @zMonth=9 **BEGIN** SELECT @zMonthString='l' 50 END IF @zMonth=10 **BEGIN** SELECT @zMonthString='J' 55 END IF @zMonth=11 BEGIN SELECT @zMonthString='K' **END** IF @zMonth=12 60 BEGIN SELECT @zMonthString='L' END 65 * Find the starting point to begin * assigning new invoices from just * in case some numbers need to be * assigned. 70

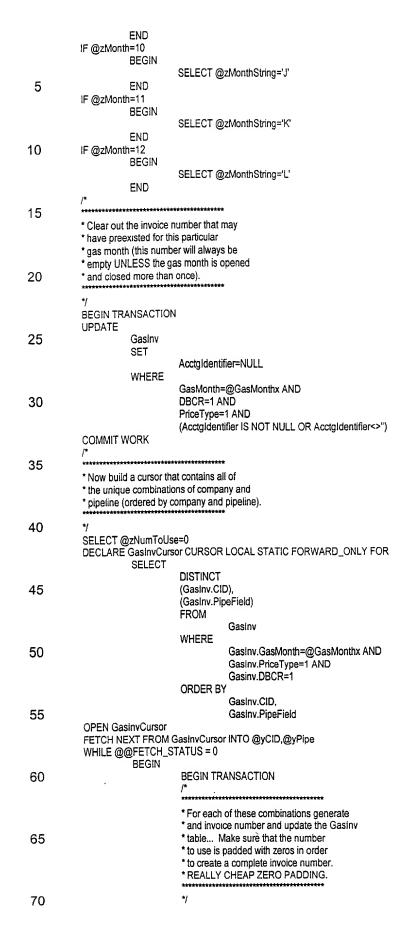


		Gasinv SET				
		WHERE	Acctgldentifier=@zAcctgldentifier			
5		WILKE	GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND DBCR=1 AND PriceType=1 AND CID=@yCID AND PipeField=@yPipe AND			
10.	END		TID=@yTID			
	FETCH NEXT FROM GasinvCurso END	or INTO @y7	FID,@yCID,@yPipe			
15	CLOSE GasinvCursor DEALLOCATE GasinvCursor END					
20						
20	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS OF GO	N				
25	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS OF	N				
00	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceAssignInvoiceNo(@GasMonthx DATETIME			
30	AS)			
	BEGIN SET NOCOUNT ON					
25	/*		*****			
35	Name: usp_PSPriceAssignInvoiceNo					
40	Description: This routine will clear out any existing invoice number an inventory table AND generate/assign an invoice number an inventory table.					
45	This particular routine is only looking at 'Sales' (DBCR=1) was month (GasMonthx) that have a price type of '1' (ie no item).	vithin the spe ot a transport	edified inventory			
40	The format of the invoice number that gets generated will be as follows:					
	Character					
50	Represents alph code for month (A=January, B=Februar Represents the last digit of the year (1999=9, 2000=0, e 3-5 Represents unqiue number assigned. Represents 'N' for Nominations.					
55	These invoice numbers are generated uniquely for all sales company identifier. This procedure will assign the invoice r nom and actual fields. Later (during actual calculations) the or may not get updated based on the modifications made to	number to bo e actual invo	oth the ice number may			
60	Inputs: GasMonthx (Gas Month to calculate),					
	History:					
0.5	10/27/1999 JAMIE Original creation					
65	11/19/1999 JAMIE Modified the number creation to post the final character as an 'N'.					
70	12/21/1999 JAMIE Modified the number creation process talphabetic code at the beginning of the invoice number inst					

	*/				
5	/*				

	* Declare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process.				

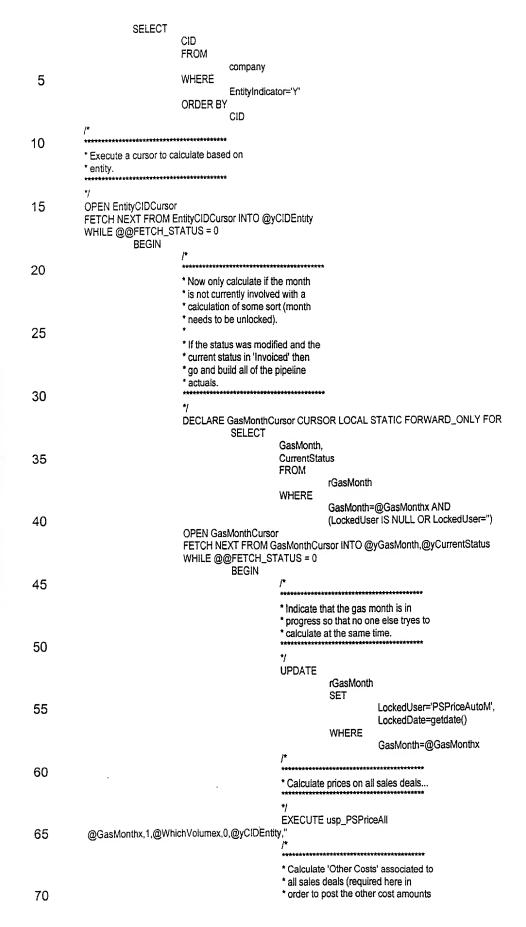
10	*/				
	DECLARE @yCID VARCHAR(12) DECLARE @yPipe VARCHAR(12)				
	DECLARE @zAcctgldentifier VARCHAR(12)				
	DECLARE @zYear INTEGER				
15	DECLARE @zYearString VARCHAR(1) DECLARE @zMonth INTEGER				
	DECLARE @zMonthString VARCHAR(1)				
	DECLARE @zNumToUse INTEGER				
20	DECLARE @zNumToUseLength INTEGER DECLARE @zNumToUseString VARCHAR(3)				
20	DECLARE @ZNumToUseZeros VARCHAR(3)				
	/* **********				
	* Determine the prefix to use for the				
25	* creation of the invoice numbers. If more				
	* than 10 years then these numbers begin * to be reused.				
	*				
30	* This routine is CHEAP but it should * suffice.				
30	Suince. ************************************				
	*/ CELECT @=Vaa==VEAB/@CasMonthy)				
	SELECT @zYear=YEAR(@GasMonthx) SELECT @zYearString=RIGHT(CONVERT(VARCHAR(4),@zYear),1)				
35	SELECT @zMonth=MONTH(@GasMonthx)				
	IF @zMonth=1 BEGIN				
	SELECT @zMonthString='A'				
40	END IF @zMonth=2				
40	BEGIN				
	SELECT @zMonthString='B'				
	END IF @zMonth=3				
45	BEGIN				
	SELECT @zMonthString='C' END				
	IF @zMonth=4				
50	BEGIN SELECT @zMonthString='D'				
50	END SELECT @ZWONINSUNG=5				
	IF @zMonth=5				
	BEGIN SELECT @zMonthString='E'				
55	END				
	IF @zMonth=6 BEGIN				
	SELECT @zMonthString='F'				
00	END				
60	IF @zMonth=7 BEGIN				
	SELECT @zMonthString='G'				
	END IF @zMonth=8				
65	BEGIN				
	SELECT @zMonthString='H' END				
	IF @zMonth=9				
70	BEGIN SELECT @zMonthString≕'l'				
70	See Of Walnord Outling-1				

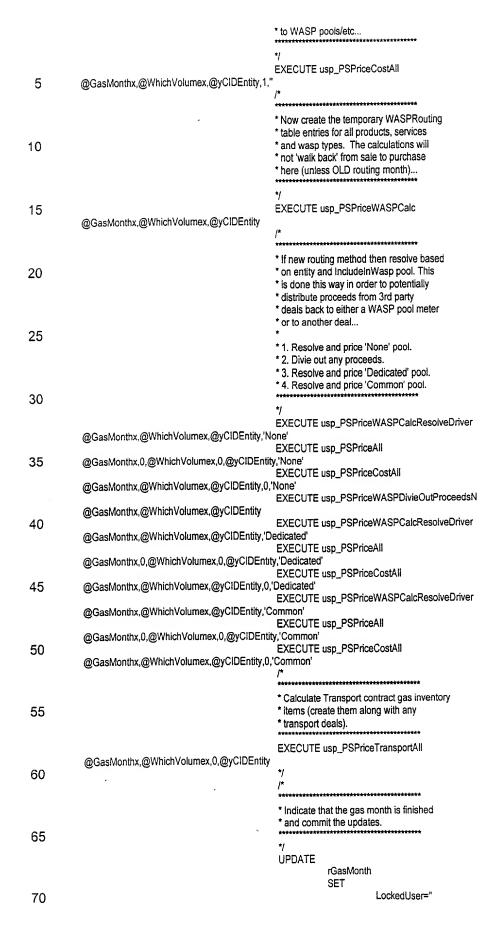


```
SELECT @zNumToUse=@zNumToUse+1
                               SELECT @zNumToUseString=CONVERT(VARCHAR(3),@zNumToUse)
                               SELECT @zNumToUseLength=LEN(@zNumToUseString)
                               SELECT @zNumToUseZeros="
                               IF @zNumToUseLength < 3
 5
                                         BEGIN
                                                    IF @zNumToUseLength=2
                                                              BEGIN
                                                                         SELECT @zNumToUseZeros='0'
                                                              END
10
                                                    IF @zNumToUseLength=1
                                                              BEGIN
                                                                         SELECT @zNumToUseZeros='00'
                                                              END
15
                                          END
                                SELECT
           @zAcctgIdentifier=@zMonthString+@zYearString+@zNumToUseZeros+@zNumToUseString+'N'
20
                                * Finally, post the invoice number that
                                * was just created to the gas inventory
                                * table.
                                UPDATE
25
                                          Gaslnv
                                          SET
                                                    Acctgldentifier=@zAcctgldentifier
                                          WHERE
30
                                                    GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                                    DBCR=1 AND
                                                    PriceType=1 AND
                                                    CID=@yCID AND
                                                    PipeField=@yPipe
35
                                COMMIT WORK
                                FETCH NEXT FROM GasinvCursor INTO @yCID,@yPipe
                      END
           CLOSE GasinvCursor
           DEALLOCATE GasinvCursor
40
           END
45
            SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
50
            SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
            CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceAuto
55
            AS
            BEGIN
            Name: usp_PSPriceAuto
60
            Description:
            This procedure will be scheduled at automatically calculate the gas months
            in their respective stages. Noms get calculated for gas months in the 'Sales' stage.
            Pipeline actuals get calculated for gas months in the 'Invoiced' stage. All other gas
65
            months are ignored by this process.
            Inputs:
70
            None
```

	History:	
_	07/29/1999 JAMIE Original Creation.	
5	10/20/1999 JAMIE Modified to invoke the PSPriceCostAll routin calculate other costs for deals and post them to the engine table	
10	03/22/2000 JAMIE Modified to invoke the single month calculat ensure easier (non duplicated) maintenance on procedures to the contract of the	ion routine. This will update price calculation:
	***********************	*****
	/ /	
15	**************************************	
	* Declare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process.	
20	*/ DECLARE @yGasMonth DATETIME	
	/* ***********************************	
05	* First, calculate all of the nom * numbers (each gas month).	
25	*/	
	DECLARE GasMonthCursor1 CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FOR SELECT	WARD_ONLY FOR
30	GasMonth FROM	
	rGasMonth WHERE	
	CurrentStatus='Sales' AN	
35	(LockedUser IS NULL OF ORDER BY	(Lockeduser=")
	GasMonth OPEN GasMonthCursor1	
	FETCH NEXT FROM GasMonthCursor1 INTO @yGasMonth	
40	WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN	
	EXECUTE usp_PSPriceAutoMonth @ FETCH NEXT FROM GasMonthCurs)yGasMonth,0 or1 INTO @yGasMonth
	END CLOSE GasMonthCursor1	
45	DEALLOCATE GasMonthCursor1	
	/* *****************	
	* Now calculate based on the pipeline * actuals each month.	
50	********	
	*/ DECLARE GasMonthCursor2 CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FOR SELECT	RWARD_ONLY FOR
55	GasMonth FROM	
55	rGasMonth	
	WHERE CurrentStatus='Invoiced'	AND
60	(LockedUser IS NULL OI ORDER BY	R LockedUser=")
60	GasMonth	
	OPEN GasMonthCursor2 FETCH NEXT FROM GasMonthCursor2 INTO @yGasMonth	
e E	WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN	
65	EXECUTE usp_PSPriceAutoMonth (DyGasMonth,1
	FETCH NEXT FROM GasMonthCurs	sorz in 10 @yGasMonti
70	CLOSE GasMonthCursor2 DEALLOCATE GasMonthCursor2	
70	DEALLOCATE Gasimonatoursonz	

5	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO			
10	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO			
15	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceAutoMonth(
20	AS BEGIN SET NOCOUNT ON /* Name: usp_PSPriceAutoMonth			
25	Description: This procedure will be execute all of the price calculation procedures required for a given month INCLUDING locking the month from other executions This			
30	particualr procedure will be executed asynchronously by the system through the online screens. Inputs:			
35	GasMonthx (Gas month to calculate) WhichVolumex (Price noms=0, Price actuals=1) History:			
40	08/31/1999 JAMIE Original Creation. 12/15/1999 JAMIE Modified to execute a new stored procedure once			
	the gas month has been changed to the 'Accounting' status. This new procedure will mark and 'zap' the invoice numbers (amongst other things) on those gas inventory items were some sort of a price or volume adjustment was made.			
45	03/22/2000 JAMIE Modified this process to handle all of the calculations for gas months, etc. Moved the 'Divie' process to this routine (was buried within the transport cost module).			
50	05/24/2000 JAMIE Modified to enable an outer cursor on company entity (CID). This will allow for the partitioning of the calculations based on company ID (so we don't mix WASP Pool results/etc.).			
55	07/26/2000 JAMIE Modified to incorporate the changes to process calculations for certain types of deals prior to others (ie. 3rd party first so that profits can be distributed. This change included passing a new parameter to the PSPriceAll function (on which pool (" for all)			
60	08/25/2000 JAMIE Modified to remove logic that invoked the older calculation routines.			
65	02/01/2001 JAMIE Modified to remove the transport section (commented out). */ DECLARE @yCIDEntity VARCHAR(12) DECLARE @yGasMonth DATETIME DECLARE @yCurrentStatus VARCHAR(20)			
70	DECLARE EntityCIDCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR			



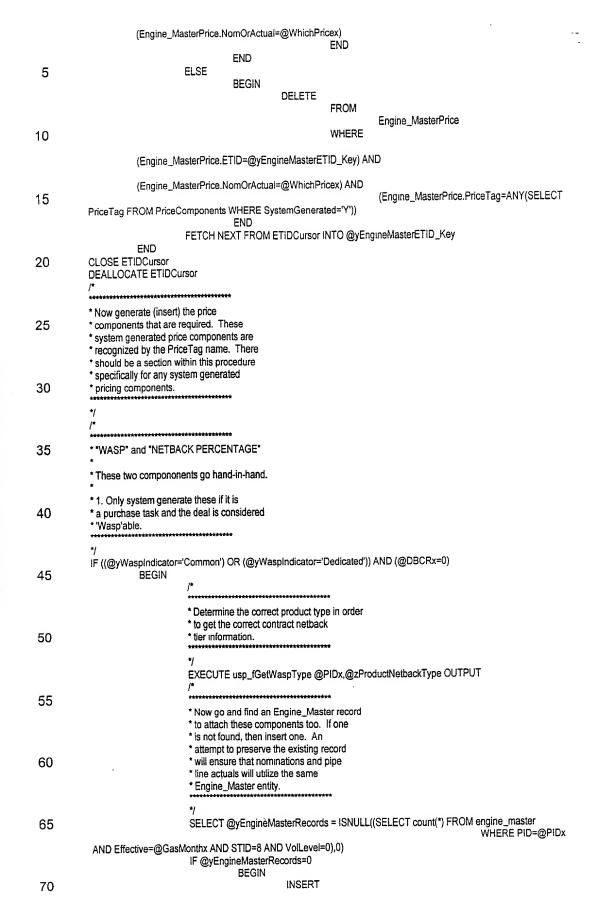


GasMonth=@GasMonthx 5 * Check to make sure that any items that * require an invoice number gets created. * This is only applicable when the gas month * is in an 'Invoiced' state already. This * picks up any new deals/meters created * after the gas month promoted to 'Invoiced'. 10 IF (@yCurrentStatus='Invoiced') BEGIN EXECUTE usp_PSPriceAnyNewInvoicesNeeded 15 @yGasMonth,@yClDEntity FETCH NEXT FROM GasMonthCursor INTO @yGasMonth,@yCurrentStatus **END** 20 CLOSE GasMonthCursor DEALLOCATE GasMonthCursor FETCH NEXT FROM EntityCIDCursor INTO @yCIDEntity **END** 25 CLOSE EntityCIDCursor DEALLOCATE EntityCIDCursor 30 35 SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON 40 GO CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceComponentsCheck(@PIDx INTEGER, @WhichPricex INTEGER, @GasMonthx DATETIME, 45 @DBCRx INTEGER AS **BEGIN** 50 Name: usp_PSPriceComponentsCheck Description: 55 Create any system generated pricing components automatically. Any existing system generated pricing components are deleted. Then they are recreated within this particular process. This procedure should be invoked for all packages that were created within a given gas month. Current System Generated Items include price components tagged as 'NETBACK PERCENTAGE' or 60 'WAŚP'. Inputs: 65 PIDx - Package Identifier WhichPricex - 0=Nominations, 1=Actuals GasMonthx - Gas Month for Price Calculations DBCRx - 0=Purchase, 1=Sales 70 History:

WHERE

```
05/12/1999 JAMIE Original Creation.
           07/28/2000 JAMIE Modify this process so that OIL, GAS or LIQUIDS is used when
 5
           obtaining the netback percentage. This is based on the product ID for the deal.
           08/17/2000 JAMIE Modify the process to eliminate any pricing entries on
           WASP/EQUITY deals ('Common' pool). This will ensure that the only pricing
           entries on the wasp deals are those that are system generated.
10
           */
            * Declare all variables and cursors
15
            * that are needed by this process.
            DECLARE @zProductID INTEGER
            DECLARE @zProductNetbackType VARCHAR(12)
20
            DECLARE @yWaspIndicator VARCHAR(10)
            DECLARE @yEngineMasterRecords INTEGER
            DECLARE @yEngineMasterETID_Key INTEGER
            DECLARE @yEngineMasterPriceSequence INTEGER
            DECLARE @yNetBackPercentage DECIMAL(19,8)
25
            DECLARE ETIDCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
                       SELECT
                                 DISTINCT
                                 ETID
30
                       FROM
                                 Engine_Master
                       WHERE
                                 PID=@PIDx
35
                     *******
            * Get the WASP indicator for this
            * particular deal via a function call.
             This is based on how the deal is
40
             classified.
            EXECUTE usp_fGetWaspIndicator @PIDx,@yWaspIndicator OUTPUT
45
            * All deals should have system generated
            * price entries removed here...
            * In addition, 'Common' wasp pool deals
50
            * will have all non system generated
             * price entries removed. Only purchase
            * deals are impacted by system generated
            * entries.
55
            OPEN ETIDCursor
            FETCH NEXT FROM ETIDCursor INTO @yEngineMasterETID_Key
            WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                       BEGIN
                                  IF @yWaspIndicator='Common'
60
                                            BEGIN
                                                       IF @DBCRx=0
                                                                  BEGIN
                                                                             DELETE
                                                                                        FROM
65
                                                                                                  Engine_MasterPrice
                                                                                        WHERE
```

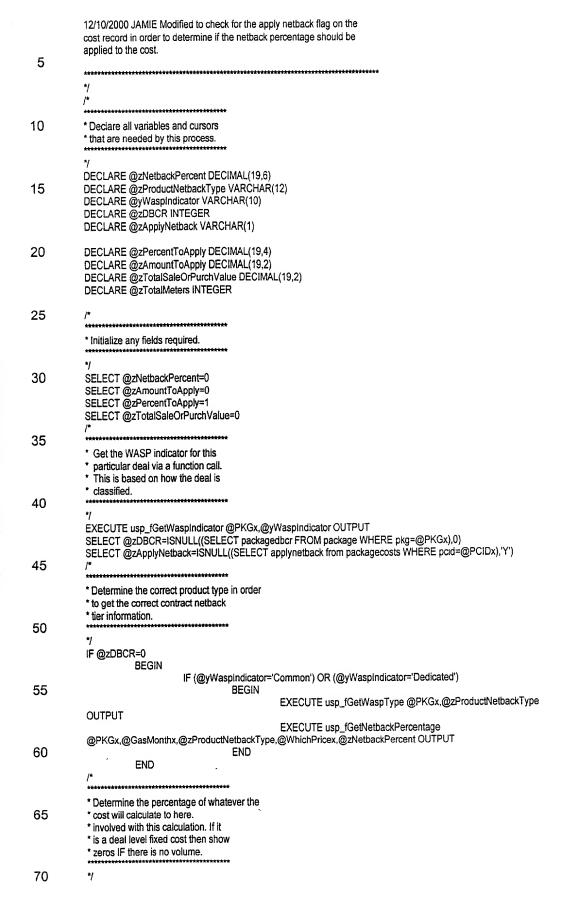
(Engine_MasterPrice.ETID=@yEngineMasterETID_Key) AND



Engine_Master

E	(PID,Effective,STID,VolLevel,VolGroup,VarFixed,MMBtuMCF,TierThreshold) VALUES
5	(@PIDx,@GasMonthx,8,0,@PIDx,1,1,1)
	END SELECT @yEngineMasterETID_Key = ISNULL((SELECT MIN(ETID) FROM Engine_Master WHERE PID=@PIDx
10	AND Effective=@GasMonthx AND STID=8 AND VolLevel=0),0)
	/* ***********************************
15	* At this point we now either have a valid * ETID (key) to the Engine_Master or 0. * There should be only a single record on * the Engine_Master for these types of * packages.
20	* Now insert the 'WASP' price component.
	iF @yEngineMasterETID_Key > 0 BEGIN
25	SELECT @yEngineMasterPriceSequence = ISNULL((SELECT MAX(SequenceNo) FROM Engine_MasterPrice
	WHERE ETID=@yEngineMasterETID_Key AND NomOrActual=@WhichPricex),0) SELECT @yEngineMasterPriceSequence =
	@yEngineMasterPriceSequence+1
30	INSERT INTO
	Engine_MasterPrice
35	(ETID,PriceTag,OperandVariable,PriceVariable,CreateUser,CreateDate,LastUpdateUser, LastUpdateDate,SequenceNo,NomOrActual) VALUES
	(@yEngineMasterETID_Key,'WASP','+','WASP',UPPER(user_name()),
40	getdate(),UPPER(user_name()),getdate(),@yEngineMasterPriceSequence,@WhichPricex) END
	/* ***********************************
45	* Now invoke the 'NETBACK PERCENTAGE' * calculation routine and then insert this * particular price component. Remember to * put the netback percentage into its * 'string' representation.
50	*/ IF @yEngineMasterETID_Key > 0 BEGIN
55	EXECUTE usp_fGetNetbackPercentage @PIDx,@GasMonthx,@zProductNetbackType,@WhichPricex,@yNetBackPercentage OUTPUT IF @yNetBackPercentage IS NULL BEGIN
	SELECT @yNetBackPercentage = 0 END
60	SELECT @yEngineMasterPriceSequence = @yEngineMasterPriceSequence+1
00	INSERT INTO
	Engine_MasterPrice
65	(ETID,PriceTag,OperandVariable,PriceVariable,CreateUser,
	CreateDate,LastUpdateUser,LastUpdateDate,SequenceNo,NomOrActual) VALUES
70	(@yEngineMasterETID_Key,'NETBACK PERCENTAGE','",LTRIM(STR(@yNetBackPercentage,8,4)),

	UPPER(CURRENT_USER),getdate(),UPPER(CURRENT_USER),getdate(),@yEngineMasterPriceSequence
_	,@WhichPricex) END
5	END END
10	
15	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
20	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
20	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceCost(
25	@GasMonthx DATETIME, @WhichPricex INTEGER, @PKGx INTEGER, @STIDx INTEGER, @PCIDx INTEGER, @TIDx INTEGER, @CostLevelx VARCHAR(12), @CostBasisx VARCHAR(40),
30	@CostRateOrAmountx DECIMAL(19,6), @TotalVolumex DECIMAL(19,2), @MeterVolumex DECIMAL(19,2)
35	AS BEGIN
	Name: usp_PSPriceCost
40	Description: This particular procedure will perform the actual calculations and post updates to the engine table (for other costs associated with deals). This is done for each meter within a deal for an other cost item.
4.5	Inputs:
45	GasMonthx (Gas Month to cost)
	WhichPricex (0=Nominations, 1=Actualizations) PKGx (deal id)
50	STIDx (engine transaction id) PCIDx (deal other cost unique id (see PackageCosts table) TIDx (gas inventory identifier) CostLevelx (Level that cost is appropriated towards)
55	CostBasisx (rules governing calculation of the cost) CostRateOrAmountx (rate or amount involved in cost) TotalVolumex (total volume for deal) MeterVolumex (total volume for meter within deal).
	History:
60	10/20/99 JAMIE Initial creation.
	03/26/00 JAMIE Modified to allow for zero volume deals to have other (fixed) costs assigned to them.
65 ·	10/03/20 JAMIE Modified to correct problem associated with 'METER' calculations using entire deal volume.
70	12/01/2000 JAMIE Modified to apply the netback percentage to the other cost when it is calculated. This percentage is only applicable to purchase deals that are in the 'Common' or 'Dedicated' pools.



```
IF (@MeterVolumex<>0) AND (@TotalVolumex<>0)
                      BEGIN
                                 IF @CostLevelx='DEAL'
                                            BEGIN
 5
                                                      SELECT
           @zPercentToApply=CONVERT(DECIMAL(19,4),@MeterVolumex)/CONVERT(DECIMAL(19,4),@TotalVolumex)
                      END
           IF (@MeterVolumex = 0) AND (@CostLevelx='DEAL')
10
                      BEGIN
                                 SELECT @zPercentToApply=0
                      END
            * If the cost is a FIXED AMOUNT and there
15
            * is no volume for the deal then determine
            * the amount to apply based on the number
            * of meters involved in the deal. If 1
            * meter only then 100% of cost assessed to
            * that meter. If 2 meters then 50% assessed
20
            * to each one. etc..
            IF (@MeterVolumex=0) AND (@TotalVolumex=0)
25
                      BEGIN
                                 IF @CostBasisx='Fixed Amount'
                                            BEGIN
                                                       SELECT @zTotalMeters=ISNULL((SELECT count(*) FROM Gasinv
            WHERE PKG=@PKGx AND GasMonth=@GasMonthx),0)
30
                                                       IF @zTotalMeters <> 0
                                                                  BEGIN
                                                                             SELECT
            @zPercentToApply=(1/CONVERT(DECIMAL(19,4),@zTotalMeters))
                                                                             SELECT
            @zAmountToApply=(@CostRateOrAmountx*@zPercentToApply)
35
                                            END
                       END
40
            * Calculate based on fixed amount
            * here... Since this is a fixed amount
            * then the amount should be calculated
            * proportionately based on the total
45
            * volume percentage to the deal.
            IF @CostBasisx='Fixed Amount'
                       BEGIN
50
                                  IF (@CostRateOrAmountx<>0) AND (@zPercentToApply<>0)
                                            BEGIN
                                                       SELECT
            @zAmountToApply=(@CostRateOrAmountx*@zPercentToApply)
                                            END
55
                       END
            * Calculate based on a rate applied
            * against MMBTU's here... Regardless
60
            * of whether or not this is a 'DEAL'
            * level or 'METER' level charge the
            * cost should be based on meter
             * volume.
65
            IF (@MeterVolumex<>0)
                       BEGIN
                                  IF @CostBasisx='Rate Applied to MMBTUs'
                                             BEGIN
                                                        IF (@CostRateOrAmountx<>0)
70
```

BEGIN SELECT @zAmountToApply=((CONVERT(DECIMAL(19,4),@MeterVolumex)*@CostRateOrAmountx)) **END** 5 END **END** * Calculate based on the total dollar amount 10 * previously calculated here... Since this particular cost is calculating on * just the amount for the associated * meter (ie., sum of engine based on * TID) then the 'PercentToApply' is 15 * not applicable. IF (@MeterVolumex<>0) AND (@TotalVolumex<>0) BEGIN 20 IF @CostBasisx='Rate Applied to Value' BEGIN IF @WhichPricex=0 **BEGIN SELECT** 25 @zTotalSaleOrPurchValue=ISNULL((SELECT SUM(amount) FROM engine WHERE tid=@tidx AND (stid=8 OR stid=9)),0) **END** IF @WhichPricex=1 **BEGIN** 30 **SELECT** @zTotalSaleOrPurchValue=ISNULL((SELECT SUM(amountact) FROM engine WHERE tid=@tidx AND (stid=8 OR stid=9)),0) **END** if(@CostRateOrAmountx<>0) AND (@zTotatSaleOrPurchValue<>0) 35 **BEGIN** @zAmountToAppiy=(@zTotalSaleOrPurchValue*@CostRateOrAmountx) **END** 40 END * Finally, post the cost amount to the * Engine table. If the engine table for * this transaction does not yet exist then * insert it, otherwise just update it... 45 * Make sure that actual calculations and * nomination calculations are done within 50 * their respective 'buckets'. */ 55 * First apply the netback if it * is there AND if the apply * netback flag has been set * on the cost item. 60 IF @zApplyNetback = 'Y' **BEGIN** IF @zNetbackPercent<>0 **BEGIN** 65 **SELECT** @zAmountToApply=ROUND((@zAmountToApply*@zNetbackPercent),2) **END END** 70

	* Apply and post the amount * here				

5	IF @WhichPricex=0 BEGIN				D. OTID. AND OTID. OCTID. AND
	IF (SELECT Effective=@GasMonthx AND VolLet	r count(*) F vei=0)=0 BEGIN	ROM Engine	WHERE II	D=@TIDx AND STID=@STIDx AND
10		520	INSERT	INTO	
				INTO	Engine
		_evei,VolGr	oup,MMBTuN	ACF,Volume	e,Amount,PriceOrRateNom,PriceOrRateAct,Volu
15	meAct,AmountAct,EM_ETID)			VALUES	
	(@TIDx,@STIDx,@Gas	Monthx,0,@	DPKGx,1,0,R	OUND(@z/	AmountToApply,2),0,0,0,0,@PCIDx)
20	ELSE	BEGIN			
		BEGIN	UPDATE		
				engine SET	
25	Amount=Amount+ROU	ND(@zAmo	ountToApply,		
				WHERE	TID=@TIDx AND
30					STID=@STIDx AND Effective=@GasMonthx AND
		END			VolLevel=0
	END IF @WhichPricex=1				
35	BEGIN	T count(*) E	DOM Engine	MHERET	ID=@TIDx AND STID=@STIDx AND
	Effective=@GasMonthx AND VolLe	vel=0)=0	NOW ENGINE	WILLIAM II	שרעוושרם פווס מווא אמון שרם
		BEGIN	INSERT		
40				INTO	Engine
	(TID,STID,Effective,Vol	Level,VolGr	oup,MMBTul	MCF,Volum	e,Amount,PriceOrRateNom,PriceOrRateAct,Volu
45	meAct,AmountAct,EM_ETID)			VALUES	
	(@TIDx,@STIDx,@Ga	sMonthx,0,(@PKGx,1,0,0	,0,0,0,ROU	ND(@zAmountToApply,2),@PCIDx)
50	ELSE	BEGIN			
50		DEGIN	UPDATE		
				engine SET	
55	AmountAct=AmountAc	t+ROUND((@zAmountTo		
				WHERE	TID=@TIDx AND
					STID=@STIDx AND Effective=@GasMonthx AND
60	,	END			VoiLevel=0
	END	2.10			
	END				
65					
70	GO .				

	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
5	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceCostAll(@GasMonthx DATETIME,
10	@WhichPricex INTEGER, @EntityCIDx VARCHAR(12), @DBCRx INTEGER, @IncludeInWaspx VARCHAR(10)
15	AS BEGIN /*
	Name: usp_PSPriceCostAll
20	Description: Loop thruough all other costs associated to deals within a given month then apply the cost to the dean (posting engine records reflecting the cost amounts). or sale) and invoke the price procedures.
25	Inputs:
25	GasMonthx - Gas Month to price), WhichPricex - 0=Nominations, 1=Actualizations EntityClDx - owning entiry company identifier DBCRx - 0=Purchases, 1=Sales (deals) IncludeInWaspx = " for all or specific pool (ie. 'Common', etc.).
30	
	History:
35	10/20/99 JAMIE Initial creation.
	03/26/00 JAMIE Modified to allow for zero volume deals to have other (fixed) costs assigned to them.
40	05/24/2000 JAMIE Modified to make sure that the calculation was within a specific entity.
	10/03/2000 JAMIE Modified to accept two additional parameters to dictate which pool and whether or not purchases or sales were to be calculated upon
45	**************************************
	/* ***********************************
50	* Declare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process.
JU	*Inat are needed by this process.
55	DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254) DECLARE @zTotalVolume DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zMeterVolume DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zVolumeStatus INTEGER DECLARE @zPriceStatus INTEGER DECLARE @zIncludeInWasp VARCHAR(10)
60	DECLARE @yPCID INTEGER DECLARE @yPKG INTEGER DECLARE @ySTID INTEGER
65	DECLARE @yCostLevel VARCHAR(12) DECLARE @yCostMID INTEGER DECLARE @yCostBasis VARCHAR(40) DECLARE @yCostRateOrAmount DECIMAL(19,4)
70	DECLARE @wTID INTEGER DECLARE @wNom DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @wPipelineActuals DECIMAL(19,2)

DECLARE @wGasInv_MID INTEGER **DECLARE @eETID INTEGER** DECLARE @eVolume DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @ePriceOrRateNom DECIMAL(19,6) 5 DECLARE @eVolumeAct DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @ePriceOrRateAct DECIMAL(19,6) DECLARE @evolumestatus INTEGER DECLARE @epricestatus INTEGER DECLARE @ePKG INTEGER 10 DECLARE PackageCostsCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR SELECT PackageCosts.PCID, PackageCosts.PKG, 15 PackageCosts.STID, PackageCosts.CostLevel, PackageCosts.CostMID, PackageCosts.CostBasis, PackageCosts.CostRateOrAmount 20 FROM **PackageCosts** WHERE PackageCosts.PKG=ANY(SELECT PKG FROM Package,k WHERE 25 PackageGasMonth=@GasMonthx AND K.KID=Package.KID AND K.EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND Package.PackageDBCR=@DBCRx) ORDER BY PackageCosts.PKG, PackageCosts.STID 30 DECLARE EngineCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR SELECT engine.etid, engine.volume, 35 engine.priceorratenom, engine.volumeact, engine.priceorrateact, engine.volumestatus, engine.pricestatus, 40 package.pkg **FROM** engine, gasiny. package, 45 WHERE package.pkg=gasinv.pkg AND k.kid=package.kid AND k.entitycid=@entitycidx AND 50 gasinv.gasmonth=@GasMonthx AND engine.tid=gasinv.tid AND gasinv.pricetype=1 AND gasinv.dbcr=@DBCRx 55 * Loop through each other package cost * involved with this calculation. 60 SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceCostAll Running To Calculate Other Costs for all Deals' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage OPEN PackageCostsCursor FETCH NEXT FROM PackageCostsCursor INTO @yPCID,@yPKG,@ySTID,@yCostLevel,@yCostMID,@yCostBasis,@yCostRateOrAmount 65 WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN BEGIN TRANSACTION 70

5		* Sum the appropriate ve * deal depending on whe * being calculated OR pr * begin calculated. */ SELECT @zMessage =	ether nomina ipeline actual	tions are s are	ting Costs fo	r Deal' + CAST(@yPKG AS
10	VARCHAR(10))	EXECUTE usp_Messag EXECUTE usp_fGetWa IF (@IncludeInWaspx="	ge @zMessag	je DyPKG,@zir	ncludelnWas	p OUTPUT
15	SUM(Nom) FROM Gas	Inv WHERE Gasinv.PKG	i=@yPKG AN	BEGIN ID Gaslnv.Pi END		zTotalVolume=iSNULL((SELECT 0)
20	SUM(PipelineActuals) F	FROM Gasinv WHERE G	asinv.PKG=(BEGIN	SELECT @:) Gaslnv.Prid	zTotalVolume=ISNULL((SELECT ceType=1),0)
25			* Open a cu * with this de		eters associ	ated
30	FORWARD_ONLY FO	R	*/ DECLARE (GasinvCurso	or CURSOR	LOCAL STATIC
35					Gasinv.TiD. Gasinv.Non Gasinv.Pipe Gasinv.Gas FROM	n, elineActuals,
40				_	WHERE	Gasinv.PKG=@yPKG AND Gasinv.PriceType=1
	@wTID,@wNom,@wP	FETCH NE ipelineActuals,@wGasIn	OPEN Gasi EXT FROM G v_MID WHILE @@	asInvCursor		
45				* Dependin	g on which p	ricing routine is
50				* field.		e meter volume
55	@zMeterVolume=@wl	Nom		IF @Which	Pricex=0	BEGIN SELECT
60	- 21			IF @Which	Pricex=1	END BEGIN SELECT
	@zMeterVolume=@w	PipelineActuals				END
65		``		* to calcula * to the En		routine in order the cost totals se.
				*/		

				IF (@yCostLevel='DEA	L') OR (@yCostLevel='M	ETER'
	AND @yCostMID=@w	Gasinv_MID)			BEGIN EXECUTE usp_PSPrice	eCost
5	@GasMonthx,@Which	Pricex,@yPKG,@ySTID	,@yPCID,			
	@wTID,@g	/CostLevel,@yCostBasis	s,@yCostRat	eOrAmount,		
40	@zTotalVo	olume,@zMeterVolume			END	
10	@wTiD,@wNom,@wP	ipelineActuals,@wGasIn	v_MID	FETCH NEXT FROM G		
			CLOSE Ga	END sinvCursor		
15		END	DEALLOCA	ATE GasInvCursor		
20	@yPCID,@yPKG,@yS END	COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM F TID,@yCostLevel,@yCo	PackageCost ostMID,@yCo	sCursor INTO stBasis,@yCostRateOrA	mount	
20	CLOSE PackageCosts DEALLOCATE Packag	Cursor eCostsCursor				
	/* **************					
25	* Loop through and set * on the engine record * volumes or amounts a * between noms and a	IF the price or are different ctuals. Make				
30	* sure the logic exists to * those deals (purchase * within the correct WA	es or sales) SP pool.				
35	*/ IF @WhichPricex=1 BEGIN	SEI FCT @zMessane	= 'PSPriceCo	ostAll Rupping To Set Pri	ice & Volume Variance S	tatus
	Indicators'					
40	@eETID,@eVolume,@	EXECUTE usp_Messa OPEN EngineCursor FETCH NEXT FROM I PerriceOrRateNom,@e\ WHILE @@FETCH_S BEGIN	EngineCurso /olumeAct,@	r INTO	umeStatus,@ePriceStatu	us,@ePKG
45	OUTPUT		EXECUTE	usp_fGetWaspIndicator	@ePKG,@zincludeInWa	asp
40	001701		IF (@Inclu	deinWaspx=") OR (@Inc BEGIN /*	iudeinWaspx=@zinclude	elnWasp)
50				* Check prices and vol	umes here.	
				*/ SELECT @zVolumeSt SELECT @zPriceStatu	atus=0	
55				IF @eVolume<>@eVo		atus=1
60	. ,	••		IF @ePriceOrRateNon	n<>@ePriceOrRateAct BEGIN SELECT @zPriceStatu END	us=1
	/A-Drian Status And	Orice Status \		IF (@zVolumeStatus<	>@eVolumeStatus) OR	
65	(@zPriceStatus<>@el	-nueolatus)			BEGIN UPDATE	ongino
						engine SET
70	volumesta	tus=@zVolumeStatus,				

	5	ETID=@eETID	END
		END	
	10	FETCH NEXT FROM En @eETID,@eVolume,@ePriceOrRateNom,@eVolumeAct,@ePriceOrRate. END CLOSE EngineCursor	igineCursor INTO Act,@eVolumeStatus,@ePriceStatus,@ePKG
		DEALLOCATE EngineCursor END	
	15	END	
	••		
-	20	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO	
. (25	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO	
		CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceCreateActualEntries(
	20		@GasMonthx DATETIME
	30	AS BEGIN SET NOCOUNT ON	,
	35	/* ***********************************	***
		Name: usp_PSPriceCreateActualEntries	
	40	Description: This routine will clear out any existing links and pricing enties that may have already been setup for pipeline actuals. It will then copy the nominiation pricing and linking entries for pipeline actuals (within the giver month). This process should only get invoked with the status of a given m within the gas control system goes from 'Sales' to 'Invoiced' at that point in the accounting group will be responsible for any further modifications.	e n nonth
	45	Inputs:	
		Cooklanthy (Cooklanth to calculate)	
		GasMonthx (Gas Month to calculate),	
	50	History:	
	50	08/04/1999 JAMIE Original creation	
	55	08/25/2000 JAMIE Modified to remove the PackageLinks delete and build logic (replaced by new routing structures).	
		*/	
		j*	
	60	* Declare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process.	
	65	*/ DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254) DECLARE @yPKG INTEGER DECLARE @yETID INTEGER DECLARE @yEM_ETID INTEGER /*	
	70	* Clear out the link and price entry	

```
* structures for the specified month
           * here... These entries will be
           * recreated (from Nom side) in the
           * next step.
 5
           * Database triggers take care of the
           * individual pricing components in
           * the Engine_MasterPrice table.
10
           SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceCreateActualEntries, removing Engine_MasterPrice...'
           EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
           DECLARE Engine_MasterDeleteCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
                     SELECT
                                DISTINCT
15
                                (Engine_Master.ETID)
                                FROM
                                          Engine_Master,
                                          Gasinv.
                                          Engine_MasterPrice
20
                                WHERE
                                          GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                          GasInv.PriceType=1 AND
                                          GasInv.PKG=Engine_Master.PID AND
                                          Engine_MasterPrice.ETID=Engine_Master.ETID AND
25
                                          Engine_MasterPrice.NomOrActual=1
           OPEN Engine_MasterDeleteCursor
           FETCH NEXT FROM Engine_MasterDeleteCursor INTO @yEM_ETID
           WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
30
                      BEGIN
                                BEGIN TRANSACTION
                                SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceCreateActualEntries, actual Engine_MasterPrice removed...'
                                EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
                                DELETE
                                           FROM
35
                                                     Engine_MasterPrice
                                          WHERE
                                                     ETID=@yEM_ETID AND
                                                     NomOrActual=1
40
                                COMMIT WORK
                                FETCH NEXT FROM Engine_MasterDeleteCursor INTO @yEM_ETID
                      END
           CLOSE Engine_MasterDeleteCursor
           DEALLOCATE Engine_MasterDeleteCursor
45
           * Now bulk populate the engine
           * pricing information. Taking nom
            * pricing entries and creating actual
50
            * pricing entries.
           SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceCreateActualEntries, running GasInv cursor...'
           EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
           DECLARE GasinvCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
55
                      SELECT
                                DISTINCT
                                (GasInv.PKG)
                                FROM
60
                                           Gaslnv
                                WHERE .
                                           Gasinv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                           GasInv.PriceType=1
            OPEN GasinvCursor
            FETCH NEXT FROM GasinvCursor INTO @yPKG
65
            WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                      BEGIN
                                BEGIN TRANSACTION
                                SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceCreateActualEntries, obtaining price entries for GasInv
70
            Package...'
```

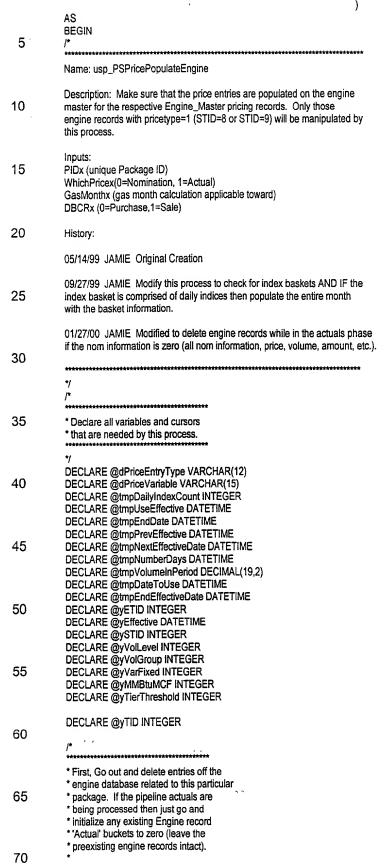
	EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage DECLARE Engine_MasterCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR SELECT
5	DISTINCT (ETID) FROM
	Engine_Master WHERE
10	PID=@yPKG OPEN Engine_MasterCursor FETCH NEXT FROM Engine_MasterCursor INTO @yETID WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN
15	SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceCreateActualEntries, inserting actual prices'
,	EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage INSERT INTO
20	Engine_MasterPrice
20	(ETID,PriceTag,OperandVariable,PriceVariable,CreateUser,
	CreateDate,LastUpdateUser,LastUpdateDate,SequenceNo.NomOrActual) (SELECT
25	ETID,PriceTag,OperandVariable,PriceVariable,CreateUser,CreateDate,LastUpdateUser,LastUpdateDate, SequenceNo,1 FROM Engine_MasterPrice
	WHERE ETID=@yETID AND NomOrActual=0) FETCH NEXT FROM Engine_MasterCursor INTO @yETID
30	END CLOSE Engine_MasterCursor DEALLOCATE Engine_MasterCursor COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM GasinvCursor INTO @yPKG
35	END CLOSE GasInvCursor DEALLOCATE GasInvCursor END
40	
45	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
50	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceMarkActualAdjustments(@GasMonthx DATETIME
	AS BEGIN
55	SET NOCOUNT ON /*
	Name: usp_PSPriceMarkActualAdjustments
60	Description: This routine will go through each inventory (and engine records) in order to identify and mark those records that had some sort of an actualization adjustment (price or volume). The invoice number for sales will get reset to a 'A' (last character) if it currently exists as an 'N'.
65	Inputs:
	GasMonthx (Gas Month to calculate),
70	History:

	12 10/1000 Of time Original ordator	••	
	*/	*******	*************
5	/ *		
	* Deciare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process.	•	
: 40	*************	2	
10	*/ DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR	(254)	
15	DECLARE @yAcctgIdentifier VARC DECLARE @zAcctgIdentifier VARC DECLARE @zLastChar VARCHARI DECLARE @zInvoiceLength INTEG	HAR(12) (1)	
	DECLARE @qTID INTEGER		
20	<i>l</i> *		
	* First set the modified by actuals fla * across the board for all gasinvento * items that have a price type of '1'	ıg	
25	* (this includes 'Other Costs'.		
	* The defaults is set to 'N' then go * and override with changes.	•	
30	*/		
	SELECT @zMessage = '**** STAR1 EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessa DECLARE Gasinv1Cursor CURSON SELECT	ige	
35	TID		
	FROM	Gaslnv	
	WHERE		
40		GasMonth: PriceType	=@GasMonthx AND = 1
40	OPEN Gasinv1Cursor FETCH NEXT FROM Gasinv1Curso WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN	••	
45		ANSACTION	1
	UPDATE	Casinu	
		Gasinv SET	
			ModifiedByActuals='N'
50		WHERE	TID = @qTID
	COMMIT V		.
	END FEIGH NE	XI FROM (Gasinv1Cursor INTO @qTID
55	CLOSE GasInv1Cursor DEALLOCATE GasInv1Cursor /*		
	**********	-	
60	* At this point all of the gas inventor items that have had some sort of modification done on them betwee noms and actuals will have been	en	
	* updated to a 'Y'. Now go and rese * the accounting identifier for each of	et of	
65	* these records.	•	
	*/ SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceMa		justments, make any modifiications
70	EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage DECLARE GasInv2Cursor CURSO	age	
10	DECLARE Gashiva Culsul CURSU	IV LOOKE 3	MIND FORMING_ONE FOR

12/15/1999 JAMIE Original creation

	SELECT
	DISTINCT (G.Acctgldentifier) FROM
5	Gasinv AS G, Engine AS E
	WHERE GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
10	G.PriceType=1 AND E.TID=G.TID AND
	(E.PriceStatus<>0 OR E.VolumeStatus<>0) OPEN GasInv2Cursor
4.5	FETCH NEXT FROM GasInv2Cursor INTO @yAcctgldentifier WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
15	BEGIN BEGIN TRANSACTION /*

20	* Make sure that it is a valid 6 digit * invoice number AND the sixth digit * contains an 'N' (for noms). * Update all if this criteria has been
	* met. ************************************
25	*/ SELECT @zInvoiceLength=LEN(RTRIM(LTRIM(@yAcctgIdentifier))) IF @zInvoiceLength=6
00	BEGIN SELECT @zAcctgldentifier=RTRIM(LTRIM(@yAcctgldentifier))
30	SELECT @zLastChar=RIGHT(@zAcctgIdentifier,1) IF @zLastChar='N'
,	BEGIN SELECT @zAcctgldentifier=LEFT(@zAcctgldentifier,5)+'A' UPDATE
35	Gasinv SET
	ModifiedByActuals='Y',
	A I
40	Acctgldentifier=@zAcctgldentifier WHERE
40	
	WHERE GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND Acctgldentifier=@yAcctgldentifier
40	WHERE GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND Acctgldentifier=@yAcctgldentifier END END
	WHERE GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND Acctgldentifier=@yAcctgldentifier END END COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM Gasinv2Cursor iNTO @yAcctgldentifier
	GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND Acctgidentifier=@yAcctgidentifier END END COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM Gasinv2Cursor iNTO @yAcctgidentifier END CLOSE Gasinv2Cursor
45	GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND Acctgidentifier=@yAcctgidentifier END END COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM Gasinv2Cursor iNTO @yAcctgidentifier END CLOSE Gasinv2Cursor DEALLOCATE Gasinv2Cursor SELECT @zMessage = '**** FINISHED PSPriceMarkActualAdjustments'
45	GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND Acctgidentifier=@yAcctgidentifier END END COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM Gasinv2Cursor iNTO @yAcctgidentifier END CLOSE Gasinv2Cursor DEALLOCATE Gasinv2Cursor
45 50	GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND Acctgidentifier=@yAcctgidentifier END END COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM Gasinv2Cursor iNTO @yAcctgidentifier END CLOSE Gasinv2Cursor DEALLOCATE Gasinv2Cursor SELECT @zMessage = '**** FINISHED PSPriceMarkActualAdjustments' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
45 50 55	GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND Acctgidentifier=@yAcctgidentifier END COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM Gasinv2Cursor INTO @yAcctgidentifier END CLOSE Gasinv2Cursor DEALLOCATE Gasinv2Cursor SELECT @zMessage = '**** FINISHED PSPriceMarkActualAdjustments' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage END
45 50	GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND Acctgidentifier=@yAcctgidentifier END END COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM Gasinv2Cursor iNTO @yAcctgidentifier END CLOSE Gasinv2Cursor DEALLOCATE Gasinv2Cursor SELECT @zMessage = '**** FINISHED PSPriceMarkActualAdjustments' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
45 50 55	GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND Acctgldentifier=@yAcctgldentifier END COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM Gasinv2Cursor iNTO @yAcctgldentifier END CLOSE Gasinv2Cursor DEALLOCATE Gasinv2Cursor SELECT @zMessage = ***** FINISHED PSPriceMarkActualAdjustments' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage END GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF. SET ANSI_NULLS ON
45 50 55	GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND Acctgldentifier=@yAcctgldentifier END COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM Gasinv2Cursor INTO @yAcctgldentifier END CLOSE Gasinv2Cursor DEALLOCATE Gasinv2Cursor SELECT @zMessage = '**** FINISHED PSPriceMarkActualAdjustments' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage END GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF. SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF. SET ANSI_NULLS ON



	* Modified on 01/27/2000 to delete er * records off actuals IF there are no n * numbers stored on the records		
5	*/ IF @WhichPricex=0 BEGIN DELETE		
10		FROM	Engine
	PriceType=1 AND DBCR=@DBCRx	WHERE	TID=ANY(SELECT TID FROM Gasinv WHERE PKG=@PIDx AND
15	END IF @WhichPricex=1	,	
	BEGIN DELETE	FROM	
20		WHERE	Engine TID=ANY(SELECT TID FROM Gasinv WHERE PKG=@PIDx AND
	PriceType=1 AND DBCR=@DBCRx) AND	PriceOrRateNom=0 AND
25	UPDATE		Volume=0 AND Amount=0
		Engine SET	
30			PriceOrRateAct=0, VolumeAct=0, AmountAct=0
	PriceType=1 AND DBCR=@DBCRx	WHERE	TID=ANY(SELECT TID FROM Gasinv WHERE PKG=@PIDx AND
35	END	,	
40	* First, do a loop on all of the * Engine_Master records in order to * remove any that don't have any pric * records associated to it (Orphans * A commit point is placed here in ord * insure that subsequent cursor activ) der to	
45	* only picks up valid price records.		
	DECLARE Engine_MasterCursor1 C SELECT em.ETID,	CURSOR LO	OCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
50	em.Effective em.STID, em.VoiLeve em.VoiGrou	el,	
55	em.VarFixe em.MMBtuh em.TierThre FROM	d, MCF, eshold	aster AS em
60	WHERE ORDER BY	(em.PID=@	@PIDx)
65	OPEN Engine_MasterCursor1 FETCH NEXT FROM Engine_Maste @yETID.@yEffective.@ySTID.@yVi WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN	em.Effection erCursor1 II olLevel,@y	NTO VolGroup,@yVarFixed,@yMMBtuMCF,@yTierThreshold
70		(SELECT o	count(*) FROM Engine_MasterPrice WHERE ETID=@yETID),0) < 1 DELETE
70			GELE : C

FROM Engine_Master WHERE

```
ETID=@yETID
 5
                                            END
                                 FETCH NEXT FROM Engine_MasterCursor1 INTO
            @yETID,@yEffective,@ySTID,@yVolLevel,@yVolGroup,@yVarFixed,@yMMBtuMCF,@yTierThreshold
                       END
            CLOSE Engine_MasterCursor1
10
           DEALLOCATE Engine_MasterCursor1
            * Now loop through the existing
            * Engine_Master records. These are the
15
            * actual price entries that were input
            * by the user. There can be a record
            * PER DAY or a single record for the
            * entire month. Only 1 entry PER
            * Effective date will be stored within
20
            * the Engine table. That is why the
            * tmpPrevEffective is used within the
            * cursor process.
           SELECT @tmpPrevEffective='01-01-1900'
25
            DECLARE Engine_MasterCursor2 CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
                                  em.ETID,
                                  em.Effective,
30
                                  em.STID,
                                  em.VolLevel,
                                  em.VolGroup.
                                  em.VarFixed,
                                  em.MMBtuMCF.
                                  em.TierThreshold
35
                                  FROM
                                             Engine_Master AS em
                                  WHERE
                                             (em.PID=@PIDx)
40
                                  ORDER BY
                                             em.Effective
            OPEN Engine_MasterCursor2
            FETCH NEXT FROM Engine_MasterCursor2 INTO
            @yETID,@yEffective,@ySTID,@yVolLevel,@yVolGroup,@yVarFixed,@yMMBtuMCF,@yTierThreshold
            WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
45
                       BEGIN
                                  * Check for daily index entries... If they
50
                                  * are found then go and calculate the
                                   end date for which to insert engine
                                  * records (automating a daily price
                                   entry to the engine for each day of
                                   the month up thru the end of the month
                                   or to the next effective date.
55
                                  * This will also check for index basket
                                   * monthly entries. If the index basket
                                   * contains daily indices then populate
                                   * each day of the month just as if it
60
                                   * was a daily index.
                                  IF @yEffective<>@tmpPrevEffective
65
                                                        EXECUTE usp_fLastDay @GasMonthx,@tmpEndDate OUTPUT
                                                        SELECT @tmpDailyIndexCount=0
                                                        DECLARE DailyCheckCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC
            FORWARD_ONLY FOR
                                                                    SELECT
70
```

			p.PriceEn emp.Price FROM	
5				Engine_MasterPrice AS emp, PriceComponents AS p
			WHERE	(emp.ETID=@yETID) AND
10	(emp.NomOrActual=@WhichPrice:	x) AND		(p.PriceTag=emp.PriceTag) AND (p.PriceEntryType='Daily IDX' OR
	p.PriceEntryType='Basket IDX')	OPEN DailyCheck	Cursor	,
15	FEICH N	WHILE @@FETCI BEGIN	H_STATUS = 0 I	
	(@tmpDailyIndexCount=0)	IF (@d	lPriceEntryType	e='Daily IDX') AND
20				BEGIN SELECT @tmpDailyIndexCount=1 END
	(@tmpDailyIndexCount=0)	IF (@d	iPriceEntryType	e='Basket IDX') AND
25		H ink IndovPof		BEGIN SELECT @tmpDailyIndexCount =
	ISNULL((SELECT count(*) FROM IndexBasket		w.DoolrotiD-@d	Drice (Ariable) AND
30	WHERE (IndexBasketLink.Inde		dexBasketLink.IndexID) AND
00		`	Ref.DailyIndex=	·
		FETC	H NEXT FROM	END DailyCheckCursor INTO
35	@dPriceEntryType,@dPriceVariable	END CLOSE BUILDING	10	
		CLOSE DailyCheo DEALLOCATE Da IF @tmpDailyIndex	ilyCheckCursor	
40		BEGIN	V	@tmpEndEffectiveDate=@yEffective
		END ELSE	OLLLOT	euriperioeniose e, misser
45		BEGIN	N SELECT	
	@tmpEndEffectiveDate=ISNULL((SELECT DA	TEADD(day,-1,MIN(em.effective)) F	ROM Engine_Master AS em
	WHERE (em.PID=@PIDx) AND (e	em.Effective>@yEffec END	ctive)),@tmpEnd	iDate)
50		/* ************	******	***
		* Now insert the no * These inserts will	l be based on a	loop
55		* between the effe * Engine_Master r	ecord and the to	emp
		* field tmpEndEffe * provide for the 'p	roliferation' of	will
		* daily index price * engine). Only in	sert engine reco	ords
60		* if there is some s * Nom or Pipeline/ * with a specific da	Actual on assoc	iated
65		* If pipeline actuals * not automatically		
		* is first made to see record is already	ee if the engine	
70		*/ SELECT @tmpUs	seEffective=@yl	Effective

WHILE @tmpUseEffective <= @tmpEndEffectiveDate BEGIN

			22	BEGIN	
		MALADO ONE	/ FOD	DECLARE GasInvent	oryCursor CURSOR
5	LOCAL STATIC FOR	WARD_ONL	rFOR	SELECT	
					DISTINCT g.TID
					FROM Gasinv
10	AS g,				
	AS gd				GaslnvD
	7.0 gu				WHERE
15	(gd.TID=	g.TID) AND			
	(g.PID=@	DPIDx) AND			
	(g.GasM	onth=@GasM	onthx) AND		
20	(g.PriceT	ype=1) AND			
	(g.DBCR	t=@DBCRx) A	AND		
25	(gd.Gasi	Day>=@tmpU	seEffective) AND		
	((gd.Non	n<>0) or(gd.Pi	ipelineActuals<>0))		
				OPEN GasInventoryCursor FETCH NEXT FROM GasInvento	ryCursor INTO @yTID
30				WHILE @@FETCH_ BEGIN	STATUS = 0
	Engine WHERE TID	-@vTID AND	STID=@vSTID AND	IF (SELE	CT count(*) FROM
25	Engile Where his	-@y110 A140		Effective AND VolLevel=0)=0	
35			Ellective-Wallhoser	Puedra Mary Agreement	, BEGIN
	INSERT				
40		INTO			
			Engine		
			(TID,STID,Effective,	volLevel,VolGroup,MMBtuMCF,EM_E	:TID)
45		VALUES			
			(@yTID,@ySTID,@t	mpUseEffective,0,@yVolGroup,@yM	MBtuMCF,@yETID)
50				ELSE	END
					BEGIN
	UPDATI	E			
55		Engine			
		SET			
60			EM_ETID=@yETID		
00		WHERE			
			TID=@yTID AND		
65			STID=`@ySTID AND		
			Effective=@tmpUse	Effective AND	
70			VolLevel=0		END
70					

70

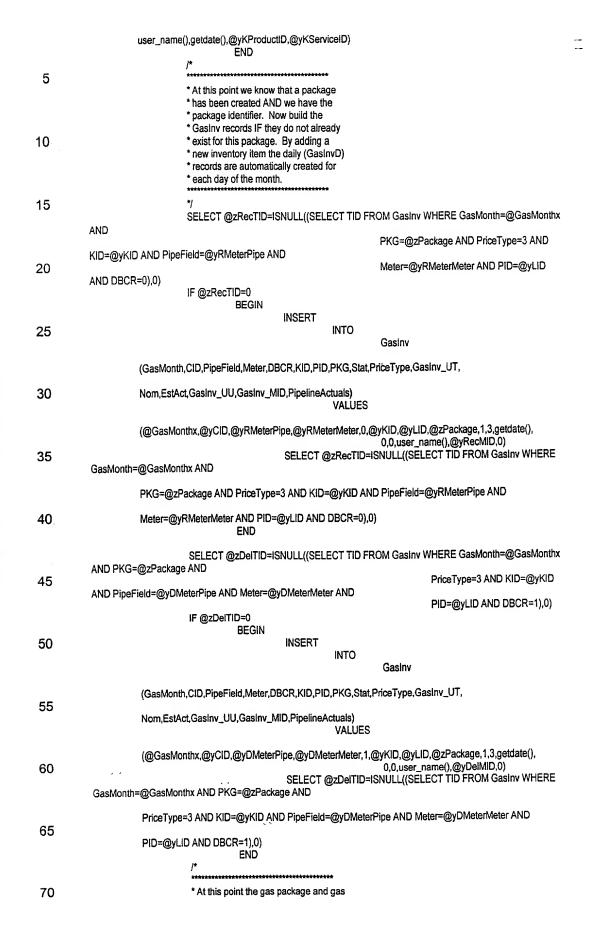
GasinventoryCursor iNTO @yTiD

	GasInventoryCursor INTO @yTiD
5	END CLOSE GasinventoryCursor DEALLOCATE GasInventoryCursor SELECT
	@tmpUseEffective=DATEADD(day,1,@tmpUseEffective) END END
10	SELECT @tmpPrevEffective=@yEffective FETCH NEXT FROM Engine_MasterCursor2 INTO @yETID,@yEffective,@ySTID,@yVolLevel,@yVolGroup,@yVarFixed,@yMMBtuMCF,@yTierThreshold END
15	CLOSE Engine_MasterCursor2 DEALLOCATE Engine_MasterCursor2 END
20	
25	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
30	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceTransportAll(
35	⊚PKGx INTEGER, @EntityClDx VARCHAR(12))
	AS BEGIN /*
40	Name: usp_PSPriceTransportAll
45	Description: This is the main process for calculating the transport costs for all transport entries within the gas inventory database. These are identified in the gas inventory database as PriceType=3 purchase and sale entries (DBCR=0 or 1).
50	The recalculation of costs will only be allowed to occur when the gas month status has been set to the appropriate month
	Inputs: GasMonthx - Gas Month to calculate
55	WhichPricex - 0=Nominations, 1=Actualizations PKGx - either 0 for all or a specific package (deal) number EntityCIDx - owning company id
	History:
60	06/30/1999 JAMIE Orignal Creation.
65	03/22/2000 JAMIE Modified to move the Divie process to the main module. In addition, modified to handle the new routing table (LegDetail) and build routing records based on the routing rules within this table.
	05/24/2000 JAMIE Modified to be aware of entity and product types and services. In addition, modifications made to calculate based on new routing structure

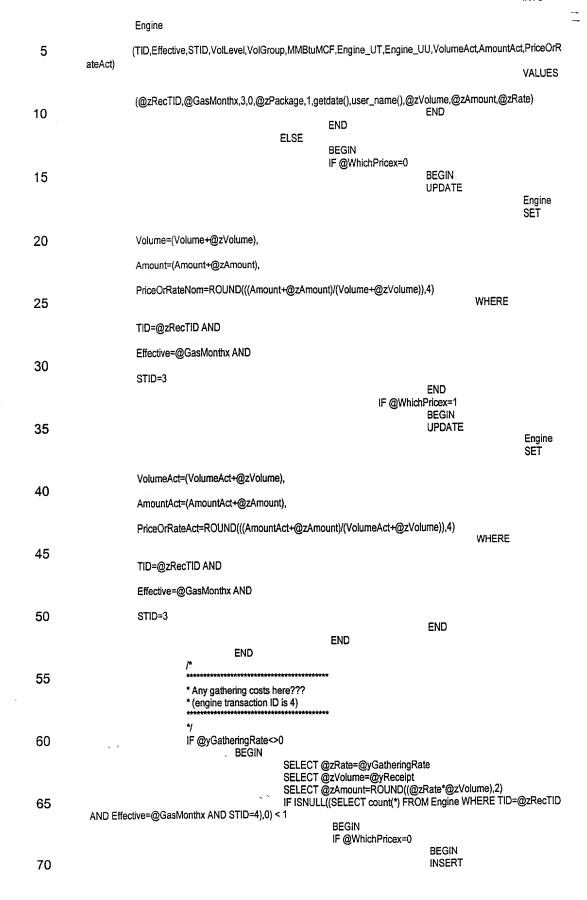
	* Declare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process.
5	*/ DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254) DECLARE @zPackage INTEGER DECLARE @zRecTID INTEGER
10	DECLARE @zDeITID INTEGER DECLARE @zVolume DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zAmount DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zRate DECIMAL(19,8) DECLARE @zLastDay DATETIME
15	DECLARE @yTID INTEGER
20	DECLARE @yGasDay DATETIME DECLARE @yDeIMID INTEGER DECLARE @yRecMID INTEGER DECLARE @yLID INTEGER DECLARE @yLID INTEGER DECLARE @yReceipt DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yFuelOrOther DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yDelivered DECIMAL(19,2)
25	DECLARE @yTransportationRate DECIMAL(19,8) DECLARE @yGatheringRate DECIMAL(19,8) DECLARE @yFuelPercent DECIMAL(19,8) DECLARE @yPlantVolReduction DECIMAL(19,8) DECLARE @yKID INTEGER
30	DECLARE @yRMeterPipe VARCHAR(12) DECLARE @yRMeterMeter VARCHAR(14) DECLARE @yDMeterPipe VARCHAR(12) DECLARE @yDMeterMeter VARCHAR(14) DECLARE @yCID VARCHAR(12)
35	DECLARE @yKProductID INTEGER DECLARE @yKServiceID INTEGER DECLARE @yPurchasePKG INTEGER /*
40	* First,intialize any existing volumes for * this month on the gas inventory table * to a zero. In addition, set the * appropriate volume amounts and price * amounts on the 'Engine' table to zeros.
45	*/ EXECUTE usp_fLastDay @GasMonthx,@zLastDay OUTPUT SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceTranportAll, Initializing Gas Inventory and Engine Information' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage DECLARE GasInvCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
50	SELECT Gasiny.TID
	FROM
	Gasinv, K
55	WHERE GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND GasInv.PriceType=3 AND K.KID=GasInv.KID AND K.EntityCID=@EntityCIDx
60	OPEN GasinvCursor FETCH NEXT FROM GasinvCursor INTO @yTID BEGIN TRANSACTION WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN
65	IF @WhichPricex=0 `
	BEGIN UPDATE
	GasinvD SET
70	Nom=0,

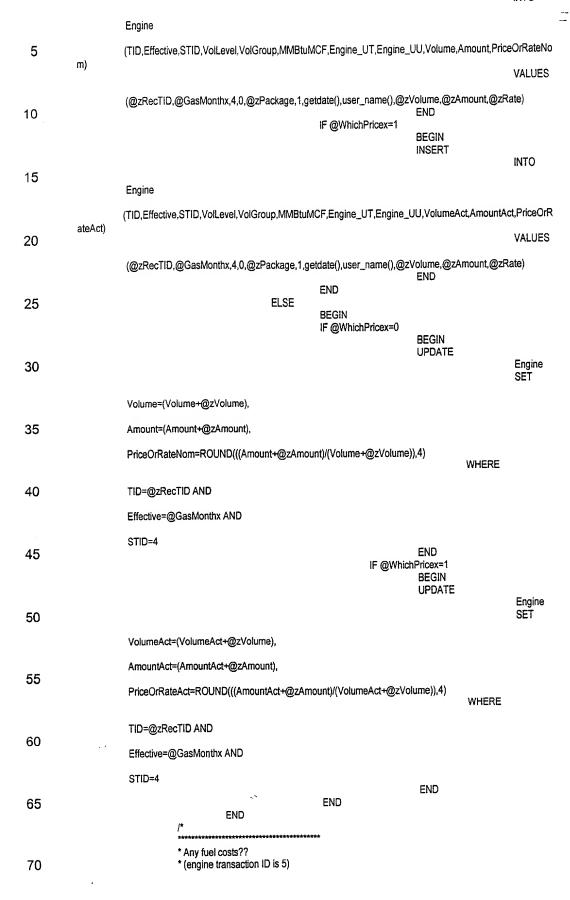
			WHERE	EstAct=0
5	@zLastDay		WHERE	TID=@yTID AND GasDay BETWEEN @GasMonthx AND
J	<u> Warus Duy</u>	UPDATE	Engine	
			SET	Volume=0,
10				Amount=0, PriceOrRateNom=0
			WHERE	TID=@yTID
15	END IF @WhichPricex=1			J
	BEGIN	UPDATE		
			GasInvD SET	
20			WHERE	PipelineActuals=0
				TID=@yTID AND GasDay BETWEEN @GasMonthx AND
25	@zLastDay	UPDATE		
			Engine SET	Natura Astro
30				VolumeAct=0, AmountAct=0, PriceOrRateAct=0
30			WHERE	TID=@yTID
	END FETCH NEXT FROM	GaslovCurso	vr iNTO のvT	-
35	END SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceTranportAll,			
	EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage COMMIT WORK		Ū	
40	CLOSE GasinvCursor DEALLOCATE GasinvCursor			
	* *********			
0-	* Now loop through each of leg detail * records for the month for this entity			
45	* and determine appropriate transportation * rates.			
	* Gas Inventory (PriceType=3) records will * be created (along with package if needed).			
50	* Engine records will also be created.			
	**			
55	SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceTranportAll, EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage	Analyzing Ro	uting (legde	tail) cursor'
	DECLARE LegDetailCursor CURSOR LOCAL SELECT	STATIC FO	RWARD_ON	ILY FOR
	LD.GasDay, LD.DelMlD,			
60	LD.RecMID, LD.LID,			
	LD.Receipt, LD.FuelOrOther,			
65	LD.Delivered, LD.TransportationRa	te,		
	LD.GatheringRate, LD.FuelPercent,	n		
70	LD.PlantVolReductio LD.PurchasePKG, PMeter PineField	11,		
70	RMeter.PipeField,			

```
RMeter.Meter,
                               DMeter.PipeFleld,
                               DMeter Meter
                               LeaRef.KID
                               FROM
 5
                                          LegDetail AS LD,
                                          LegRef,
                                          Meter AS RMeter,
                                          Meter AS DMeter
                               WHERE
10
                                          LegRef.LID=LD.LID AND
                                          RMeter.MID=LD.RecMID AND
                                          DMeter.MID=LD.DelMID AND
                                          LD.PurchasePointTID IN (SELECT TID FROM Gasinv, Package, K WHERE
           Package.PKG=Gasinv.PKG AND K.KID = Package.KID AND
15
                                                                                    GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx
           and Gasinv.DBCR=0 and Gasinv.PriceType=1 and K.EntityCID=@EntityCIDx) AND
                                          LD.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                          LD.GasDay>=@GasMonthx AND
                                          LD.GasDay<=@zLastDay AND
20
                                          LD.NomOrActuals=@WhichPricex AND
                                          LD.LID<>0 AND
                                          (LD.TransportationRate<>0 OR LD.GatheringRate<>0 OR LD.FuelPercent<>0 OR
           LD.PlantVolReduction<>0)
                                ORDER BY
25
                                          LegRef.LID
           OPEN LegDetailCursor
           FETCH NEXT FROM LegDetailCursor INTO @yGasDay,@yDelMID,@yRecMID,@yReceipt,@yFuelOrOther,
                     @yDelivered,@yTransportationRate,@yGatheringRate,@yFuelPercent,@yPlantVolReduction,@yPurchaseP
30
           KG.
                      @yRMeterPipe,@yRMeterMeter,@yDMeterPipe,@yDMeterMeter,@yKID
           WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                      BEGIN
35
                                BEGIN TRANSACTION
                                * First check to see if a transportation
40
                                * package has been setup for this
                                * contract/company... If not, then set
                                * it up... A commit is immediately
                                 * performed here in order to 'preserve'
                                * the package information (and its
                                 * associated ID).
45
                                SELECT @yKProductID=KProductID,@yKServiceID=KServiceID FROM Package where
            PKG=@yPurchasePKG
                                SELECT @yCID=CID FROM K WHERE KID = @yKID
50
                                SELECT @zPackage=ISNULL((SELECT PKG FROM Package WHERE KID=@yKID AND
            PackageGasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                                                                    KProductiD=@yKProductiD AND
            KServiceID=@yKServiceID),")
55
                                iF (@zPackage=") OR (@zPackage IS NULL)
                                           BEGIN
                                                     SELECT @zPackage=(SELECT max(PKG) FROM package) + 1
                                                     INSERT
                                                                INTO
                                                                          Package
60
                      (PKG,StartDate,EndDate,Description,Package_Create,KID,CID,PackageGasMonth,PackageStatus,Package
            CreateBy,
                      LastUpdateBy,LastUpdateDate,KProductID,KServiceID)
65
                      (@zPackage,@GasMonthx,@zLastDay,'TRANSPORT
            DEAL',getdate(),@yKID,@yCID,@GasMonthx,'Created',user_name(),
```

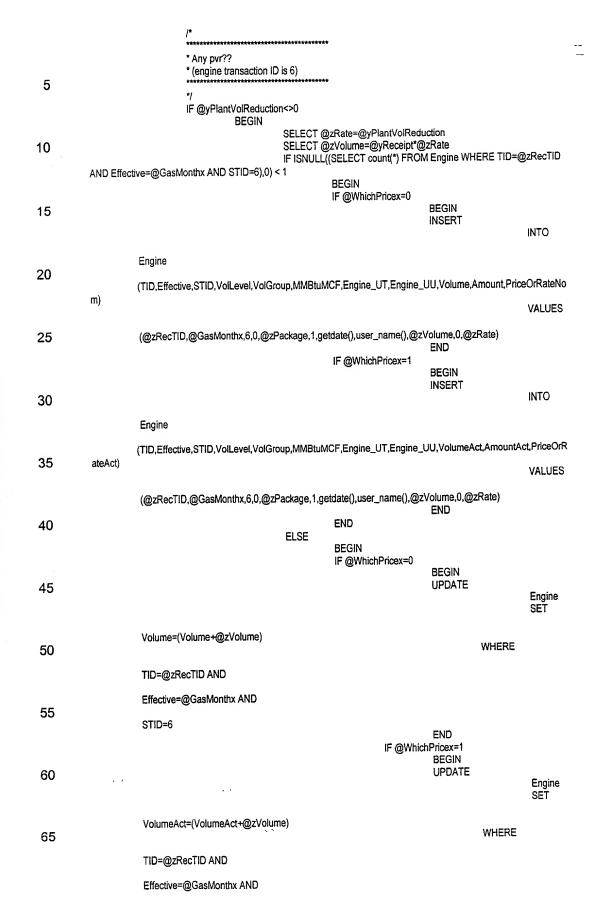


	* (created if no * the volume t	ms have been deten eeded). Now go and o the GasinvD table.	post		
5	*/ IF @WhichPri	icex=0 EGIN			
10		UPDATE	GaslnvD SET	nom=(nom+@yReceipt)	
			WHERE	TID=@zRecTID AND	
15		UPDATE	GasinvD	GasDay=@yGasDay	
			SET	nom=(nom+@yDelivered)	
20			WHERE	TID=@zDeITID AND GasDay=@yGasDay	
	IF @WhichPri	ND icex=1 BEGIN			
25		UPDATE	GasinvD SET		
			WHERE	PipelineActuals=(PipelineActuals+@yReceipt)
30		UPDATE		TID=@zRecTID AND GasDay=@yGasDay	
		GI BATE	GasinvD SET		
35	PipelineActuals=(Pipeline	Actuals+@yDelivere	d) WHERE		
40		END		TID=@zDelTID AND GasDay=@yGasDay	
40	/*	**********	***		
45	* (engine tran	ort costs here???	***		
	IF @yTransp	ortationRate<>0 BEGIN	Ø-B-4 Ø-	. Taxana atati ay Data	
50		SELECT SELECT IF ISNUI	@zVolume= @zAmount=	yTransportationRate =@yReceipt =ROUND((@zRate*@zVolume),2) count(*) FROM Engine WHERE TID=@zRecTIE)
55	AND Effective=@GasMonthx AND ST	ΓID=3),0) < 1	BEGIN	chPricex=0	
JJ				BEGIN INSERT INTO	
60	Engine				
	(TID,Effective,STID,VolLe	evel,VolGroup,MMBt	uMCF,Engine	e_UT,Engine_UU,Volume,Amount,PriceOrRateN	
65	/@zRecTID @GasMonth	ix.3.0.@zPackage.1.	getdate().use	VALUE: er_name(),@zVolume,@zAmount,@zRate)	5
	(weatoon b, we casimonia)	,J,0, <u>w</u> uonugo, 1		END ichPricex=1	
70				BEGIN INSERT	





IF @yFueiPercent<>0 **BEGIN** 5 SELECT @zRate=@yFueiPercent SELECT @zVolume=@yReceipt*@zRate
IF ISNULL((SELECT count(*) FROM Engine WHERE TID=@zRecTID AND Effective=@GasMonthx AND STID=5),0) < 1 IF @WhichPricex=0 10 BEGIN INSERT INTO 15 Engine $(TID, Effective, STID, VolLevel, VolGroup, MMBtuMCF, Engine_UT, Engine_UU, Volume, Amount, PriceOrRateNound, Control of the m) **VALUES** 20 $(@zRecTiD, @GasMonthx, 5, 0, @zPackage, 1, getdate(), user_name(), @zVolume, 0, @zRate)$ END IF @WhichPricex=1 **BEGIN** 25 INSERT INTO Engine $(TID, Effective, STID, VolLevel, VolGroup, MMBtuMCF, Engine_UT, Engine_UU, VolumeAct, AmountAct, PriceOrRection (Control of the Control of$ 30 ateAct) **VALUES** (@zRecTID,@GasMonthx,5,0,@zPackage,1,getdate(),user_name(),@zVolume,0,@zRate) END 35 **END** ELSE **BEGIN** IF @WhichPricex=0 BEGIN 40 UPDATE Engine SEŤ 45 Volume=(Volume+@zVolume) WHERE TID=@zRecTID AND 50 Effective=@GasMonthx AND STID=5 END IF @WhichPricex=1 **BEGIN** 55 UPDATE Engine SET VolumeAct=(VolumeAct+@zVolume) 60 WHERE TID=@zRecTID AND 65 Effective=@GasMonthx AND STID=5 END **END** 70 END

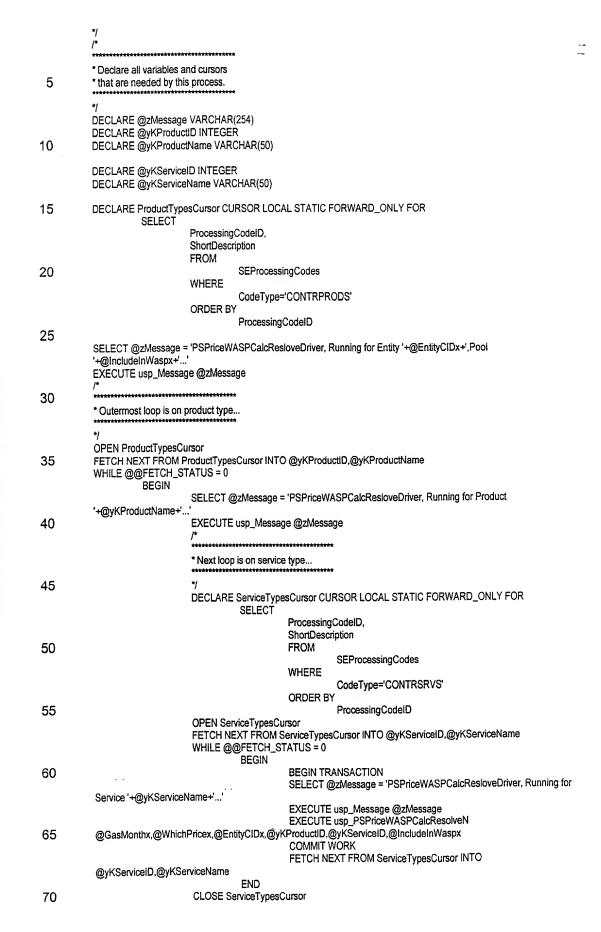


5	END END COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM LegDetailCursor INTO
	@yGasDay,@yDelMID,@yRecMID,@yLID,@yReceipt,@yFuelOrOther,
10	@y Delivered, @y Transportation Rate, @y Gathering Rate, @y FueiPercent, @y Plant VolReduction, @y Purchase PKG,
	@yRMeterPipe,@yRMeterMeter,@yDMeterPipe,@yDMeterMeter,@yKID
15	END CLOSE LegDetailCursor DEALLOCATE LegDetailCursor SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceTranportAll, Finished'
20	EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage END
25	
30	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
0.5	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
35	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceWASPCalc(@GasMonthx DATETIME, @WhichPricex INTEGER,
40	@EntityCIDx VARCHAR(12))
	AS BEGIN /*
45	Name: usp_PSPriceWaspCalc
50	Description: This is the main process for calculating the WASP price information for a particular gas month and type of price (nom's or pipeline actuals). The end result of this process is to post updated price amounts within the engine. The WASP calculation has also been modified to perform the calculations pooled by entity (passed to this routine), within entity by product (Oil/Gas/Liguids) and service (marketing/passthrough/etc.).
	Inputs:
55	GasMonthx (Gas Month to calculate), WhichPricex (0=Nominations, 1=Actualizations) EntityCIDx (which company is being calculated (owner company))
	History:
60	06/22/99 JAMIE Original creation
65	07/22/99 JAMIE Include 3rd party deals within the calcuattion process. They WILL NOT BE included within the WASP calculations and will be treated the same as "Dedicated" (Sanctioned sales) deals. This will ensure they are not affecting any other pricing component.
70	05/01/00 JAMIE Modifications to utilize the new routing structure as part of the calculation. A check is made to see if any 'routing' entries are made to the new structures (for the month). If so, then this routine will invoke the new routines.

05/24/2000 JAMIE Modifications to add the EntityCIDx component to the calculation (passed to this routine by the calling program). In addition, modifications were made to calculate 5 all WASP pricing within each unique product and service. 08/25/2000 JAMIE Modified to remove all of the old routing routines. , 10 */ * Declare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process. 15 DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254) DECLARE @vKProductID INTEGER DECLARE @yKProductName VARCHAR(50) 20 DECLARE @yKServiceID INTEGER DECLARE @yKServiceName VARCHAR(50) DECLARE ProductTypesCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR 25 SELECT ProcessingCodelD, ShortDescription **FROM** SEProcessingCodes WHERE CodeType='CONTRPRODS' 30 ORDER BY ProcessingCodelD SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalc, Running for Entity '+@EntityCIDx+'...' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage 35 * Outermost loop is on product type... 40 OPEN ProductTypesCursor FETCH NEXT FROM ProductTypesCursor INTO @yKProductID,@yKProductName WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalc, Running for Product '+@yKProductName+'...' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage 45 * Next loop is on service type... 50 DECLARE ServiceTypesCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR SELECT ProcessingCodeID, ShortDescription 55 **FROM** SEProcessingCodes WHERE CodeType='CONTRSRVS' ORDER BY **ProcessingCodelD** OPEN ServiceTypesCursor FETCH NEXT FROM ServiceTypesCursor INTO @yKServiceID,@yKServiceName 60 WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN **BEGIN TRANSACTION** SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalc, Running for Service 65 '+@yKServiceName+'...' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage * Now populate the waspresolvedrouting * tables with all sales and transport 70

Otherwise, the old routines are invoked.

		* totals that were linked to purchase	s
		* within the route process.	•
5	@GasMonthx,@WhichPricex,@EntityCIDx,@yk	*/ EXECUTE usp_PSPriceWASPCalc (ProductID,@yKServiceID COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM ServiceTypes	
	@yKServiceID,@yKServiceName	, E. O. M. E. M. Co. M.	
10	END CLOSE ServiceTypesC DEALLOCATE Service FETCH NEXT FROM F		ctID,@yKProductName
15	END CLOSE ProductTypesCursor DEALLOCATE ProductTypesCursor /*		
20	* Finished. A later routine will take * the well prices to the actual engine * table (PSPriceAll for Purchases). A * commit takes place right here just to		
25	* make sure we limit our recovery window * if problems later Also, don't want * to hold locks for an extended amount * of time.		
30	*/ SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalc, Fi EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage END	inished with Entity '+@EntityClDx+''	
35			
40	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI GO	_NULLS ON	
40	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI GO	_NULLS ON	
45	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceWASPCa	alcResolveDriver(@GasMonthx DATETIME, @WhichPricex INTEGER, @EntityCIDx VARCHAR(12), @IncludeInWaspx VARCHAR(10)
50	AS BEGIN /*		
	Name: usp_PSPriceWaspCalcResolveDriver		
55	Description: This is the main process that control of sales amounts back to their respective purch		
60	Inputs:		
60	GasMonthx (Gas Month to calculate), WhichPricex (0=Nominations, 1=Actualizations EntityCIDx (which company is being calculated IncludeInWaspx ('Common', 'None' or 'Dedicate	l (owner company))	
65	History:		
	07/28/2000 JAMIE Original creation		
70	*****************	*********	



70

DEALLOCATE ServiceTypesCursor FETCH NEXT FROM ProductTypesCursor INTO @yKProductID,@yKProductName

END CLOSE ProductTypesCursor DEALLOCATE ProductTypesCursor 5 SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcResolveDriver, Finished with Entity '+@EntityCIDx+',Pool '+@IncludeInWaspx+'...' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage 10 15 SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON SET ANSI_NULLS ON 20 GO CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceWASPCaicResolveN(@GasMonthx DATETIME, @WhichPricex INTEGER, @EntityCIDx VARCHAR(12), 25 @KProductiDx INTEGER, @KServiceIDx INTEGER, @IncludeInWaspx VARCHAR(10) 30 AS **BEGIN** Name: usp_PSPriceWASPCalcResolveN 35 Description: This particular stored procedure is responsible for looping through and chasing all volumes back from purchase points back to the respective meter locations that originally contained the purchase volumes. 40 History: 05/01/2000 JAMIE Original Creation. 05/24/2000 JAMIE Modified to include the entity, product and service. 45 07/28/2000 JAMIE Modified to include the IncludeInWaspx parameter so that the calculations can be run in a specified WASP order... 08/17/2000 JAMIE Removed the call to PSWASPCalcPostPurchaseN. This 50 was done based on all wasp calculation entries being setup in the WASPResolvedRouting table. */ 55 * Declare all variables and cursors * that are needed by this process. 60 DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254) SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcResolveN Has Started for pool '+@IncludeInWaspx+'...' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage 65 * Now invoke the routine that will chase * the volumes, prices and amounts back to * the purchase points.

	*/ CELECT @TMocrago = 'IDSPrisoN/ASDColoPocolyoN, Tracing back all gas (resolving sales)	
	SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcResolveN, Tracing back all gas (resolving sales EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage	!
5	EXECUTE usp_PSPriceWASPCalcResolveSalesN @GasMonthx,@WhichPricex,@EntityCIDx,@KProductIDx,@KServiceIDx,@IncludeInWasp:	,
5	/*	`
	*Time to leave	
10	*/ SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcResolveN Has Completed for Pool '+@Include	InWasox+' '
	EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage	
	END	
15	GO	
	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON	
	GO	
20	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON	
	GO	
	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceWASPCalcResolveSalesN(@GasMonthx
25	DATETIME,	· ·
	INTEGER,	@WhichPricex
	VARCHAR(12),	@EntityCIDx
30	INTEGER.	@KProductIDx
		@KServiceIDx
	INTEGER,	@IncludeInWaspx
35	VARCHAR(10))
	AS	
	BEGIN /*	
40	Name: usp_PSPriceWASPCalcResolveSales	
	,	
	Description: This particular stored procedure will loop through (iteratively) all of the sales meter records within the WASPResolvedRouting table (type 'S' records) and	
45	distribute their respective volumes, amounts and prices back to the purchase points (wieghted).	
	All volumes should match here since the routing process routes purchase deals directly to sales deals AND the WASPResolvedRouting table was built on explicit volumes and	
50	links found in the LegDetail (main routing) table.	
	Inputs:	
	GasMonthx - Gas Month	
55	WhichPricex - 0=Nominations, 1=Actuals EntityClDx - owning company	
	KProductIDx - product id (oil, gas, liquids, etc.) KServiceIDx - service id (marketing, passthrough, etc.)	
	IncludeInWaspx - ('Common' or 'None' or 'Dedicated')	
60	History:	
	05/01/2000 JAMIE Original Creation.	
65	07/20/2000 JAMIE Modified in order to capture and save resolved total amounts	
	along with the resolved volume amounts. This was required in order to correct a calculation problem.	
	·	
70	07/28/2000 JAMIE Modified to take into consideration which WASP pool is currently	

	when determining the values to use. This cituation only arose when certain
	when determining the volume to use. This situation only arose when certain
5	unresolved records were ordered a certain way (during the resolution ritual). Confusing, I know, but that is the best I can do The field zTempLeft contains
o o	this information
	this mornaion

	*/
10	/ /*
10	, ******************
	* Declare all variables and cursors
	* that are needed by this process.

15	*/
. •	DECLARE @zTempLeft DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @zRound INTEGER
	DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254)
	DECLARE @zAnyUpdates VARCHAR(1)
20	DECLARE @zResolvedReceipt DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @zResolvedReceiptAmt DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @zResolvedDelivered DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @zResolvedDeliveredAmt DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @zReceiptLeft DECIMAL(19,2)
25	DECLARE @zReceiptAmtLeft DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @zPercentToApply DECIMAL(19,6)
	DECLARE @zSumDelivered DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @zPercentReceipt DECIMAL(19,6)
	DECLARE @zUseVolume DECIMAL(19,2)
30	DECLARE @zUseAmount DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @zAmount DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @zNewAmount DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @zNewPrice DECIMAL(19,6)
	DECLARE @zTempVolume DECIMAL(19,2)
35	DECLARE @zTempAmount DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @zVolumeDispersed DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @zAmountDispersed DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @zDifference DECIMAL(19,2)
40	DECLARE @zResolvedIndicator VARCHAR(1)
40	DECLARE @zt.inkUpdate VARCHAR(1) DECLARE @zDeliveredLeft DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE (WZDeliveledLeit DECliving(15,2)
	DECLARE @yDeIMID INTEGER
	DECLARE @yRecMID INTEGER
45	DECLARE @yReceipt DECIMAL(19,2)
70	DECLARE @yFuelOrOther DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @yDelivered DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @yTransportAmount DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @yGatheringAmount DECIMAL(19,2)
50	DECLARE @yAmount DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @yDedicatedPurchasePKG INTEGER
	DECLARE @yPrice DECIMAL(19,6)
	DECLARE @yResolvedReceipt DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @yincludeInWasp VARCHAR(10)
55	DECLARE @yResolvedDelivered DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @yResolvedID INTEGER
	DECLARE @yResolvedReceiptAmt DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @yResolvedDeliveredAmt DECIMAL(19,2)
-00	
60	DECLARE @IDeIMID INTEGER
	DECLÁRE @IRecMID INTEGER
	DECLARE @IReceipt DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @IFuelOrOther DECIMAL(19,2)
65	DECLARE @IDelivered DECIMAL(19,2)
65	DECLARE @ITransportAmount DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @IGatheringAmount DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @IGAININGAMOUNT DECIMAL(19,2)
	DECLARE @IDedicatedPurchasePKG INTEGER
	DECLARE @IPrice DECIMAL(15,6)
70	DECLARE (MIRROR DECIMAL (10.0)

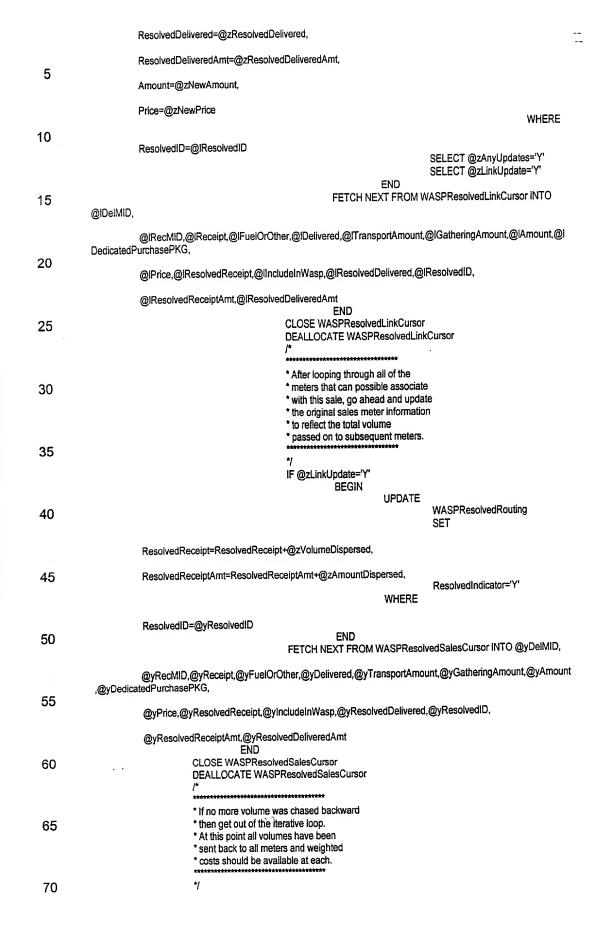
5	DECLARE @IncludeInWasp VARCHAR(10) DECLARE @IResolvedDelivered DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @IResolvedID INTEGER DECLARE @IResolvedReceiptAmt DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @IResolvedDeiiveredAmt DECIMAL(19,2)
	<i>r</i> *

10	* This loop will iterate until no more * gas can be distributed to various * sales meters within the * WaspResolvedRouting table.
	*/
15	SELECT @zRound = ISNULL((SELECT TypeLimit FROM SEProcessingCodes WHERE ProcessingCodeID = @KProductIDx),0) SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcResolveSalesN, starting iterative process' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
00	SalesMeterIterationLoop:
20	BEGIN SELECT @zAnyUpdates='N' DECLARE WASPResolvedSalesCursor CURSOR LOCAL DYNAMIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
	SELECT DeiMID.
25	RecMID,
	Receipt,
	FuelOrOther, Delivered.
	TransportAmount,
30	Gathering Amount,
	Amount, DedicatedPurchasePKG,
	Price,
0.5	ResolvedReceipt,
35	IncludeInWasp, ResolvedDelivered,
	ResolvedID,
	ResolvedReceiptAmt, ResolvedDeliveredAmt
40	FROM
10	WASPResolvedRouting WHERE (GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
	NomOrActual=@WhichPricex AND
45	IncludeInWasp=@IncludeInWaspx AND
	ResolvedIndicator<>'Y' AND ResolvedReceipt<>Receipt AND
	ResolvedType<>'P' AND
	Amount<>0 AND
50	Price<0 AND
	Delivered<>0 AND EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND
	KProductID=@KProductIDx AND
	KServiceID=@KServiceIDx) ORDER BY
55	OKDER BY IncludeInWasp,
	DedicatedPurchasePKG,
	DelMID
60	OPEN WASPResolvedSalesCursor FETCH NEXT FROM WASPResolvedSalesCursor INTO @yDelMID,
00	@yRecMID,@yReceipt,@yFuelOrOther,@yDelivered,@yTransportAmount,@yGatheringAmount,@yAmount,@yDedicatedPurchasePKG,
65	@yPrice,@yResolvedReceipt,@yIncludeInWasp,@yResolvedDelivered,@yResolvedID,
	@yResolvedReceiptAmt,@yResolvedDeliveredAmt
	WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
70	BEGIN /*
70	,

		******	**
·		* Loop through each of the legs * have the delivery meter the sa * the receipt meter for the given * month and class	ime as
5		*/ SELECT @zVolumeDispersed=	
10		SELECT @zAmountDispersed: SELECT @zLinkUpdate='N'	
	FORWARD_ONLY FOR	PEOLY/C WAS NOOMOGEN	
15	· · · -	SELECT DelMII RecMI Receip FuelOi Delivei	D, ot, Other, red,
20		Gather Amour	oortAmount, ringAmount, nt, atedPurchasePKG,
25		Price, Resolv Includi Resolv Resolv Resolv	redReceipt, einWasp, redDelivered, redID, redReceiptAmt,
30		Reson FROM WHEF	WASPResolvedRouting
0.5		Wher	(GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND NomOrActual=@WhichPricex
35	AND		IncludeInWasp=@yIncludeInWasp
	AND		
	DedicatedPurchasePKG=@yDed	dicatedPurchasePKG AND	- 1415 O D 1415 AND
40	AND		DelMID=@yRecMID AND ResolvedID<>@yResolvedID
45			EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND KProductID=@KProductIDx AND KServiceID=@KServiceIDx AND ResolvedType<>'S' AND ResolvedDelivered <delivered)< td=""></delivered)<>
	EETOU	OPEN WASPResolvedLinkCur NEXT FROM WASPResolvedLinkCur	SOF Cursor INTO MIDOIMID
50		*	ount,@IGatheringAmount,@IAmount,@I
55	@IPrice,@IResolvedReceipt,@II	includeInWasp,@IResolvedDelivere	ed,@IResolvedID,
	@IResolvedReceiptAmt,@IReso	olvedDeliveredAmt WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS BEGIN /*	= 0
60		* Determine the to	
65	,	* delivery meterid * the receipt mete * pool and dedical * information bein	being equal to r id and all WASP ted purchase package g identical).
70			e field contains the ne from the delivery ackward.

_		* The zUseAmount field contains the * dollar amount from the delivery meter * that should be applied backward.	
5		* The zPercentToApply field contains the * volume weighted percentage to use.	
10	O. D. L. L. I. D. L.	*/ SELECT @zResolvedReceipt=@yResolvedReceipt SELECT	
	@zResolvedReceiptAmt=@yResolvedReceiptAmt	SELECT @zPercentReceipt=1	
15		/* Determine total receipt volume available to apply*/ /* This is based on percentage of delivered that may have*/ /* already been applied. In addition, determine the*/ /* amount that is available*/	
20	AND (@yDelivered>@yResolvedDelivered)	IF (@yDelivered<>0) AND (@yResolvedDelivered<>0)	
		BEGIN SELECT	
25	@zPercentReceipt=(@yResolvedDelivered/@yDelivered)	END	
		/* Incorporated this logic to ensure that no	
30	more than */	/* the original receipt can be sent back to	
	previous */	/* meter 12/05/2000 */	
	O D (DOUND/O Description Description	SELECT	
35	@zReceiptLeft=ROUND((@yReceipt*@zPercentReceipt),(@zRound) SELECT @zTempLeft=(@yReceipt -	
	@yResolvedReceipt)	SELECT @zTempLeft=Round((@zTempLeft *	
40	@zPercentReceipt),@zRound);	IF @zTempLeft < @zReceiptLeft BEGIN SELECT	
	@zReceiptLeft=@zTempLeft		
45	@yResolvedReceiptAmt),2)	END SELECT @zReceiptAmtLeft=ROUND((@yAmount-	
	apply and RecMID<>DelMID */	/* Determine percentage of the volumes and amounts to	
50	OUNT OF THE CONTROL O	SELECT @zPercentToApply=1 SELECT @zSumDelivered=ISNULL((SELECT	
	SUM(Delivered) FROM WASPResolvedRouting	WHERE	
55	GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND NomOrActual=@WhichPricex AND IncludeInWasp=@yIncludeInWasp AND		
	DedicatedPurchasePKG=@yDedicatedPurchasePKG AND DelMid=@yRecMID AND ResolvedType<>'S' AND		
60	EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND KProductID=@KProductIDx AND KServiceID=@KServiceIDx),0)		
00		IF (@zSumDelivered<>0) AND (@IDelivered<>0) BEGIN SELECT	
65	@zPercentToApply=ROUND((@lDelivered/@zSumDelive	red),6) END	
		ELSE • BEGIN SELECT @zPercentToApply=0	
70		END	

	leg*/	/* Calculate volume to apply backwards for this partic	cular
5	@zUseVolume=ROUND((@zReceiptLeft*@zPercentToApply	SELECT),@zRound) SELECT @zDeliveredLeft=@lDelivered-	_
10		IF @zUseVolume>@zDeliveredLeft BEGIN SELECT	
	@zUseVolume=@zDeliveredLeft	END SELECT	E
15	@zResolvedReceipt=@zResolvedReceipt+@zUseVolume @zVolumeDispersed=@zVolumeDispersed+@zUseVolume	SELECT	
		/* Calculate dollar amount to apply backwards for thi	is
20	@zUseAmount=ROUND((@zReceiptAmtLeft*@zPercentToA	SELECT	
0.5	@zResolvedReceiptAmt=@zResolvedReceiptAmt+@zUseAr	SELECT nount	
25	@zAmountDispersed=@zAmountDispersed+@zUseAmount	SELECT /*	
30		* Now update the meter feeding * this delivery point with the information just posted	
35		* The amount is calculated based * on the previous value plus * the amount being posted from * the delivery meter. The * price is derived based on * receipt volume into the amount.	
40		* Since we are not forcing the pipes * to balance then calculate the price * based solely on the volume resolved	
45		*/ IF (@zUseVolume>0) AND (@zUseAmount<>0) BEGIN	
	@zResolvedDelivered=@lResolvedDelivered+@zUseVolum	SELECT e	
50	@zResolvedDeliveredAmt=@IResolvedDeliveredAmt+@zUs	SELECT eAmount SELECT	
	@zNewAmount=ROUND((@IAmount+@zUseAmount),2)	IF (@zResolvedDeliveredA	\mt<>0)
55	AND (@IReceipt<>0)	BE	EGIN
20	SELECT @zNewPrice=ROUND((@zNewAmour	nt/@IReceipt),4) EN ELSE	ND
60	• •		EGIN
65	SELECT @zNewPrice=0	EP UPDATE	ND
00	WASPResolvedRouting		ĒΤ
70	ResolvedIndicator='N',		



IF @zAnyUpdates<>'N' BEGIN

GOTO SalesMeterIterationLoop

5	END END END
10	
15	
20	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
25	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN(@GasMonthx DATETIME, @WhichPricex INTEGER, @EntityCIDx VARCHAR(12) @KProductIDx INTEGER,
30	@KServiceIDx INTEGER) AS BEGIN
	J*
35	Name: usp_PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN
40	Description: This process will build all of the meters within the WASPResolvedRouting table for all of the deals within the gas month. Only those meters that had actual transport volume will be moved. A different routine will iterate through the volumes posted here in order to calculate all of the prices.
45	Inputs:
50	GasMonthx - Gas Month WhichPricex - 0=Nominations, 1=Actuals EntityCIDx - Entity being calculated (owning company) KProductIDx - Product type being calculated. KServiceIDx - Service type being calculated.
	History:
	05/02/2000 JAMIE Original Creation.
55	05/24/2000 JAMIE Modified to add the Entity, product and service types to be parameters to this procedure. This will ensure that gas, oil, etc amongst the various types of companies (entities) being serviced do not get intermixed.
60	07/20/2000 JAMIE Modified in order to initialize new resolved amount fields for all records that get added to the WASPResolvedRouting table.
65	08/18/2000 JAMIE Modified to go ahead and put the actual purchase point items on the table to include them in the calculations. At this point the WASPResolvedRouting table will contain ALL entries (see 'Type' field on the database). Purchase points thru Sales points.
70	10/03/2000 JAMIE Modified to incorporate the 'Other Cost' amount totals into the Resolved table total calculation.

```
5
           * Declare all variables and cursors
           * that are needed by this process.
10
           DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254)
           DECLARE @zincludeinWasp VARCHAR(10)
           DECLARE @zVolume DECIMAL(19,2)
           DECLARE @zType VARCHAR(1)
DECLARE @zPrice DECIMAL(19,6)
15
           DECLARE @zAmount DECIMAL(19,2)
           DECLARE @zOtherCostAmount DECIMAL(19,2)
           DECLARE @zDedicatedPurchasePKG INTEGER
           DECLARE @zGatheringAmount DECIMAL(19,2)
DECLARE @zTransportationAmount DECIMAL(15,2)
20
           DECLARE @zAmountWithCosts DECIMAL(19,2)
           DECLARE @zLastDay DATETIME
           DECLARE @zPrevSalePKG INTEGER
25
           DECLARE @zPrevSaleMID INTEGER
           DECLARE @yPurchasePKG INTEGER
           DECLARE @yRecMID INTEGER
           DECLARE @yDelMID INTEGER
30
           DECLARE @ySalesPKG INTEGER
           DECLARE @yReceipt DECIMAL(19,2)
           DECLARE @yLDIDPrev INTEGER
           DECLARE @yGasDay DATETIME
           DECLARE @yPurchasePointTID INTEGER
           DECLARE @yStep INTEGER
35
           DECLARE @xPriceOrRateNom DECIMAL(19,6)
           DECLARE @xPriceOrRateAct DECIMAL(19,6)
40
           DECLARE @qPurchasePKG INTEGER
           DECLARE @qLID INTEGER
           DECLARE @gRecMID INTEGER
           DECLARE @qDelMID INTEGER
           DECLARE @qReceipt DECIMAL(19,2)
45
           DECLARE @qDelivered DECIMAL(19,2)
           DECLARE @qFuelOrOther DECIMAL(19,2)
           DECLARE @qTransport DECIMAL(19,2)
            DECLARE @qGathering DECIMAL(19,2)
50
            SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN Has Started...'
           EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
55
            * Delete any pre-existing resolved entries
            * that may exist in the database... These
            * records are the ones related to the
            * entity, product and service tyeps.
60
            SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN, Deleting existing entries off WASPResolvedRouting...'
            EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
            DELETE
65
                      FROM
                                WASPResolvedRouting
                      WHERE
                                 GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                 NomOrActual=@WhichPricex AND
70
                                 EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND
```

01/09/2000 JAMIE For consistency. Modified the rounding (on the prices to two decimal places (for all months previous to December 2000).

```
KProductID=@KProductIDx AND
                                 KServiceID=@KServiceIDx
           SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN, Finished deleting existing entries off WASPResolvedRouting...'
           EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
 5
           * Initially loop through the sales links
            * found on the legdetail table (high level
            * loop)... Only looping through those
10
            * items that are associated with this
           * entity and product/service type.
           SELECT @zPrevSalePKG=0
           SELECT @zPrevSaleMID=0
15
           EXECUTE usp_fLastDay @GasMonthx,@zLastDay OUTPUT
           DECLARE LegDetailSaleCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
                                 PurchasePKG,
20
                                 RecMID,
                                 DelMID.
                                 SalesPKG,
                                 Receipt,
                                 LDIDPrev.
25
                                 GasDay,
                                 PurchasePointTID,
                                 Step
                                 FROM
                                            LegDetail
                                 WHERE
30
                                            LegDetail.PurchasePointTID IN (SELECT DISTINCT TID FROM GasInv, Package,
            K WHERE GasInv.PKG=Package.PKG AND k.kid = Package.KID AND GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
            Gasinv.DBCR=0 AND Gasinv.PriceType=1 and Package.KProductiD = @KProductiDx and Package.KServiceID =
            @KServiceIDx AND K.EntityCID = @EntityCIDx) AND
                                            LegDetail.GasDay>=@GasMonthx AND
LegDetail.GasDay<=@zLastDay AND
35
                                            LegDetail.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                            LegDetail.NomOrActuals=@WhichPricex AND
                                            LegDetail.LID=0 AND
                                            LegDetail.PurchasePKG>0 AND
40
                                            LegDetail.SalesPKG>0
                                  ORDER BY
                                            LegDetail.SalesPKG,
                                            LegDetail.RecMID,
45
                                            LegDetail.PurchasePointTID.
                                            LegDetail.GasDay,
                                            LegDetail.PurchasePKG
            SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN, opening main sales cursor (LegDetailSaleCursor)...'
            EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
            OPEN LegDetailSaleCursor
50
            SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN, finished opening main sales cursor (LegDetailSaleCursor)...'
            EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
            FETCH NEXT FROM LegDetailSaleCursor INTO @yPurchasePKG,
                       @yRecMID,@yDelMID,@ySalesPKG,@yReceipt,@yLDIDPrev,@yGasDay,@yPurchasePointTID,@yStep
 55
            WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                       BEGIN
                                  * Determine the classification of the
 60
                                  * purchase deal attached to this sales
                                   volume right here...
                                  EXECUTE usp_fGetWaspIndicator @yPurchasePKG,@zIncludeInWasp OUTPUT
 65
                                  IF @zincludeInWasp='Common'
                                             BEGIN
                                                        SELECT @zDedicatedPurchasePKG=0
                                             END
                                  ELSE
 70
```

	BEGIN BY A PROPERTY OF THE PRO
	SELECT @zDedicatedPurchasePKG=@yPurchasePKG END
5	/* ***********************************
	* If sales package has changed OR * the meter within a sales package * has changed then (amongst other
10	* things) sum up any/all other costs * for the meter (this ensures that only * one instance of other cost entries * are totaled for a given sales deal
	* at a given meter).
15	*/ SELECT @zOtherCostAmount=0 IF (@ySalesPKG<>@zPrevSalePKG) OR (@yRecMID<>@zPrevSaleMID) BEGIN
20	SELECT @zPrevSalePKG=@ySalesPKG SELECT @zPrevSaleMID=@yRecMiD IF @WhichPricex=0 BEGIN
	SELECT @zOtherCostAmount=ISNULL((SELECT SUM(Engine.Amount) FROM GasInv,Engine WHERE
25	GasInv.PKG=@ySalesPKG
	AND Gasinv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND Gasinv.PriceType=1 AND Engine.TID=Gasinv.TID AND Gasinv.Gasinv_MID=@yRecMID AND Engine.STID<>9),0)
30	END IF @WhichPricex=1
	BEGIN SELECT
	@zOtherCostAmount=ISNULL((SELECT SUM(Engine.AmountAct) FROM GasInv,Engine WHERE GasInv.PKG=@ySalesPKG
35	AND GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND GasInv.PriceType=1 AND Engine.TID=GasInv.TID AND GasInv_GasInv_MID=@yRecMID AND Engine.STID<>9),0)
	END END
40	f* ***********************************
	* Calculate the price and amount for the * sales item here (utilizing the Engine * calculation). The beginning volume is
45	* the amount pulled off the sales association * on the database Break from this * loop once the first price record has been * obtained (for this day)
50	*******************************
50	*/ SELECT @zPrice=0 SELECT @zAmount=0 SELECT @zVolume=0 DECLARE EngineCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
55	SELECT
	Engine.PriceOrRateNom, Engine.PriceOrRateAct FROM
60	Gasinv, Engine
	WHERE Gasinv.PKG=@ySalesPKG AND Gasinv.PriceType=1 AND Engine.TID=Gasinv.TID AND
65	Gasinv.Gasinv.MID=@yRecMID AND Engine.Effective<=@yGasDay AND Engine.STID=9
	ORDER BY Engine.Effective DESC
70	OPEN EngineCursor

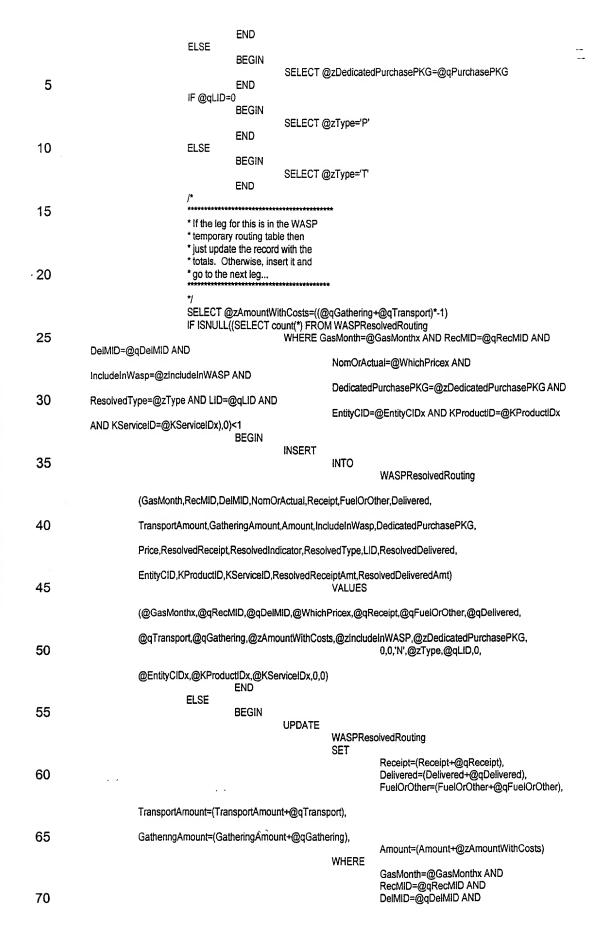
BEGIN IF @zPrice=0 5 **BEGIN** IF @WhichPricex=0 **BEGIN** IF @GasMonthx < '12/01/2000' **BEGIN** 10 **SELECT** @zPrice=ROUND(@xPriceOrRateNom,2) **END** ELSE 15 **BEGIN SELECT** @zPrice=ROUND(@xPriceOrRateNom,4) **END END** 20 ELSE **BEGIN** IF @GasMonthx < '12/01/2000' **BEGIN** SELECT 25 @zPrice=ROUND(@xPriceOrRateAct,2) **END** ELSE **BEGIN SELECT** 30 @zPrice=ROUND(@xPriceOrRateAct,4) **END END** SELECT @zVolume=@yReceipt SELECT @zAmount=(@zVolume*@zPrice) 35 **END** CLOSE EngineCursor DEALLOCATE EngineCursor 40 * Sum the other cost entry on the * amount brought back for the * production volume amount. The 45 * other cost entry will only have a * non zero value the first time a * sales meter is encountered. Make * sure to reset the price entry. 50 IF @zOtherCostAmount<>0 BEGIN SELECT @zAmount=@zAmount+@zOtherCostAmount IF (@zAmount<>0) AND (@zVolume<>0) BEGIN 55 **SELECT** @zPrice=ROUND((@zAmount/@zVolume),4) **END END** 60 * Post a sales entry into the resolved * table here.. (LID=0)... This will be * the starting point once the routing 65 * interative process begins... IF ISNULL((SELECT count(*) FROM WASPResolvedRouting WHERE GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND RecMID=@yRecMID AND DeiMID=@yDeiMID AND

FETCH NEXT FROM EngineCursor INTO @xPriceOrRateNom,@xPriceOrRateAct

IF @@FETCH_STATUS = 0

	NomOrActual=@WhichPricex ANI IncludeInWasp=@zIncludeInWASP AND DedicatedPurchasePKG=@zDedicatedPurchasePKG ResolvedType='S' AND LID=0 AN	AND
5	EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND KProductID=@KProductIDx AND KServiceID=@KServiceIDx),0) < BEGIN	
	INSERT INTO	
	WASPResolvedRoutin	ng
10	(GasMonth, RecMID, DelMID, NomOrActual, Receipt, FuelOrOther, Delivered, Transpornt, Amount,	tAmount,GatheringAmou
15	Include In Wasp, Dedicated Purchase PKG, Price, Resolved Receipt, Resolved Indicator, Red Delivered,	tesolvedType,LID,Resolv
	EntityCID,KProductID,KServiceID,ResolvedReceiptAmt,ResolvedDeliveredAmt) VALUES	
20	(@GasMonthx,@yRecMID,@yDelMID,@WhichPricex,@zVolume,0,@zVolume,0,0,	@zAmount,
20	@zlncludeInWASP,@zDedicatedPurchasePKG,@zPrice,0,'N','S',0,0,	
0.5	@EntityClDx,@KProducttDx,@KServicelDx,0,0) END	
25	ELSE BEGIN IF (@zAmount<>0) AND (@zVolume<>0)	
	BEGIN UPDATE	
30	WASPRe SET	solvedRouting
	Receipt=(Receipt+@zVolume),	
35	Delivered=(Delivered+@zVolume),	
	Amount=(Amount+@zAmount),	
40	Price=ROUND(((Amount+@zAmount)/(Receipt+@zVolume)),4) WHERE	
	GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND	RecMID=@yRecMID
45	AND	DeiMID=@yDeiMiD
40	AND	2011112
	NomOrActual=@WhichPricex AND	
50	IncludeInWasp=@zincludeInWASP AND	
	DedicatedPurchasePKG=@zDedicatedPurchasePKG AND	ResolvedType='S'
55	AND	LID=0 AND
	EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND	
	KProductID=@KProductIDx AND	
60	KServiceID=@KServiceIDx	
	END END	
65	FETCH NEXT FROM LegDetailSaleCursor INTO @yPurchasePKG,	
	@yRecMID,@yDelMID,@ySalesPKG,@yReceipt,@yLDIDPrev,@yGasDay,@yPur END CLOSE LegDetailSaleCursor	cnasePointTID,@yStep
70	DEALLOCATE LegDetailSaleCursor /*	

```
* Once all of the sales meters have been
            * inserted then it is time to insert the
            * transportation routing leg entries. THese
  5
            * are summarized entries. No day-to-day
            * cursor processing is required only the
            * sum of the unique days.
            * Transport legs (type 'T') and purchase
10
            * points (type 'P') are posted here..
            DECLARE LegDetailChaseCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
15
                                  LegDetail.PurchasePKG,
                                 LegDetail.LID.
                                  LegDetail.RecMID,
                                  LegDetail.DelMID,
                                  SUM(LegDetail.Receipt).
20
                                  SUM(LegDetail.Delivered),
                                  SUM(LegDetail.FuelOrOther),
                                 ROUND(SUM(LegDetail.Receipt*LegDetail.TransportationRate),2),
                                  ROUND(SUM(LegDetail.Receipt*LegDetail.GatheringRate),2)
                                 FROM
25
                                            LegDetail
                                 WHERE
                                            LegDetail.PurchasePointTID IN (SELECT DISTINCT TID FROM GasInv, Package,
            K WHERE GasInv.PKG=Package.PKG AND k.kid = Package.KID AND GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
            GasInv.DBCR=0 AND GasInv.PriceType=1 and Package.KProductID = @KProductIDx and Package.KServiceID =
30
            @KServiceIDx AND K.EntityCID = @EntityCIDx) AND
                                            LegDetail.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                            LegDetail.GasDay>=@GasMonthx AND
                                            LegDetail.GasDay<=@zLastDay AND
                                            LegDetail.NomOrActuals=@WhichPricex AND
35
                                            LegDetail.SalesPKG=0
                                 GROUP BY
                                            LegDetail.PurchasePKG,
                                            LegDetail.LID.
                                            LegDetail.RecMID,
40
                                            LegDetail.DelMID
            SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN, running query to create transportation legs...'
            EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
            SELECT @zPrevSalePKG=0
            SELECT @zPrevSaleMiD=0
45
            SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN, opening cursor (LegDetailChaseCursor)...'
            EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
            OPEN LegDetailChaseCursor
            SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN, finished opening cursor (LegDetailChaseCursor)...'
            EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
50
            FETCH NEXT FROM LegDetailChaseCursor INTO
            @qPurchasePKG,@qLID,@qRecMID,@qDelMID,@qReceipt,@qDelivered,@qFuelOrOther,
                                                                                      @qTransport,@qGathering
            WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                      BEGIN
55
                                 * Determine the classification of the
                                  purchase deal attached to this transort
                                  volume right here...
60
                                 IF (@qPurchasePKG<>@zPrevSalePKG) OR (@QLID<>@zPrevSaleMID)
                                           BEGIN
                                                      SELECT @zPrevSalePKG=@qPurchasePKG
65
                                                      SELECT @zPrevSaleMID=@gLID
                                 EXECUTE usp_fGetWaspindicator @qPurchasePKG,@zincludeinWasp OUTPUT
                                 IF @zinciudeInWasp='Common'
                                           BEGIN
70
                                                      SELECT @zDedicatedPurchasePKG=0
```



5 ·	DedicatedPurchasePKG=@zDedicatedPurchasePKG AND ResolvedType=@zType AND LID=@qLID AND
	EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND KProductID=@KProductIDx AND KServiceID=@KServiceIDx
10	END
	FETCH NEXT FROM LegDetailChaseCursor INTO @qPurchasePKG,@qLID,@qRecMID,@qDelMID,@qReceipt,@qDelivered,@qFuelOrOther,
15	@qTransport,@qGathering END CLOSE LegDetailChaseCursor DEALLOCATE LegDetailChaseCursor
20	SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPCalcSalesN Has Finished' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage END
25	
30	
35	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
40	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceWASPClearMonth(@GasMonthx DATETIME 1
45	AS BEGIN SET NOCOUNT ON /*
50	Name: usp_PSPriceWaspClearMonth
	Description: This routine will represents the common 'clean up' routine that will purge anything on the database that can be purged.
55	The tables cleared include the following:
	GasInvD (zero volume days for EstAct, Nom, PipelineActuals) LegDetail (zero volume routing entries)
60	Inpuţs:
	GasMonthx (gas month to calculate),
65	History:
	06/30/1999 JAMIE Original creation
70	08/04/1999 JAMIE Modifications to not delete the entries in the WASPPurchaseMeterTotals table. This is becuase this table contains the information necessary to calculate the margins on a deal. All other

```
10/12/1999 JAMIE Modifications to procedure to go out and delete any
           daily gas inventory entries that contain no data. Again, since this procedure
 5
           is only executed when the gas month gets marked as completed there
           should be no repurcussions except fewer database records to administer.
           Anything of historical relevance will be retained (ie., if any volume whatsoever).
           03/30/2000 JAMIE Modifications made in the procedure to remove the zero entry
10
           routing records from the database (prior deletion of the daily gas inventory
           items should have deleted all of these (based on triggers). However,
           this is for any/all other residuals.
           08/25/2000 JAMIE Modified in order to remove obsolete cleanup tables
15
           such as old routing tables/etc.
           DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254)
20
           DECLARE @zLastDay DATETIME
           DECLARE @wTID INTEGER
           DECLARE @wGasDay DATETIME
25
           DECLARE @gLDID INTEGER
           SELECT @zMessage = '**** STARTED, PSPriceWASPClearMonth'
           EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
           EXECUTE usp_fLastDay @GasMonthx,@zLastDay OUTPUT
30
           * Remove daily inventory items that
            * are now zero...
35
           DECLARE GasInvDCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
                      SELECT
                                Gasinv.TID.
                                GasinvD.GasDay
40
                                FROM
                                           GasInvD
                                WHERE
                                           GasinvD.TID = Gasinv.TID AND
45
                                           GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                           GasinvD.EstAct = 0 AND
                                           GasinvD.Nom = 0 AND
                                           GasInvD.PipelineActuals = 0
                                ORDER BY
50
                                           Gasinv.TID,
                                           GasinvD.GasDay
           SELECT @zMessage = ' PSPriceWASPClearMonth, Started removing ZEROd out Inventory Items...'
           EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
           OPEN GasInvDCursor
55
           FETCH NEXT FROM GasinvDCursor INTO @wTID, @wGasDay
           WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                      BEGIN
                                BEGIN TRANSACTION
                                DELETE FROM GasinvD WHERE TID=@wTID AND GasDay=@wGasDay
60
                                FETCH NEXT FROM GasinvDCursor iNTO @wTID, @wGasDay
                      END
           CLOSE GasInvDCursor
           DEALLOCATE GasInvDCursor
           SELECT @zMessage = ' PSPriceWASPClearMonth, Finished removing ZEROd out Inventory Items...'
65
           EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
           * Remove any routing items that had
70
           * no entries within them.
```

supporting table entries will be deleted.

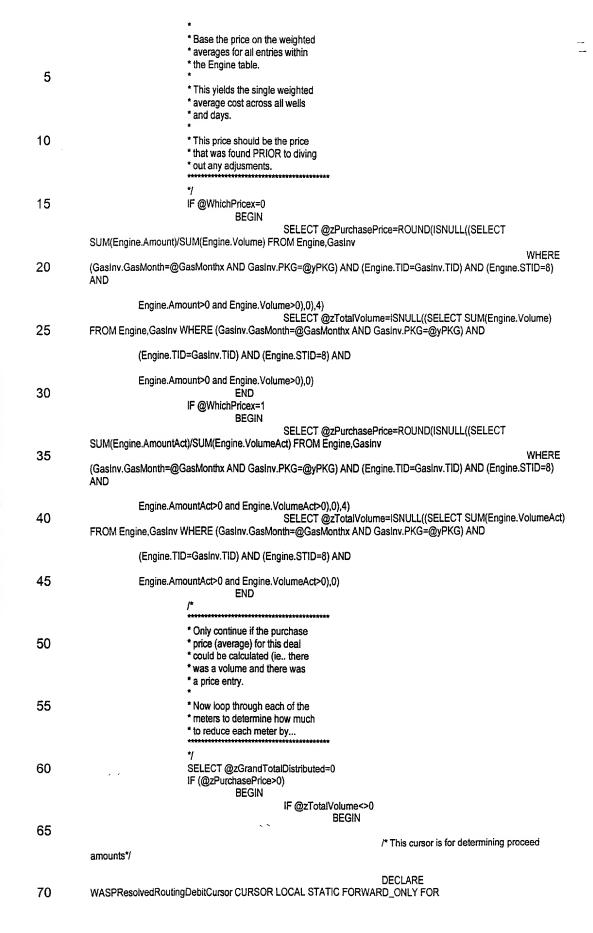
	*/ DECLARE LegDetailCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR SELECT
5	LDID FROM
	LegDetail WHERE
10	GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND Receipt=0 AND Delivered=0 AND Balance=0 AND FuelOrOther=0
	ORDER BY
15	PurchasePointTID SELECT @zMessage = ' PSPriceWASPClearMonth, Started removing ZEROd out Routing (LegDetail) Items EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage OPEN LegDetailCursor FETCH NEXT FROM LegDetailCursor INTO @qLDID
20	WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN
25	BEGIN TRANSACTION DELETE FROM LegDetail WHERE LDID=@qLDID COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM LegDetailCursor INTO @qLDID
25	END CLOSE LegDetailCursor DEALLOCATE LegDetailCursor
30	SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPClearMonth, Started removing ZEROd out Routing (LegDetail) Items EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage SELECT @zMessage = '***** FINISHED, PSPriceWASPClearMonth' EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage END
35	
40	GO SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
45	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceedsN(@GasMonthx DATETIME, @WhichPricex INTEGER, @EntityCIDx VARCHAR(12)
50	AS BEGIN /*
55	Name: usp_PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceeds Description:
	This procedure will get executed during the WASP calculation in order to credit the financial proceeds (gain or loss) from one deal to another.
60	These proceed designations are setup on the package table (FinancialPKG and FinancialMID field contains either a deal id or a common wasp meter pool point that is to receive the proceeds). These fields are mutually exclusive on the deal table.
65	The default for all deals is the deal itself (for owning the proceeds). Only if the FinancialPKG or FinancialMID field has been entered will it be distributed elsewhere. The distribution amount (if any) will be posted
70	on the from deal record (either in the FinancialNomAmount or FinancialActAmount field, dependant on which price is calculating).

```
10/12/1999 JAMIE Modifications to procedure to go out and delete any
            daily gas inventory entries that contain no data. Again, since this procedure
  5
            is only executed when the gas month gets marked as completed there
            should be no repurcussions except fewer database records to administer.
            Anything of historical relevance will be retained (ie.. if any volume whatsoever).
            03/30/2000 JAMIE Modifications made in the procedure to remove the zero entry
10
            routing records from the database (prior deletion of the daily gas inventory
            items should have deleted all of these (based on triggers). However,
            this is for any/all other residuals.
            08/25/2000 JAMIE Modified in order to remove obsolete cleanup tables
15
            such as old routing tables/etc.
            DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254)
20
            DECLARE @zLastDay DATETIME
            DECLARE @wTID INTEGER
            DECLARE @wGasDay DATETIME
25
            DECLARE @gLDID INTEGER
            SELECT @zMessage = '**** STARTED, PSPriceWASPClearMonth'
            EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
            EXECUTE usp_fLastDay @GasMonthx,@zLastDay OUTPUT
30
            * Remove daily inventory items that
            * are now zero...
35
            DECLARE GasinvDCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR
                      SELECT
                                 Gasiny.TID.
                                 GasinvD.GasDay
40
                                 FROM
                                           GasinvD
                                WHERE
                                           GasinvD.TID = Gasinv.TID AND
45
                                           GasInv.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND
                                           GasInvD.EstAct = 0 AND
                                           GasInvD.Nom = 0 AND
                                           GasInvD.PipelineActuals = 0
                                ORDER BY
50
                                           Gasinv.TID,
                                           GasinvD.GasDay
           SELECT @zMessage = ' PSPriceWASPClearMonth, Started removing ZEROd out Inventory Items...'
           EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
           OPEN GasinvDCursor
55
           FETCH NEXT FROM GasInvDCursor iNTO @wTiD, @wGasDay
           WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                      BEGIN
                                 BEGIN TRANSACTION
                                DELETE FROM GasInvD WHERE TID=@wTID AND GasDay=@wGasDay
60
                                FETCH NEXT FROM GasinvDCursor iNTO @wTiD, @wGasDay
                      END
           CLOSE GasInvDCursor
           DEALLOCATE GasinvDCursor
           SELECT @zMessage = ' PSPriceWASPClearMonth, Finished removing ZEROd out Inventory Items...'
65
           EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
           * Remove any routing items that had
           * no entries within them.
70
```

supporting table entries will be deleted.

This procedure works for 3rd party deals only (deal classification rule is equal to 'None'). The reason for this is because these are the only types of deals where we know the actual margin ('Common' (Wasp) 5 and sanctioned sales (Dedicated) are netback calculated deals. For all FinancialPKG/MID entries this procedure will: 1. Calculate the margin (purchase price and purchase meter price). 10 2. Reduce the purchase meter amounts by the amount calculated. 3. Post the dollar amount to the proceed purchase meter(s) based on their respective volume weightings to the deal. Inputs: 15 GasMonthx - Gas Month WhichPricex - 0=Nominations, 1=Actuals EntityCIDx - owning company/entity 20 History: 07/27/1999 JAMIE Original Creation. 10/13/1999 JAMIE Modified to cast the distribution amounts to decimal(18,4). 25 This is because of bug receiving correct amount to distrubute when dividing two integers. 03/30/2000 JAMIE Modified the program to not use the 'PackageLinks' table but to use the FinancialPKG field stored on the deal table. This 30 was done as part of the integration with linking and the new route process. 05/24/2000 JAMIE Modified to include the owning company/entity. 35 07/28/2000 JAMIE Modified in order to post the updates of what is being distributed back to the Package table (for the 'from' deal) and then post the amounts to the WASP Purchase Meter table (for deals) or WASP Legs for meters. This change was done in order to facilitate the reordering of the calculations. 40 08/07/2000 JAMIE Modified so that even if diving to a specific deal IF that deal is a wasp deal then all deals that share the same original purchase point meters as the deal being divied to (in the 'Common' pool) will share in the divie. 45 08/18/2000 JAMIE Modified so that if diving to a specific deal then the amount will go to the WASPResolvedRouting table versus the obsolete WASPPurchaseMeterTable. 50 */ /* * Declare all variables and cursors 55 * that are needed by this process. DECLARE @zMessage VARCHAR(254) DECLARE @zLastDay DATETIME 60 DECLARE @zPurchasePrice DECIMAL(19,6) DECLARE @zincludeInWasp VARCHAR(10) DECLARE @zTotalVolume INTEGER
DECLARE @zGrandTotalDistributed DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zTempVolPercent DECIMAL(19,4) DECLARE @zAmountToDistribute DECIMAL(19,2) 65 DECLARE @zMarginPrice DECIMAL(18,4) DECLARE @zMarginAmt DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @zFoundDedicated VARCHAR(1) DECLARE @zSumofFBOPKGCreditMeters INTEGER 70 DECLARE @zAmountToCredit DECIMAL(19,2)

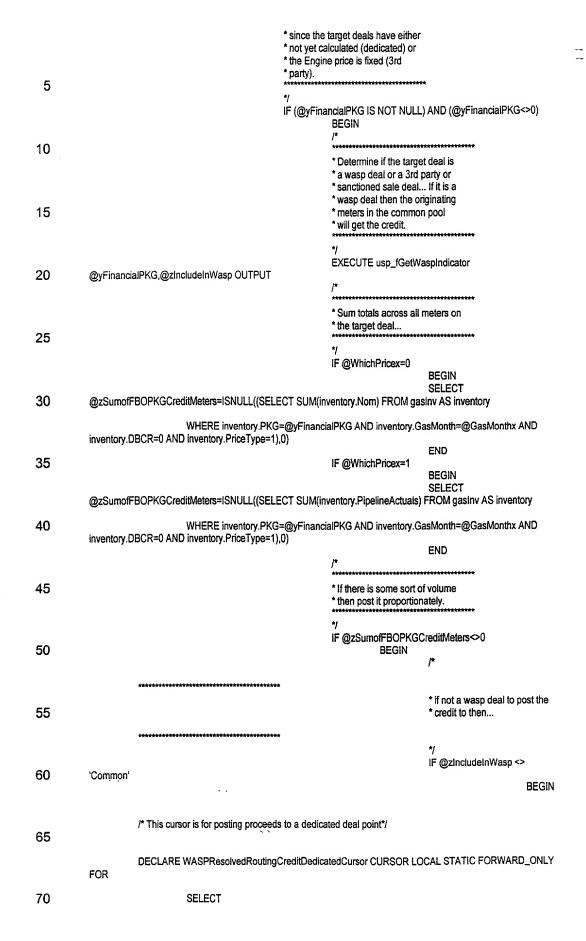
DECLARE @zSumofFBOPKGMeters INTEGER **DECLARE @yPKG INTEGER** DECLARE @yFinancialPKG INTEGER 5 DECLARE @yKProductID INTEGER DECLARE @yKServiceID INTEGER DECLARE @yFinancialMID INTEGER DECLARE @vWASPReceipt DECIMAL(19.2) 10 DECLARE @yWASPAmount DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yWASPPrice DECIMAL(19,6) DECLARE @yWASPResolvedID INTEGER DECLARE @yWASPCreditReceipt DECIMAL(19,2) 15 DECLARE @yWASPCreditAmount DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yWASPCreditPrice DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @yWASPCreditResolvedID INTEGER DECLARE @qDelivered DECIMAL(19,2) 20 DECLARE @qAmount DECIMAL(19,2) DECLARE @qPrice DECIMAL(19,6) DECLARE @qResolvedID INTEGER SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceedsN, ***STARTED*** 25 EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage EXECUTE usp_fLastDay @GasMonthx,@zLastDay OUTPUT * At this point we want to loop 30 * through all of the packages * (deals) on the system that had * requested that the proceeds * be divied to other deals. 35 DECLARE ProceedsCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR **SELECT** PKG. 40 FinancialPKG, KProductID. KServiceID, FinanciaiMID FROM 45 Package, WHERE (K.KID=Package.KID) AND (K.EntityCID=@EntityCIDx) AND 50 (StartDate BETWEEN @GasMonthx AND @zLastDay) AND (((FinancialPKG IS NOT NULL) AND (FinancialPKG<>0)) OR ((FinanciaiMID IS NOT NULL) AND (FinancialMID<>0))) ORDER BY **PKG** 55 **OPEN ProceedsCursor** FETCH NEXT FROM ProceedsCursor INTO @yPKG,@yFinancialPKG,@yKProductID,@yKServiceID,@yFinancialMID WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0 BEGIN 60 **BEGIN TRANSACTION** SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceedsN, Proceeds divied from deal...' + CAST(@yPKG as VARCHAR(12)) EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage 65 * Get the agreed upon purchase * price from the engine for the * 'from' purchase deal. The total * volume across all days is also 70 * obtained here (for all meters).

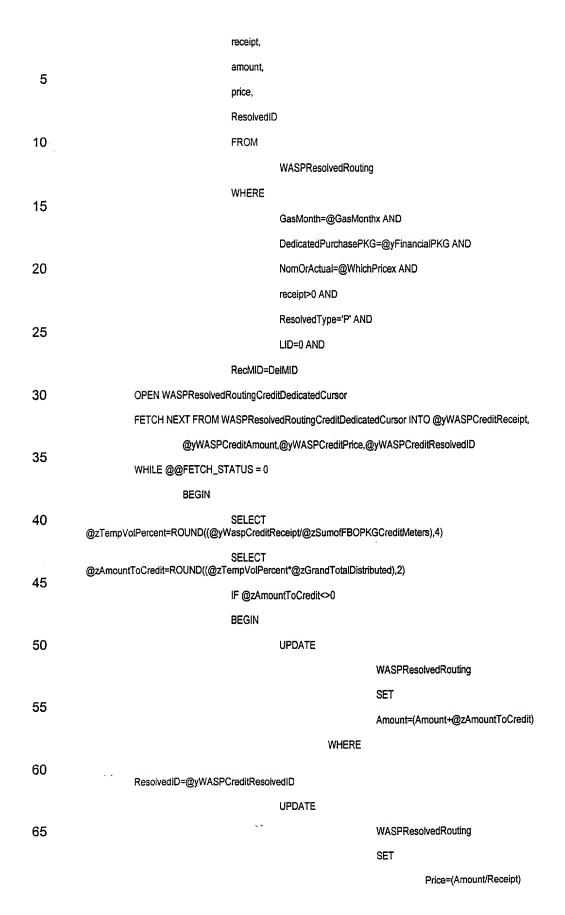


5		SELECT	receipt, amount, price, ResolvedID FROM
40	WASPResolvedRouting		WHERE
10	GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND		
	DedicatedPurchasePKG=@yPKG AND		
15	NomOrActual=@WhichPricex AND		
	EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND		
20	KProductiD=@yKProductiD AND		
	KServiceID=@yKServiceID AND		
	ResolvedType='P' AND		LID-0
25	AND		LID=0
	RecMID=DelMID	CDD	Davidia-DahitOvena
30	FETCH NEXT FROM INTO @yWASPReceipt,@yWASPAmount,	WASPResolved	RoutingDebitCursor redRoutingDebitCursor
50	@yWASPPrice,@yWASPResolvedID		
		@FETCH_S' BEGIN	TATUS = 0
35	@zMarginPrice=ROUND((@yWASPPrice-@zPurchasePrice),4)	SELECT	
	@zMarginAmt=ROUND((@zMarginPrice*@zTotalVolume),2)	SELECT	
40	~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	IF @yWas	pReceipt>0 BEGIN
	SELECT @zTempVolPercent=ROUND((@yWaspReceipt/@zTotalVolur	me),4)	
	SELECT @zAmountToDistribute=ROUND((@zTempVolPercent*@zMa		
45	SELECT @zGrandTotalDistributed=@zGrandTotalDistributed+@zAmor		te
	UPDATE		
50	WASPResolvedRouting		
	SET		
55	Amount=Amount+(@zAmountToDistribute*-1)		
	WHERE		
	ResolvedID=@yWASPResolvedID		
60	, , UPDATE		
	WASPResolvedRouting		
65	SET		
	Price=(Amount/Receipt)		
	WHERE		
70	ResolvedID=@yWASPResolvedID AND		

Amount<>0 5 **END** FETCH NEXT FROM WASPResolvedRoutingDebitCursor INTO @yWASPReceipt,@yWASPAmount, @yWASPPrice,@yWASPResolvedID 10 END CLOSE WASPResolvedRoutingDebitCursor DEALLOCATE WASPResolvedRoutingDebitCursor **END** 15 **END** * At this point, if there has been any * proceeds distributed from the 20 * purchase deal then go and distribute * the amount back to the deal where * that is receiving credit. This is * based on the volume weighting * distribution at the target 'to' meter. 25 * The field zGrandTotalDistributed contains * the total dollar amount to be credited * the the meters (based on volume * weighting. 30 IF @zGrandTotalDistributed<>0 **BEGIN** 35 * Post the 'from' deal with the * appropriate distributed amount. * This is the total amount across * the entire deal and is stored on 40 * the deal record to provide an * audit of how much was diverted. IF @WhichPricex=0 45 **BEGIN UPDATE** Package SET 50 FinancialNomAmount=@zGrandTotalDistributed WHERE PKG=@yPKG **END** IF @WhichPricex=1 55 **BEGIN UPDATE** Package SET 60 FinancialActAmount=@zGrandTotalDistributed WHERE PKG=@yPKG **END** 65 * If diving to another deal then * perform this.... Adjustments are * made to the WASPResolvedRouting * table. There is no need to post * adjustments to the Engine table 70

Receipt<>0 AND





WHERE

5	ResolvedID=@yWA	SPCreditReso	lvediD AND	
				Amount<>0 AND
40				Receipt<>0
10		END		
	C. MA ODC HitDoories	FETCH N	EXT FROM WASPResolvedRouting(CreditDedicatedCursor INTO
15	@yWASPCreditReceipt,	•		
	@yWASPCreditAmo	ount,@yWASP	CreditPrice,@yWASPCreditResolved	ID
20	END			
20	CLOSE WASPReso	lvedRoutingCr	reditDedicatedCursor	
	DEALLOCATE WAS	SPResolvedRo	utingCreditDedicatedCursor	SUD
25				/ *
	*****	******	**	* if was a deal to at the
30				* if wasp deal to post the * credit to then
30	*******	********	**	*/
				/ IF @zincludelnWasp≕'Common' BEGIN
35				BEGIN
	/* This cursor is for p	osting proceed	ds to a common meter purchase point	*/
40	DECLARE WASPRe	esolvedRouting	CreditWASPCursor CURSOR LOCA	L STATIC FORWARD ONLY FOR
	SELECT			
		wp.receipt		
45		wp.amoun		
		wp.price,		
50		wp.Resolv	edID	
		FROM		
			WASPResolvedRouting AS wp,	
55			Gasinv AS g	
		WHERE		
60			g.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND	
			g.PKG=@yFinancialPKG AND	
65		2.3	g.GasInv_MID=wp.RecMID AND	
65			wp.GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND	
			wp.DedicatedPurchasePKG=0 AND)
70			wp.IncludeInWasp='Common' AND	

	wp.Non	nOrActual=@V	VhichPricex AND
5	wp.rece	ipt>0 AND	
	wp.Enti	tyCID=@Entity	CIDx AND
	wp.KPr	oductID=@yKf	ProductID AND
10	wp.KSe	rviceID=@yKS	ServiceID AND
	wp.Res	olvedType='P'	AND
15	wp.LID=	=0 AND	
15	wp.Rec	MID=DelMID	
	OPEN WASPResolvedRoutingCreditWASPC	Cursor	
20	FETCH NEXT FROM WASPResolvedRoutin	gCreditWASP	Cursor INTO @yWASPCreditReceipt,
	@yWASPCreditAmo	ount,@yWASP	CreditPrice,@yWASPCreditResolvedID
05	WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0		
25	BEGIN		
30	SELECT @zTempVolPercent=ROUND((@yWaspCreditReceipt/@	zSumofFBOP	KGCreditMeters),4)
00	SELECT @zAmountToCredit=ROUND((@zTempVoiPercent*@zG	randTotalDistr	ibuted),2)
35	IF @zAmountToCre	dit<>0	
•	BEGIN		
	UPDAT	E	
40			WASPResolvedRouting
			SET
45			Amount=(Amount+@zAmountToCredit)
10		WHERE	
	ResolvedID=@yWASPCreditResolvedID		
50	UPDAT	Ē	
	5.50	_	WASPResolvedRouting
55			SET
00			Price=(Amount/Receipt)
		WHERE	, no (mount to sorpy
60		*******	
	ResolvedID=@yWASPCreditResolvedID ANI	D	
65			Amount<>0 AND
00			Receipt<>0
	END		

70

FROM

FETCH NEXT FROM WASPResolvedRoutingCreditWASPCursor INTO @yWASPCreditReceipt, 5 @yWASPCreditAmount,@yWASPCreditPrice,@yWASPCreditResolved!D 10 CLOSE WASPResolvedRoutingCreditWASPCursor DEALLOCATE WASPResolvedRoutingCreditWASPCursor **END** END 15 **END** * If diving to the WASP pool then * the total distributed is posted 20 * proportionately on each leg that * contains this meter in the * 'Common' pool. 25 IF (@yFinancialMID IS NOT NULL) AND (@yFinancialMID<>0) BEGIN * Sum totals across all legs that 30 * have the same meter in the * 'Common' pool for the month. **SELECT** 35 @zSumofFBOPKGCreditMeters=ISNULL((SELECT SUM(Delivered) FROM WaspResolvedRouting WHERE GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND LID<>0 AND NomOrActual=@WhichPricex AND IncludeInWasp='Common' AND 40 EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND KProductID=@yKProductID AND KServiceID=@yKServiceID AND DelMID=@yFinancialMID),0) 45 * If there is some sort of volume * then post it proportionately to * each of the legs in the WASP * resolved routing table. 50 IF @zSumofFBOPKGCreditMeters<>0 **BEGIN** 55 /* This cursor is for posting proceeds to a wasp pool (non entry point)*/ **DECLARE** WASPResolvedRoutingCreditCursor CURSOR LOCAL STATIC FORWARD_ONLY FOR 60 **SELECT** delivered, amount, 65 price, ResolvedID

	WASPResolvedRouting	
_	WHERE	
5	GasMonth=@GasMonthx AND	
	NomOrActual=@WhichPricex AND	
10	EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND	
	KProductiD=@yKProductiD AND	
15	KServiceID=@yKServiceID AND	
	DelMID=@yFinancialMID AND	
	LID<>0 AND	
20	IncludeInWasp='Common' AND	
	delivered>0	
0.5	WASPResolvedRoutingCreditCursor OPEN	FETOLENEVT FROM
25	$WASPR esolved Routing Credit Cursor\ INTO\ @qDelivered, @qAmount, @qPrice, @qResolved IDAM (Application of the control of th$	FETCH NEXT FROM
	@@FETCH_STATUS = 0	WHILE
30		BEGIN
	/*	
25		
35	* Determine the percent to post	
	* here	
40	*/	
		store) (1)
45	SELECT @zTempVolPercent=ROUND((@qDelivered/@zSumofFBOPKGCreditMe SELECT @zAmountToCredit=ROUND((@zTempVolPercent*@zGrandTotalDistribution)	
40	IF @zAmountToCredit ⇔0	uteuj,zj
	BEGIN	
50	UPDATE	
	WASPResolvedRouting	
55	SET	
	Amount=(Amount+@zAmountTo	Credit)
	WHERE	<i>Noully</i>
60	ResolvedID=@qResolvedID	
	END	
65	FETCH NEXT FROM WASPResolvedRoutingCreditCursor INTO @qDelivered,@q	Amount,
00		
	@qPrice,@qResolvedID	END

WASPResolvedRouting

	WASPResolvedRoutingCreditCursor
_	WASPResolvedRoutingCreditCursor
5	END END
	END
	COMMIT WORK FETCH NEXT FROM ProceedsCursor INTO
10	@yPKG,@yFinanciaiPKG,@yKProductID,@yKServiceID,@yFinanciaiMID
	END CLOSE ProceedsCursor
	DEALLOCATE ProceedsCursor SELECT @zMessage = 'PSPriceWASPDivieOutProceedsN, ***FINISHED****
15	EXECUTE usp_Message @zMessage
	END
20	
25	
	GO
30	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
50	
	SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON SET ANSI_NULLS ON GO
35	CREATE PROCEDURE usp_fGetCalcIndex(
00	@TIDx INTEGER,
	@NomOrActualx INTEGER, @EntityCIDx VARCHAR(12),
40	@KProductIDx INTEGER, @KServiceIDx INTEGER,
40	, @GasMonthx DATETIME,
	@rReturnValue DECIMAL(19,6) OUTPUT)
45	AS BEGIN
40	* **********************************
	Name: usp_fGetCalcIndex
50	Description: This is the main process for finding the actual price that was
50	calculated for a WASP purchase deal. The WASPResolvedRouting table
	contains all of the prices for WASP purchases.
55	An attempt should first be made to see if the price can be resolved by reading for a 'Dedicated' wasp pool (sanctioned sales/purchases are more or less
55	dedicated). The purchase deal id must match the dedicated purchase pkg field
	on the WASPResolvedRouting.
60	If the specific package cannot be found then the purchase meter will be used
60	(ie 'Common' wasp pool).
	Inputs:
C.E.	TIDx - Unique Key to gas inventory record (Gaslnv) NomOrActualx - 0=Nominations, 1=Actualižations
65	EntityCIDx - owner
	KProductlDx - product id KServicelDx - service
70	GasMonthx - Current gas month
70	rRetumValue - OUTPUT retum value

CLOSE

DEALLOCATE

```
History:
            06/29/1999 JAMIE Modified from original creation
            (date of original creation?) to support WASP calc changes V2.20.
 5
            06/22/2000 JAMIE Modified to get wasp prices based on entity,
            product, and service.
10
            08/18/2000 JAMIE Modified to get the wasp prices off the WASPResolvedRouting
            table versus the obsolete WASPPurchaseMeterTable.
            11/07/2000 JAMIE Modifications to convert from Watcom-SQL to
            Transact-SQL.
15
            */
20
            * Declare all variables and cursors
            * that are needed by this process.
            DECLARE @ymid INTEGER
25
            DECLARE @ypkg INTEGER
            DECLARE @ygasmonth DATETIME
            DECLARE @yWorkValue DECIMAL(19,6)
            DECLARE @message VARCHAR(255)
30
            * Initialize key fields and then get
            * the meter and deal information
            * off the gas inventory table.
35
            SELECT @rReturnValue=0
            SELECT
                        @ymid=gasinv_mid,
                       @ypkg=pkg,
                       @ygasmonth=gasmonth
40
                       FROM
                                   gasinv
                       WHERE
                                   tid=@tidx
45
             * Now try and read the price off the
            * WASPResolvedRouting with
             * an assumption that it could be a
50
             * sanctioned sale deal.
55
             * If price is a dedicated purchase
             * price then get that number. Otherwise,
             * the the price from the WASP pool.
            IF ((SELECT count(*) FROM WASPResolvedRouting WHERE DedicatedPurchasePKG=@ypkg AND GasMonth=@ygasmonth AND IncludeInWasp='Dedicated'
60
             AND NomOrActual=@NomOrActualx AND RecMID=@ymid
                                              AND DelMID=@ymid AND ResolvedType='P' AND LID=0 AND
             EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND KProductID=@KProductIDx AND KServiceID=@KServiceIDx) > 0)
65
                        BEGIN
                                   SELECT @yWorkValue=Price FROM WASPResolvedRouting
                                              WHERE DedicatedPurchasePKG=@ypkg AND GasMonth=@ygasmonth AND
            IncludeInWasp='Dedicated' AND NomOrActual=@NomOrActualx AND RecMID=@ymid
AND DelMID=@ymid AND ResolvedType='P' AND LID=0 AND
             EntityCID=@EntityCIDx AND KProductID=@KProductIDx AND KServiceID=@KServiceIDx
 70
```

40

45

50

```
ELSE
                     BEGIN
                               SELECT @yWorkValue=Price FROM WASPResolvedRouting
                                         WHERE RecMID=@ymid AND DelMID=@ymid AND LID=0 AND ResolvedType='P'
 5
                                                   AND gasmonth=@ygasmonth AND IncludeInWasp='Common' AND
          NomOrActual=@NomOrActualx AND EntityCID=@EntityCIDx
                                                             AND KProductID=@KProductIDx AND
          KServiceID=@KServiceIDx
10
                     END
           * If some sort of price was found then
           * return with it ... Otherwise zeros
           * are returned (no price calculated).
15
           SELECT @message = 'WASP Price' +
                                         CAST(@yWorkValue AS VARCHAR(12)) +
20
                                          for meter id ' +
                                         CAST(@ymid AS VARCHAR(12))
           EXECUTE usp_message @message
           IF @yWorkValue IS NOT NULL
25
                     BEGIN
                               SELECT @rRetumValue=@yWorkValue
                     END
           END
30
           SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER OFF SET ANSI_NULLS ON
35
```

END

ADDITIONAL FEATURES

The present invention has been disclosed, illustrated, and described in relation to a client-server application that facilitates pricing and distribution of fuel to a customer. Although centralized data storage and manipulation is preferred in regard to the version of the system that has been provided, the inventors contemplate other applications and enhancements that certainly are within the scope of the present invention. For example, the present invention relies on data inputs and feeds from a variety of entities such as producers, transporters, etc. Although such data inputs are often entered manually into the systems provided by the present invention, such data inputs could be automatically delivered and stored within data store 106 (FIG. 2). For example, transporters controlling actual meters along a gas pipeline, for

example, could be outfitted with remote sensors and transmitters that provide shipment volume, etc. details directly to the systems provided by the present invention. Moreover, data inputs such as indexing datum used to drive pricing, etc. may be similarly obtained. And, since such data inputs can come from a variety of sources, modern communications technologies such as the Internet, wireless technologies, etc. could all be used to couple an operator of the systems and methods provided by the present invention with such sources. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited to any particular data retrieval system, topology, method, or paradigm. Those skilled in the art will be immediately able to adapt and modify the underlying data collection capabilities of the systems and methods provided by the present invention to incorporate such new and modern technologies and techniques.

Finally, it should be noted that the present invention contemplates and provides for an elaborate reporting capability as provided within the software contained on the attached compact disc. Those skilled in the art of computer programming and those familiar with fuel deal management will immediately understand that any number of report may be prepared to suit and satisfy management requirements. The database tables maintained by the present invention certainly support all types of relational type queries that such reports may require.

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Thus, having fully described the present invention by way of example with reference to the attached drawing figures, it will be readily appreciated that many changes and modifications may be made to the invention and to any of the exemplary embodiments shown and/or described herein without departing from the spirit or scope of the invention which is defined in the appended claims.